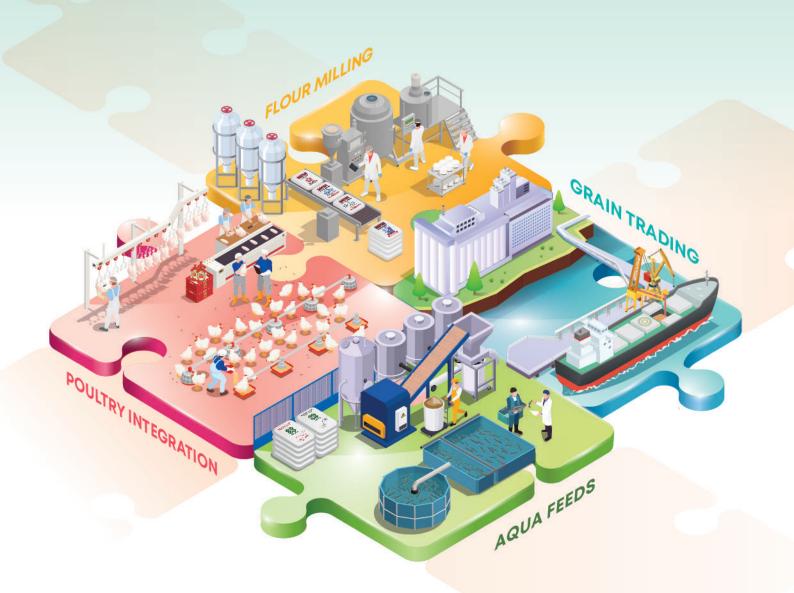
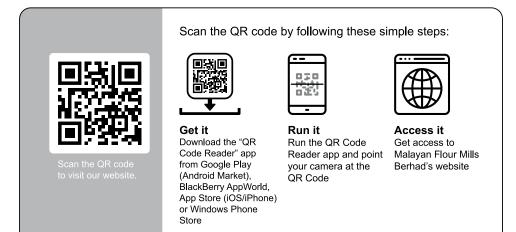


Registration No. 196101000210 (4260-M)

Connecting Our Values to Our Vision



ANNUAL REPORT 2022



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CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Datuk Oh Chong Peng (Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director)

Teh Wee Chye (Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director)

Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

Lim Pang Boon (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

Quah Poh Keat (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Prof. Datin Paduka Setia Dato' Dr Aini binti Ideris (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Dato' Maznah binti Abdul Jalil (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Azhari Arshad (Executive Director)

Audit & Risk Management Committee

Quah Poh Keat (Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director)

Datuk Oh Chong Peng (Independent Non-Executive Chairman)

Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Dato' Maznah binti Abdul Jalil (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Nomination Committee

Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain (Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director)

Datuk Oh Chong Peng (Independent Non-Executive Chairman)

Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

Prof. Datin Paduka Setia Dato' Dr Aini binti Ideris (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Remuneration Committee

Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon (Chairman, Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

Datuk Oh Chong Peng (Independent Non-Executive Chairman)

Prof. Datin Paduka Setia Dato' Dr Aini binti Ideris (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Dato' Maznah binti Abdul Jalil (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Teh Wee Chye (Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director)

Secretary

Mah Wai Mun MAICSA 7009729 SSM PC No. 202008000785

Registered Office & Head Office

Suite 28.01, Level 28, Menara Citibank 165 Jalan Ampang, 50450 Kuala Lumpur Tel. No: 03-2170 0999 Fax No: 03-2170 0888 Website: <u>www.mfm.com.my</u> Email: <u>ir@mflour.com.my</u>

Share Registrar

Boardroom Share Registrars Sdn Bhd Registration No. 199601006647 (378993-D) 11th Floor, Menara Symphony No. 5, Jalan Prof. Khoo Kay Kim Seksyen 13, 46200 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan Tel. No: 03-7890 4700 Fax No: 03-7890 4670

Factories

Jalan David Sung, Batu Undan 32200 Lumut, Perak Darul Ridzuan

Lot 133, Jalan Pukal Pasir Gudang Industrial Estate 81700 Pasir Gudang, Johor Darul Takzim

Branches

PULAU PINANG 4557, Jalan Heng Choon Thian 12000 Butterworth, Pulau Pinang

PERAK B-1-1, Kompleks Falim Laluan Falim 3, Taman Falim Indah 30200 Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan

MELAKA

81-1, Jalan MP1 Taman Merdeka Permai 75350 Batu Berendam, Melaka Darul Azim

JOHOR

Lot 133, Jalan Pukal Pasir Gudang Industrial Estate 81700 Pasir Gudang, Johor Darul Takzim

KELANTAN Lot 4045, Blok C, No. 4 Jalan 1/44 Pengkalan Chepa, Mukim Panchor Daerah Kemumin 16100 Kota Bahru, Kelantan Darul Naim

PAHANG

A1, Jalan Seri Setali 1 Taman Tunas Manja 25300 Kuantan, Pahang Darul Makmur

Principal Bankers

Alliance Bank Malaysia Berhad Registration No. 198201008390 (88103-W)

Bangkok Bank Berhad Registration No. 199401014060 (299740-W)

MUFG Bank (Malaysia) Berhad Registration No. 199401016638 (302316-U)

Coöperatieve Rabobank U.A. Singapore Branch Registration No. UEN: S86FC3634A

Hong Leong Bank Berhad Registration No. 193401000023 (97141-X)

HSBC Bank Malaysia Berhad Registration No. 198401015221 (127776-V)

Malayan Banking Berhad Registration No. 196001000142 (3813-K)

OCBC Bank (Malaysia) Berhad Registration No. 199401009721 (295400-W)

AmBank Islamic Berhad Registration No. 199401009897 (295576-U)

United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Berhad Registration No. 199301017069 (271809-K)

Stock Exchange Listing

Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Registration No. 200301033577 (635998-W) - Main Market

Sector: Consumer Products & Services

Sub Sector: Food & Beverages

Stock Name: MFLOUR

Stock Code: 3662

Solicitors

Isharidah, Ho, Chong & Menon

Auditors

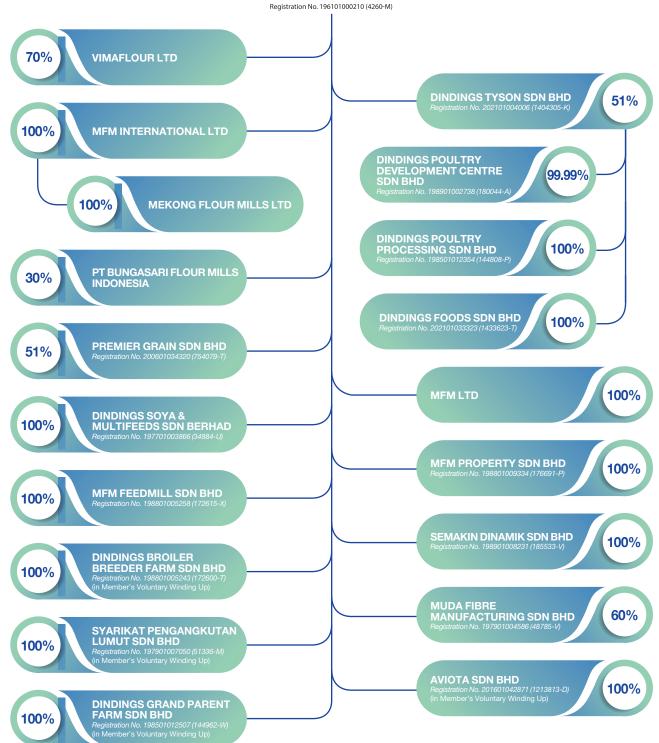
KPMG PLT

GROUP CORPORATE STRUCTURE

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Malayan Flour Mills Berhad



DIRECTORS' PROFILE



Datuk Oh Chong Peng

(Independent Non-Executive Chairman)

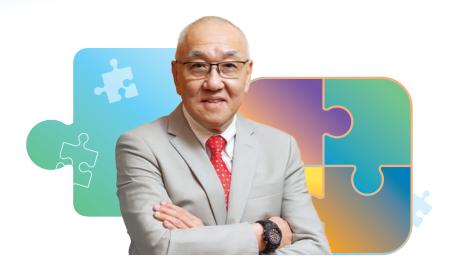
Datuk Oh Chong Peng (Male), aged 78, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of the Company on 20 August 2008 and is presently the Chairman of the Board. He is also a member of the Audit & Risk Management Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company.

He is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales ("ICAEW") as well as a member of the Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("MICPA") and the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA").

He joined Coopers & Lybrand (now known as PricewaterhouseCoopers) in London in 1969 and in Malaysia in 1971. He was a Partner of Coopers & Lybrand Malaysia from 1974 and retired as a Senior Partner of Coopers & Lybrand in 1997.

Presently, he sits on the Board of WCE Holdings Berhad, Saujana Resort (M) Berhad and PUC Berhad. He is also a trustee of the UTAR Education Foundation (2002) and a council member of University Tunku Abdul Rahman. His past appointments included being a Government appointed Member and later Chairman of the Labuan Financial Services Authority (1996-2020), Government appointed Committee Member of the Kuala Lumpur Stock Exchange (1990-1996), a Council member (1981-2002), a past President of the MICPA (1994-1996) and a board member of Malaysian Accounting Standards Board (2003-2009). He was Chairman of Land & General Berhad (1999-2007), Nanyang Press Holdings Berhad (2001-2005) and Alliance Financial Group Berhad (2006-2017) and was a board member of Rashid Hussain Berhad Group of Companies (1998-2003), Star Publications (M) Berhad (1987-2009), British American Tobacco (Malaysia) Berhad (1998-2019) and Dialog Group Berhad (2009-2020).

DIRECTORS' PROFILE (CONT'D)



Mr Teh Wee Chye

(Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director)

Mr Teh Wee Chye (Male), aged 69, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board as an Executive Director of the Company on 19 June 1989 and is presently the Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director of the Company. He is also a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Company.

He holds a Bachelor of Science Degree in Naval Architect and Marine Engineering and a Master's Degree in Ship Building and Shipping Management from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, USA. In the summer of 1974, he received his training at the American Bureau of Shipping Research & Development Department, New York. Upon graduation in 1975 he was employed as an Engineer with Eastern Steamship (S) Pte Ltd, Singapore. He joined Malayan Flour Mills Berhad in 1976 as the Deputy Mill Manager and was promoted as the Plant Manager in 1978. He was appointed as the Project Manager in 1979 in charge of the Company's entire expansion plans. He is also a director of Seu Teck Sean Tong Charitable Organisation Berhad. He is a major shareholder of the Company.

He has attended all the 6 Board meetings held during the financial year. He is deemed interested in various related party transactions with the Group.



Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain

(Independent Non-Executive Director)

Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain (Male), aged 73, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of the Company on 1 September 2009 and is presently the Chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Audit & Risk Management Committee of the Company.

He holds a Bachelor of Arts (Hons-International Relations) Degree from University of Malaya. He has a distinguished career in the Malaysian Civil Service. His past appointments include being appointed to the Administrative and Diplomatic Service of Malaysia as Assistant Secretary at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs (1973), Second Secretary of the Embassy of Malaysia in Jakarta, Indonesia (1974-1977), Assistant Secretary of Ministry of Foreign Affairs (1977-1979), Charge d'Affaires of the Embassy of Malaysia in Tehran, Iran (1979-1982), Principal Assistant Secretary of Ministry of Foreign Affairs (1982-1983), Charge d'Affaires of Embassy of Malaysia in Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates (1983-1986), Consul General of the Consulate General Malaysia in Jeddah (1986-1989), Under Secretary (West Asia, Africa & OIC) of Ministry of Foreign Affairs (1989-1991), Consul General of the Consulate General Malaysia in Vancouver, Canada (1991-1995), Ambassador of Malaysia to Brazil (1995-1998), Ambassador of Malaysia to Vietnam (1998-2001), Under Secretary (South East Asia & Pacific) of Ministry of Foreign Affairs (2001-2003), Malaysia's First Director General [Southeast Asia Regional Centre for Counter Terrorism (SEARCCT)], Ministry of Foreign Affairs (2003-2005), Ambassador of Malaysia to the Republic of Indonesia (2005-2009), Malaysia's First ASEAN Permanent Representative ad-interim Republic of Indonesia (March 2005-July 2009) and Special Envoy of the Prime Minister of Malaysia to The Islamic Republic of Afghanistan (2010-2014).

His past appointments included being an Independent Non-Executive Chairman of CIMB Bank (Vietnam) Ltd and CIMB Bank PLC in Cambodia. He is not a director of any other public company and listed issuer.

In May 2022, he was appointed as Chief Judge by the Junior Chambers International ("JCI"), an international organisation, to preside with 4 other judges to select the 10 most talented young Malaysians for year 2022 to compete internationally to win awards.

DIRECTORS' PROFILE (CONT'D)



Mr Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon

(Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

Mr Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon (Male), aged 64, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of the Company on 24 May 2011. He is presently the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee of the Company.

He is a barrister-at-law (Lincoln's Inn, London) having graduated with LLB (Hons) from University of Manchester. He was admitted to the English Bar in 1983 and being bestowed the qualification as a Barrister. Upon completion of the term of pupillage, he was called to the Malaysian Bar and was admitted as an Advocate and Solicitor of the High Court of Malaya on 18 June 1984.

Since his admission to the Malaysian Bar, he has been in private practice and is a Senior Partner in the firm of Isharidah, Ho, Chong & Menon and is actively involved in the area of litigation. He has been in active practice for more than 30 years. He is not a director of any other public company and listed issuer.

He has attended all the 6 Board meetings held during the financial year. He has no family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company. He has no conflict of interest with the Company.



Mr Azhari Arshad (Executive Director)

Mr Azhari Arshad (Male), aged 61, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board as a Non-Executive Director on 16 August 2012 and is presently the Executive Director, Business Development and Government Liaison of the Company.

He holds a Bachelor of Science Degree in Economics from University of Buckingham (UK). He has more than 20 years' experience in business development and marketing. In 1988, he joined Shell Malaysia Trading as a Senior Marketing Executive. Thereafter, he joined Pennzoil Malaysia as a Marketing Country Manager in 1993. In 1996, he was with Conoco Philips Malaysia as a Marketing Director in Malaysia. From 2002 until 2006, he was the Business Development and Marketing Strategy Consultant for Petronas downstream sector companies i.e. Petronas Dagangan Berhad and Petronas Holdings respectively. Subsequently, he was the Business Strategy, Marketing & Project Development Consultant for South-East Asia in US Management & Marketing Consultancy. He is not a director of any other public company and listed issuer.



Mr Quah Poh Keat

(Independent Non-Executive Director)

Mr Quah Poh Keat (Male), aged 70, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of the Company on 25 May 2017 and is presently the Chairman of the Audit & Risk Management Committee of the Company.

He is a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA"), Fellow of the Malaysian Institute of Taxation ("MIT"), member of the Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("MICPA"), member of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants ("CIMA") and a Fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants ("FCCA").

He was a partner of KPMG Malaysia since 1 October 1982 and was the Senior Partner of the firm from 1 October 2000 until 30 September 2007. Prior to taking up the position of Senior Partner, he was in charge of the Tax Practice and the Japanese Practice in KPMG Malaysia. He was also a member of the KPMG Japanese Practice Council which is the governing body within KPMG International which looks after the Japanese Practices in the KPMG world. He was also a member of KPMG Asia Pacific Board and a member of KPMG International Council. He retired from KPMG Malaysia on 31 December 2007. He had served as an Independent Non-Executive Director of Public Bank Berhad Group from 30 July 2008 to 1 October 2013 until his appointment as the Deputy Chief Executive Officer of Public Bank Berhad from 1 October 2013 until 31 December 2015. Prior to that, he was an Independent Non-Executive Director of IOI Properties Berhad, PLUS Expressways Berhad, IOI Corporation Berhad and Telekom Malaysia Berhad.

Presently, he sits on the Board of Public Mutual Berhad, LPI Capital Berhad, Lonpac Insurance Berhad, Kuala Lumpur Kepong Berhad and Paramount Corporation Berhad.

DIRECTORS' PROFILE (CONT'D)



Mr Lim Pang Boon

(Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

Mr Lim Pang Boon (Male), aged 67, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board as an Executive Director of the Company on 1 January 2018 and was redesignated as a Non-Executive Director on 1 September 2022.

He holds a Bachelor of Science Degree in Electrical Engineering from University of Arkansas, USA. He was a Project/Site Engineer of Tenaga Ewbank Consulting Engineers prior to joining the Company as an Electrical Engineer at its Lumut Plant from 1990 to 1992 and was promoted to Plant Manager of MFM Feedmill Sdn Bhd in Pasir Gudang from 1993 to 2000.

He was the Project Manager for the setting up of Vimaflour Ltd in Vietnam from 1996 to 1998. Subsequently, he was appointed as the General Director and Authorised Representative of the Members' Council of Vimaflour Ltd in 2002. He retired as the General Director on 31 August 2019. He was also appointed as the Deputy General Director and Authorised Representative of the Member's Council of Mekong Flour Mills Ltd in 2000 and 2006 respectively. He was later promoted as the General Director in 2008. He retired as the General Director on 30 April 2022. He is not a director of any other public company and listed issuer.



Prof. Datin Paduka Setia Dato' Dr Aini binti Ideris

(Independent Non-Executive Director)

Prof. Datin Paduka Setia Dato' Dr Aini binti Ideris (Female), aged 70, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of the Company on 25 May 2017 and is presently a member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committees of the Company.

She holds a Doctor of Veterinary Medicine ("DVM"), 1979 from Universiti Pertanian Malaysia ("UPM"), currently, Universiti Putra Malaysia, Masters of Veterinary Science ("MVSc"), 1981 from University of Liverpool, England, Doctor of Philosophy ("PhD") (Avian Medicine), 1989 from UPM. She attended Postdoctoral trainings at University of California Davis, USA (1990-1992) and at Cornell University, USA in 1993.

She is a Council Member of Malaysian College of Veterinary Specialists ("MCVS"); Council Member of Academy of Sciences Malaysia, member of the Board of Governors of International Medical University ("IMU") and International Medical College ("IMC"); and Executive Member of National Cancer Council ("MAKNA"). She was a Board Member of Yayasan Putra Business School, UPM Education & Training Sdn Bhd, and the Founding Chairman of the Board of Directors, UPM Holdings Sdn Bhd.

Her research interest is in avian respiratory and immunosuppressive diseases, especially in the development of conventional and genetically engineered vaccines. In 2011, she received the National Academic Award ("AAN") 2010 for the Innovation and Product Commercialisation Award Category. Her research group also won the Innovation Award in Public and Private Sector Research (2008) in which she was the coresearcher. She also won several other National and International awards. She was the Coordinator for the National Centre of Excellence for Swiftlets, under the Ministry of Agriculture and Agro-based Industry ("MOA") and Vice President of the World Veterinary Poultry Association ("WVPA", World body). Currently, she is the President of WVPA, Malaysia for the second time. She has extensive administrative experience other than in the field of teaching and learning. She was the Acting Head of the Department of Veterinary Clinical Studies, Chairman of the University Veterinary Teaching Hospital, Deputy Dean of the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Dean of the Graduate School and Chairman of the Deans of Graduate Studies, Public Institutions of Higher Learning Council, Malaysia.

She was the Deputy Vice-Chancellor (Academic and International) of UPM from December 2008 to 2013 and was Chairman of Deputy Vice-Chancellors' Committee/Rector (Academic and International) during that period. In October 2014, she was appointed as the first Director of Corporate Strategy & Communications Office (CoSComm), UPM until her appointment as the 8th Vice-Chancellor of UPM on 1 January 2016 to 30 June 2020. She retired from UPM on 1 January 2021.

Presently, she sits on the Board of QL Resources Berhad and is the Pro-Chancellor of IMU.

DIRECTORS' PROFILE (CONT'D)



Dato' Maznah binti Abdul Jalil

(Independent Non-Executive Director)

Dato' Maznah binti Abdul Jalil (Female), aged 69, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board as an Independent Non-Executive Director on 10 December 2019 and is presently a member of the Audit & Risk Management and Remuneration Committees of the Company.

She holds a Bachelor of Science Degree in Business Administration (Finance) from Northern Illinois University and a Master's Degree in Business Administration (Finance) from Central Michigan University, USA.

She was an Executive Director in Master-Carriage (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd (1992-1995). Prior to that, she was with Amanah Merchant Bank Berhad as a Manager in Corporate Finance and Advisory for 13 years. She was appointed as Senior Group Director of DRB-HICOM Berhad (1992-2006). She was formerly Chairman of Prestariang Berhad (Now Known as "Awanbiru Technology Berhad"), Uni.Asia General Insurance Berhad and Uni.Asia Life Assurance Berhad. She had also previously served on the Board of UOB Bank (Malaysia) Berhad, Edaran Otomobil Nasional Berhad, EON Capital Berhad, EON Bank Berhad, Gadek (Malaysia) Berhad, HICOM Holdings Berhad, Proton Holdings Berhad, Horsedale Development Berhad, Labuan Reinsurance (L) Ltd, Malaysian International Merchant Bankers Berhad, Felcra Berhad and several private limited companies under DRB-HICOM. Thereafter, she joined Hong Leong Financial Group Berhad as Executive Vice President, Corporate Finance & Principal Investment prior to her appointment as Executive Vice President, Investment Banking at Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad where she served until 2011. She was also formerly a Director of Universiti Teknologi MARA (UiTM), Boustead Heavy Industries Corporation Berhad and Lembaga Tabung Angkatan Tentera ("LTAT") and a member of University of Technology & Computer Science.

Presently, she is a board member of Pavilion Real Estate Investment Trust, InNature Berhad, Cahya Mata Sarawak Berhad, Opus Asset Management Sdn Bhd and KWAP (Kumpulan Wang Persaraan) as well as the Chairman of SCS Global Advisory (M) Sdn Bhd, Chairman of Investment Panel and a member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee of LTAT.

KEY SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE



Mr Teh Wee Chye

(Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director) *Aged 69, Male, Malaysian*

Mr Teh Wee Chye was appointed to the Board as an Executive Director of the Company on 19 June 1989 and is presently the Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director of the Company. His profile is listed in the Directors' Profile on page 6 of this Annual Report.



Mr Azhari Arshad

(Executive Director, Business Development & Government Liaison) *Aged 61, Male, Malaysian*

Mr Azhari Arshad was appointed to the Board as the Business Development & Corporate Affairs Director on 5 May 2015. He was subsequently redesignated as the Executive Director, Business Development & Government Liaison on 1 August 2022 to accelerate the Group's growth with effective business partnerships and Government relationship. His profile is listed in the Directors' Profile on page 8 of this Annual Report.



Mr Huynh Duc Chinh

(General Director cum Authorised Representative of the Members' Council of Vimaflour Ltd and Mekong Flour Mills Ltd, Vietnam) Aged 51, Male, Vietnamese

Mr Huynh Duc Chinh joined Vimaflour Ltd on 5 September 1995 as a Project Administrator. He undertook various positions in the Company Secretarial, Procurement and Sales & Marketing Departments before being promoted as Vimaflour Ltd's Branch Manager in Danang in 2003. From 2004 till 2007, he worked for International Financial Corporation – World Bank as Business Development Officer. He rejoined Vimaflour Ltd on 26 February 2007 as Sales and Marketing Manager and was promoted to the current position on 1 September 2019.

He was appointed as the General Director and Authorised Representative in the Member's Council of Mekong Flour Mills Ltd with effect from 1 May 2022.

He holds a Master's Degree in Management from Solvay Business School and Université libre de Bruxelles, a French-speaking private research university in Brussels, Belgium.

He has more than 20 years of experience in flour business in Vietnam.

KEY SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE (CONT'D)



Mr Yap Fan Yee

(General Manager, Flour Production Management) Aged 79, Male, Malaysian

Mr Yap Fan Yee joined the Company on 18 February 1965. He is a pioneer in the Company and was promoted to the current position in 1991.

He holds a Flour Milling Full Technological Certificate from City and Guilds. He has more than 55 years of experience in flour milling.



Mr Yong Yee Wan

(Deputy General Manager, Flour Production Management) *Aged 46, Male, Malaysian*

Mr Yong Yee Wan joined the Company on 1 June 1999 as a Production Engineer. He was subsequently promoted as the Deputy General Manager, Flour Production Management on 1 April 2020.

He holds a Degree in Chemical Engineering from Universiti Putra Malaysia and a Diploma in Milling Technology from Swiss Milling School.

He has over 23 years of experience in flour milling, having worked at Lumut plant for 16 years and managing Pasir Gudang plant for 3 years before being designated to oversee both plants until now.



Mr Wong Kok Wai

(Executive Director of Dindings Tyson Sdn Bhd) Aged 53, Male, Malaysian

Mr Wong Kok Wai joined the Company on 25 September 2017 as the Financial Controller of the Company. On 18 February 2020, he assumed a new position of General Manager, Supply Chain to drive the supply chain strategies for the Poultry Integration. He was appointed as Executive Director of Dindings Tyson Sdn Bhd on 31 May 2021.

He is a member of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants ("CIMA") and Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA").

He is an experienced Accountant of over 25 years in various industries such as hospitality, manufacturing, food & beverage and fast moving consumer goods.









Mr Yastika Putu

(General Manager, Poultry Integration) *Aged 55 years, Male, Indonesian*

Mr Yastika Putu joined Dindings Poultry Development Centre Sdn Bhd on 26 September 2022 as the General Manager, Poultry Integration.

He holds a Bachelor's Degree in Animal Husbandry from the University of Udayana, Indonesia.

He has over 31 years of proven track record in setting up and growing the poultry business in different Asian countries. As a competent and experienced practitioner in livestock planning and management, he has strong technical knowledge across all aspects of poultry farming.

Mr Ong Chai Kin

(General Manager, Poultry Processing Plant Operations) *Aged 55, Male, Malaysian*

Mr Ong Chai Kin joined Dindings Poultry Processing Sdn Bhd in 1989 and was promoted as the Plant Manager in 2011. Subsequently, he was promoted as the General Manager, Poultry Processing Plant Operations on 1 August 2022.

He has over 30 years of experience in poultry processing environment, skilled in supervising, leading and directing tasks in order to achieve optimal productivity and results. He is proficient in all aspects of factory operations, budgeting, organisation and management with effective quality control and safety programs. He has also successfully led the installation and commissioning of a new primary processing plant.

Mr Lee Low

(General Manager, Aquaculture) *Aged 59, Male, Malaysian*

Mr Lee Low joined Dindings Soya & Multifeeds Sdn Berhad on 15 June 2017 as the General Manager, Aquaculture.

He holds a Bachelor of Science Degree in Fisheries from Universiti Putra Malaysia and is an active member of the Malaysia Aquaculture Development Association ("MADA").

He has over 30 years of experience in aquaculture industry managing the marine shrimp hatchery, shrimp farming, shrimp processing plant, a few species of marine & freshwater fish farming and aquafeed marketing.

Mr Chua Kiat Hwa

(Senior General Manager, Purchasing cum Director of Premier Grain Sdn Bhd) *Aged 60, Male, Malaysian*

Mr Chua Kiat Hwa joined the Company on 16 March 1992 and was promoted as Senior General Manager, Purchasing on 1 January 2016. He was also appointed as a Director of Premier Grain Sdn Bhd on 31 March 2010.

He holds a Master of Business Administration from Hawaii Pacific University, Honolulu, Hawaii and a Bachelor's Degree in Arts from Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia.

He has more than 30 years of commodity trading experience, having constant dealings with large international commodity brokers and grains institutions.

KEY SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE (CONT'D)



Mr Ryuichiro Yasuda

(Chief Executive Officer cum Director of Premier Grain Sdn Bhd) *Aged 31, Male, Japanese*

Mr Ryuichiro Yasuda joined Premier Grain Sdn Bhd on 7 January 2022 as an Executive Director. He was subsequently appointed as the Chief Executive Officer on 16 February 2022.

He holds a Bachelor's Degree in Economics from Meiji University, Japan.

He has 9 years of experience in grain trading (corn, sorghum, soybean, soybean meal) and ocean freight, including 2 years of working experience in Brazil. He was attached to Toyota Tsusho Corporation and was based in Tokyo, Japan before joining Premier Grain Sdn Bhd.

Mr Hideki Oya

(General Manager, Upstream Commercial cum Director of Premier Grain Sdn Bhd) *Aged 43, Male, Japanese*

Mr Hideki Oya joined the Company on 1 April 2018 as the General Manager, Purchasing. He is now the General Manager, Upstream Commercial of Poultry Integration and Director of Premier Grain Sdn Bhd.

He holds a Degree in Human Science from Waseda University, Japan.

He has over 20 years of experience in grains trading industry, ocean freight and grains logistics. He was attached to Toyota Tsusho Corporation from 2002 to 2018. From 2013 to 2017, he was the Director and Controller of Procurement and Sales of Premier Grain Sdn Bhd. Subsequently, he was the Executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer of Premier Grain Sdn Bhd from 19 February 2020 to 15 February 2022.



Mr Alan Yau Tee Peng

(Chief Financial Officer) Aged 49, Male, Malaysian

Mr Alan Yau Tee Peng joined the Company on 20 December 2021 as the Chief Financial Officer.

He holds a Bachelor of Commerce (Accounting) from Curtin University, Australia. He is also a Certified Practicing Accountant of CPA Australia, a Chartered Accountant of Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA") and was a Licensed Capital Markets Services Representative under Section 59 of Capital Markets & Services Act, 2007.

He has over 25 years of experience in the financial services industry, specialising in merger and acquisition, corporate finance, investment appraisals and analysis, equity and bond valuation, corporate recovery and assurance mandates and transactions for corporate clients across consumer and industry market, infrastructure (power and water assets), energy (oil and gas) and financial services.





Mdm Carol Chan Chui Yoke

(General Manager, Corporate Affairs) *Aged 51, Female, Malaysian*

Mdm Carol Chan Chui Yoke joined the Company on 2 June 2014 as the General Manager, Group Human Resources.

On 1 August 2022, she was redesignated as General Manager, Corporate Affairs with a larger portfolio that comprises Group Human Resources, Corporate Communication, Group Administration and Strategic Transformation Projects.

She holds a Master of Business Administration from University of Missouri, Kansas City, USA.

She has more than 25 years of experience in full spectrum of Human Capital functions with more than 15 years' experience in senior position in driving human resources strategies that support the Company's overall business plans and strategies.



Ir Beh Men Huat

(General Manager, Group Engineering Services & Projects) *Aged 66, Male, Malaysian*

Ir Beh Men Huat joined the Company on 5 December 2008 as the Senior Manager, Group Engineering Services & Projects and was subsequently promoted to be General Manager in 2012.

He holds a Bachelor of Science Degree in Civil Engineering (First Class Honours) from University of Strathclyde, United Kingdom and a Master of Finance from RMIT University, Australia. He is also a Professional Engineer registered with the Board of Engineers.

He has more than 38 years of working experience in both the public and private sectors, primarily in the field of water privatisation concession, planning, design, construction supervision, contract administration and project management in building, civil, infrastructure works in Malaysia and overseas.

Additional Information:

- 1. Save for Mr Teh Wee Chye and Mr Azhari Arshad, none of the other Key Senior Management members have any directorship in public companies and listed issuers.
- 2. Save for Mr Teh Wee Chye, none of the other Key Senior Management members have any family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company.
- 3. Save for Mr Teh Wee Chye, none of the other Key Senior Management members have any conflict of interest in business transactions with the Company.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I have great pleasure to report to you the financial and operational performance of the Group for the year under review.

Dear Esteemed Shareholders,

I would like to take a moment to express my sincere gratitude and pay tribute to our late Chairman, Tun Arshad bin Ayub, who recently passed away. Tun was an exceptional leader who dedicated his life to the growth and success of this organisation. He contributed to the growth of Malayan Flour Mills Berhad ("MFM" or "the Group") and ensured that we always remained true to our values and mission, first as a Director of MFM in August 2002, prior to assuming the role of Chairman of MFM in February 2004. I am committed to upholding the standards he set and taking our organisation to even greater heights.

We will forever be grateful for his contributions and the impact he had on our lives and the lives of those around us. His memory will continue to inspire and guide us as we move forward. He will be deeply missed, but never forgotten.

The financial year ended 31 December 2022 ("FY2022") was a challenging year for the global economy and for many corporations, including MFM, even as the world gradually emerges from the COVID-19 pandemic.

As a staple food producer in the region, the Group contended with volatility in raw material prices and disruptions in the global supply chain during the year, provoked by the geopolitical conflict in Europe. In addition, rising interest rates to counter escalating inflationary pressures worldwide and strengthening of the US Dollar ("USD") against regional currencies did not help to alleviate the global economic recovery.

Against this backdrop, MFM balanced between managing rising food costs and being a reliable supplier of staple foods of flour and poultry products to consumers in the region.

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I have great pleasure to report to you the financial and operational performance of the Group for the year under review.

Record revenue, but lower profits for the Group

For FY2022, MFM recorded a milestone group revenue of RM2.92 billion, a 20.1% jump compared to RM2.43 billion achieved in the previous financial year. The growth was largely attributed to higher selling prices of our flour-related products, in response to rising raw material costs.

The group revenue during the year only took into account our Flour and Grain Trading Segment ("FGT") and Aqua Feeds Segment ("Aqua"), while the financials for the Poultry Integration Segment ("PI") were not consolidated into the Group's accounts following the disposal of 49% equity interest in Dindings Tyson Sdn Bhd ("DTSB") in 2021 to Tyson International Holding Company ("Tyson"). Consequently, the results of DTSB or the PI segment, were accounted for using the equity method for a joint venture.

Despite the higher group revenue, the FGT and Aqua segments recorded a pre-tax profit of RM100.6 million, a drop of 47.6% compared to the previous year's RM192.1 million. The decline was largely attributable to higher wheat costs, lower sales volume, increased operating expenses and higher financing cost.

During the year, MFM had a write-back of RM8.8 million on remeasurement of contingent receivable, compared to a fair value loss amounting to RM77.9 million. Both were related to the disposal transaction of DTSB to Tyson.

As mentioned above, DTSB is treated as a joint venture of the Group. During FY2022, DTSB and its subsidiary companies which together form the PI segment, generated a revenue of RM1.11 billion, versus RM860.1 million in the previous year. In tandem with the higher revenue, the PI segment recorded a profit after tax of RM151.0 million during FY2022, compared to a loss after tax of RM57.3 million in FY2021.

Correspondingly, the Group's share of profit from MFM's 51% equity in the joint venture amounted to RM77.0 million in FY2022, an impressive turnaround compared to a share of loss of RM10.5 million for the period from 31 May 2021 to 31 December 2021, after the formalisation of the joint venture on 31 May 2021.

The stellar performance by the PI segment during FY2022 was attributable to multiple factors, including our continued success in penetrating into the Quick-Service-Restaurant chains, improved margins from economies of scale as a result of increased plant utilisation, better sales mix with increased average selling prices, and government subsidy, in addition to a higher deferred tax asset recognised arising from tax incentives.

Our joint venture in Indonesia, PT Bungasari Flour Mills Indonesia ("BFMI"), witnessed a perfect storm of weakening Rupiah coupled with high raw material costs and rising interest rates during the year. Although BFMI recorded 9.8% revenue growth to RM1.82 billion in FY2022 from RM1.65 billion previously driven by higher selling prices, profitability took a turn from a profit after tax of RM27.3 million in FY2021 to end the year under review with a net loss of RM23.4 million.

Consequently, the Group's share of loss from the 30% equity interest in BFMI in 2022 amounted to RM7.0 million, versus a share of profit of RM8.2 million in the previous year.

On consolidated basis, MFM ended the year FY2022 with a group profit after tax and minority interest ("PATMI") amounting to RM145.0 million, versus FY2021's group PATMI of RM173.9 million.

Investing to grow the business

In order to achieve earnings sustainability for the Group, we will continue to undertake initiatives to improve our operations, by increasing our production capacity. In FY2022, we have invested a total capital expenditure ("CAPEX") of RM50.3 million.

Majority of the CAPEX was spent in Vimaflour Ltd. in northern Vietnam, as we increased our milling capacity of wheat to 2,000 metric tonne per day from 1,450 metric tonne per day previously. Vimaflour Ltd. is currently installing 18 additional wheat silos with an additional storage capacity of 65,000 tons and is expected to be completed by September 2023.

Mekong Flour Mills Ltd. in southern Vietnam also saw some enhancement for its warehouse and workshop. Projects for silo and blending plant is on-going and it will take another 2 years to complete.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (CONT'D)

Preparing for uncertainties in 2023

Global economic outlook in 2023 remains uncertain, with rising interest rates, unrelenting inflationary pressure, and geopolitical risks in various parts of the world. Many of these factors will have a material impact on prices and supply chain of commodities, in particular for us, prices of wheat, corn, and soybean. On top of the economic reasons, the global weather phenomena will also affect production of the commodities that are used as raw materials for both our FGT and PI segments. We are circumspect to these uncertainties and will be taking measures to mitigate the associated risks.

For our FGT business, we will work closely with our suppliers to ensure uninterrupted supply of the raw materials to our production facilities in Malaysia, Vietnam and Indonesia, in addition to diversifying the sources of wheat, corn, and soybean. We will also be sensitive to the volatility of the commodity prices, so that we are able to minimise the risk of mispricing our flour products in the markets that we operate in.

At the same time, we will continue to invest in technologies to improve on our production efficiency.

For our PI business, we remain optimistic of the prospects going forward, based on a number of growth drivers.

Firstly, our plans to continue strengthening our market positioning in the food services channel, as well as the food manufacturing sector, have paid off in 2022. We hope to see the momentum carry on with even more market penetration in the coming years, which would ultimately change our sales mix to have more stable and higher margin attributes.

Secondly, the synergistic partnership with Tyson will certainly allow us to leverage on their competitive edge and technical expertise to improve on our operations, venture into new export markets, and undertake product development initiatives.

Thirdly, we have continued to improve our feed quality, invest in the state-of-the-art technology for our farmhouse, and work with reputable vaccine providers in implementing holistic vaccine programme at the farms to manage our bio-security risk. This will ensure ready supply of parent stock and day-old-chicks, to have a steady supply of broilers for our primary processing plant in Sitiawan, Perak.

Rewarding shareholders with dividend

The Company continues to uphold its dividend payment practice, having paid dividends annually since our listing in 1968. The Board of Directors declared and paid two interim dividends in respect of FY2022, amounting to a total of 3.0 sen per share or RM30.6 million. The dividends were equivalent to a payout of 21% of the Group's PATMI.

Appreciation

I would like to extend my sincere appreciation to my fellow Directors, the management and employees at all levels in the Group for their steadfast and unwavering effort and commitment amidst the challenges in 2022. I would also like to thank our shareholders, as well as our customers, suppliers, bankers, business associates, government agencies and regulatory authorities, for the unrelenting trust and confidence in the Group during the year.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

History and Milestones

Incorporated in 1961, Malayan Flour Mills Berhad ("MFM") is a pioneer in the flour milling industry in Malaysia, with mills in Lumut and Pasir Gudang. It is now a regional flour player with operations in northern Vietnam – Cai Lan, Ha Long (since 1994) and southern Vietnam – Phu My, Vung Tau (since 2000); as well as operations in Indonesia at 3 locations, namely Cilegon, Medan, and Makassar through a tri-partite joint venture (since 2011). MFM's regional operations produce and sell over 1 million metric tons of flour every year.

MFM expanded beyond flour milling in 1983 and ventured into the poultry industry in Malaysia. Today, our vertically integrated poultry business encompasses feed milling, hatchery, breeder farms, broiler farms and poultry processing plant. Currently, the poultry integration business produces approximately 60 million broilers annually, mostly for our internal downstream consumption. We own one of the biggest closed-house broiler farms in the country and intend to upgrade these closed houses with Climate Control and Precision Farming to improve production efficiency and reduce operating cost. Our upgraded poultry processing plant in Sitiawan, Perak has a daily slaughtering capacity of 280,000 birds. On 31 May 2021, MFM disposed of 49% equity interest in Dindings Tyson Sdn Bhd ("DTSB") to Tyson International Holding Company ("Tyson"), marking the start of a strategic partnership between MFM and Tyson in the poultry segment.

Since 2010, MFM ventured into the trading of raw material for animal feed in Malaysia through a 51% owned joint venture company with Toyota Tsusho Corporation Group.

Group Strategy and Objective

MFM envisions to be a regional staple food producer. Backed by more than 50 years of agri-food manufacturing with footprints in Malaysia, Vietnam and Indonesia for flour milling, poultry integration and aqua feed manufacturing in Malaysia, MFM aims not only to continue feeding communities in Malaysia, Vietnam and Indonesia but to other nations within the region.

The Group's resilient growth over the past five decades was attributed to its strong foundation of having best manufacturing practices. MFM's core competencies in mass production, adoption of modern technologies, acquisition of technical know-how, and standardisation of best practices, have enabled the Group to replicate its success from pioneering flour milling in Malaysia to become prominent flour producers in Vietnam and Indonesia.

MFM has also successfully used its core competencies to build the Group's poultry integration business to be a leading supplier of poultry products and aqua feed products in Malaysia.

Going forward, we remain committed to growing our businesses of flour milling, poultry integration and the aqua feed manufacturing.

We will continue to invest to automate our flour milling operations to increase operational efficiencies. In addition, we are also currently investing in silo storage capacity for both of our flour mills in Vietnam in line with the increased milling capacity.

Our poultry integration business under DTSB will invest further to meet and support the continued demand for our poultry products in Malaysia. We have budgeted no less than RM135 million for the business in the financial year ending 31 December 2023. This investment is earmarked to improve the wastewater treatment facility, embark on Phase 2 of our rendering plant and a new further processing plant. At the same time, we will upgrade the primary processing plant and machinery to increase the slaughtering capacity to 340,000 birds per day, from the current 280,000 birds per day. The upgrading of auto-cutting and deboning lines positions us favourably to serve the increasing demand for these products from our food manufacturing clients.

Similarly for our aquaculture business, we will continue to innovate our products to enhance the quality of our aqua feeds and to meet our client's specifications.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT'D)

Financial Performance Highlights

In the financial year ended 31 December 2022 ("FY2022"), MFM performed commendably, delivering a set of financial results that point towards the success of our strategies put in place for both our Flour and Grain Trading ("FGT") and Poultry Integration ("PI") segments.

Group revenue expanded by 20.1% to RM2.92 billion, whilst results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance cost, comprising the FGT and aqua feeds businesses, declined to RM100.6 million, compared to RM192.1 million a year earlier. The results of the PI business are reflected in the Share of Profit line in the Income Statement. While the FGT business of both flour milling operations in Malaysia and Vietnam recorded a lower profitability, the PI business however recovered significantly during the year.

MFM saw a confluence of factors affecting our FGT business, namely the geopolitical conflict in Europe, the economic impact from inflationary pressure which ultimately drove up commodity prices along with interest rates, as well as the indirect effect on currency volatility, amidst the recovering consumer sentiments in post-COVID era.

FGT's revenue growth during FY2022 was due more to the increase in selling prices of our flour products, in line with the higher costs of our raw materials of wheat and grain, rather than the increase in sales volume for our operations in Malaysia and Vietnam resulting in the FGT segment's posting lower earnings before interest and taxation ("EBIT") of RM127.7 million, a 31.7% decline compared to the previous year of RM187.0 million.

On the contrary, the Group's PI segment performed remarkably well in 2022, turning around with a profit after tax of RM151.0 million, versus a net loss of RM57.3 million in the previous year on the back of a 29.0% jump in revenue to RM1.11 billion. Correspondingly, the share of profit from MFM's 51% equity in the joint venture company amounted to RM77.0 million during the full financial year of 2022, compared to a share of loss of RM10.5 million for the period from 31 May 2021 to 31 December 2021.

The joint venture company, DTSB, which operates the PI segment, recorded earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA") of RM144.5 million (adjusted as prescribed in the Share Purchase Agreement ("SPA") between MFM and Tyson), which is above the targeted EBITDA of RM141 million for FY2022, set out in the SPA with Tyson for the First Earnout Consideration of RM140 million.

Our Indonesia flour milling operations under the Group's 30% associate company, PT Bungasari Flour Mills Indonesia ("BFMI") – contributed to a share of loss of RM7.0 million during the year, versus a share of profit of RM8.2 million in the previous financial year of 2021, notwithstanding the 9.8% higher revenue of RM1.82 billion during the year, albeit lower sales volume.

On basis of EBITDA at group level, the continuing operations after accounting for fair value gain arising from remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable of RM8.8 million, effectively doubled to RM246.6 million during the financial year under review, compared to RM123.2 million previously. Correspondingly, the Group recorded a profit after tax and minority interest ("PATMI") from continuing operations of RM145.0 million or basic earnings per share ("EPS") of 14.22 sen, compared to RM36.4 million or basic EPS of 3.57 sen previously.

On net-of-cash basis, the Group's gearing increased to 0.60x, versus 0.51x previously. The increased net gearing was largely attributable to the higher working capital needs to finance the increase in raw materials costs which saw inventories increased from RM494.0 million to RM627.8 million.

Operations Highlights

Flour and Grain Trading Segment

In spite of rising raw material prices, strengthening of USD against regional currencies, rising interest rates and geopolitical conflict in Europe in 2022, our Group's revenue grew by 20.1% to RM2.92 billion driven mainly by increase in selling prices albeit a decline in sales volume. The grain trading business experienced at 7% reduction in sales volume as compared to the previous year due to lower demand of feeds. Despite this, the FGT business continues to remain profitable, recording an operating profit of RM127.7 million, representing a 31.7% reduction from the previous year.

Similarly, BFMI suffered losses in 2022 as compared to 2021 due to lower sales volume, higher raw material cost, higher financing cost and the strengthening of USD against Rupiah.

Amidst the challenging environment for our FGT business, we will remain focused on ensuring cost efficiency in our flour milling operations through better flour extraction and blending processes. At the same time, we will ensure uninterrupted supply of our raw materials, as well as pricing our end products to meet the markets' needs.

Poultry Integration Segment

Our PI business improved in FY2022 at all levels, from upstream operations and primary processing plant in Sitiawan Perak, to the sales channels for our poultry products.

Broiler production for own farms, contract farms and open-market-buy-back farms increased as a result of our progressive efforts put in place over the years such as improving feed quality and farmhouse hygiene as well as ensuring higher bio-security controls to mitigate future disease outbreaks. These progressive efforts have also improved the quality of our broilers, and reduced production costs through optimum feed conversion ratio and lower mortality rate.

The increased broiler supply from the farmhouses during the year had allowed our primary processing plant to increase our utilisation rate. This had a positive impact on the segment's profitability and margins, arising from greater economies of scale and increase in sales of more value-added products. Today, we are selling more value-added products than before, and our exposure to the volatile prices in live bird trading market has been markedly reduced, hence providing better profitability, as we continue to be one of the leading suppliers of processed poultry products in the country.

Aqua Feeds Segment

The aqua feeds business continues to record growth in sales volumes resulting in a lower operating loss of RM2.5 million in 2022 as compared to RM3.7 million in 2021.

Anticipated or Known Risks

Food safety and compliance to standards are top priorities for us as a food manufacturer, since usage of flour and poultry is very wide and diverse, cutting across different cultural background, race and religion.

To ensure our customers and consumers are able to consume products produced without any worry or doubt, we have implemented Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points ("HACCP") in all our manufacturing facilities. At the same time, all our products are halal certified by Department of Islamic Development Malaysia ("JAKIM") and are subject to annual compliance audit.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT'D)

Due to the nature of the flour industry which is highly dependent on global wheat prices, we will continually monitor the global wheat prices to ensure that the flour business continues to have uninterrupted supply to our markets, at the same time achieving sustainability in our profitability.

Further, due to the nature of the poultry industry requiring us to tackle the inherent risk of avian diseases outbreak, we are always vigilant in managing our farms and ensuring that comprehensive bio-security measures are in place.

In summary, we are confident that based on our track record and leading position in the flour and poultry industries, our Group will be able to mitigate such risks with our proactive and preventive measures put in place.

2023 Outlook and Prospects

Flour and Grain Trading

Macroeconomic and geopolitical uncertainties continue to have an impact on the commodity prices of wheat and grain. The uncertainties would be compounded by the unpredictability of global weather, affecting supply and production of wheat and grain in major producing countries.

The Group will continue to monitor the impact of commodity prices arising from the global supply and demand dynamics and adjust selling prices accordingly. We will also mitigate any potential risks of supply shock by continuing to diversify the sources of wheat, corn and soyabean meal.

As flour remains one of the most affordable staple foods for consumers in the regions, we remain committed to meeting their needs as a responsible corporate citizen.

Poultry Industry

The poultry industry is similarly impacted by the global macroeconomic and geopolitical uncertainties. In addition to this, the poultry industry is further impacted by disease outbreaks and the disruption in the supply of parent stock and commercial day-old-chicks.

With the demand for domestic broilers expected to maintain, coupled with the expected improvement in the prospects of the domestic economy and our synergistic partnership with Tyson, we are sanguine on our outlook for 2023 and beyond. Our ample capacity at the primary processing plant would be more than enough to meet any demand uptick for our poultry products.

To this end, we will continue to position ourselves to be the preferred supplier to food services chains, food manufacturers, retail outlets and even the export markets.

GO BEYOND SUSTAINABILITY 2022

Achieving greater heights in our drive to manage sustainability



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SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2022

MFM GROUP BUSINESS DIVISIONS

Our Sustainability Report will be reported for three business divisions: flour division, poultry integration division and aqua feeds division.



Flour

- MALAYAN FLOUR MILLS BERHAD
 (MFM)
- VIMAFLOUR LTD
- MEKONG FLOUR MILLS LTD



Poultry Integration

- DINDINGS TYSON SDN BHD (DTSB)
- DINDINGS POULTRY DEVELOPMENT <u>CENTRE SDN BHD (DPDC)</u>
- DINDINGS POULTRY PROCESSING SDN BHD (DPP)





Aqua Feeds

• DINDINGS SOYA & MULTIFEEDS SDN BERHAD (DSM)



EXECUTIVE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN CUM MANAGING DIRECTOR'S MESSAGE

Dear Stakeholders,



On behalf of MFM, we are delighted to share the sustainability initiatives we have employed in 2022. We continue to embrace United Nations Sustainability Development Goals ("UN SDGs") and remain focused on "growing responsibly". MFM has had three priorities: care for the development, safety and health of its employees, ensure business sustainability and continue to contribute to the society.

Year 2022 was another tumultuous year for humanity and business. Inflation, supply chain disruptions, Russian-Ukraine war, climate change and much more had come together to challenge us all. With the escalation of the Russian-Ukraine war where the region supplies nearly 20% of the corn and 30% of wheat global exports, Grains Futures soared to a nearly 10-year high level.

MFM Group's businesses were impacted by the surge in the wheat cost, raw material cost for poultry feeds and diseases which affected the supply of poultry. The poultry industry in the country faced unprecedented shortage of broilers while the demand was picking up with the easing of COVID-19 pandemic.

As our commitment to the Environmental Sustainability Governance in achieving the Economic, Environmental and Social values, among the sustainability initiatives in place include:

- MFM's mill has its own natural harbour which deploys the latest automated technology to enable the discharging of shipments at high capacity, with efficient material handling combined with technology in the storage and preservation of corn which enhance the quality of the feeds;
- MFM is partnering with experts from shipping and commodity to optimise our sourcing of commodities and enhance the operations with shorter supply chain which ultimately reduces the carbon footprint and transportation cost;
- Deploying latest farmhouse model which incorporates industry revolution 4.0 technology with climate control for poultry production. With the advanced technology, this farmhouse maximises the flock welfare and performance through proper controlled microclimatic conditions and bio-security features. It also minimises environmental concerns such as flies and odour issues as well as lower the labour and feed costs;
- Wastewater treatment plant to treat wastewater generated from the poultry processing plants; and
- Rendering plant which reduces impact on the environment by transforming solid wastes from the processing plant to protein sources.



When it comes to the sustainability of our workforce, we are investing in both our current and future employees. Besides carrying out various leadership trainings and development programmes to help our employees to acquire and update the skills they need for success in today's economy, MFM strives to continuously establish and maintain strategic partnerships with universities, schools and various institutions to nurture the development of young talents in the society and build a sustainable talent pipeline and leadership capability in achieving MFM's business objectives and goals.

MFM also continues to create value for society and bring joy to people's lives through a broad range of community initiatives, charitable donation and support of non-profit agencies in the communities in which we operate.

We endeavour to continue to focus on the area of sustainability and contribute to the UN SDGs. Together, we make improvements for people and the environment, and create value for our shareholders, customers, consumers, society and employees.

Last but not least, to all stakeholders, thank you for your continued support, confidence and trust in MFM.

TEH WEE CHYE EXECUTIVE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN CUM MANAGING DIRECTOR

SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2022



ABOUT THIS REPORT

MFM Group publishes the annual Sustainability Report with the objective of improving transparency, visibility and communication to a wide array of stakeholders. It showcases our commitment and responsibilities towards achieving Economic, Environmental and Social ("EES") values.

This 6th edition of MFM Group Sustainability Report is part of Annual Report 2022.

The UN Sustainability Development Goals ("SDGs") are incorporated in this report. The specific SDG goals below are mentioned in the subsequent pages of this report wherever it is applicable.





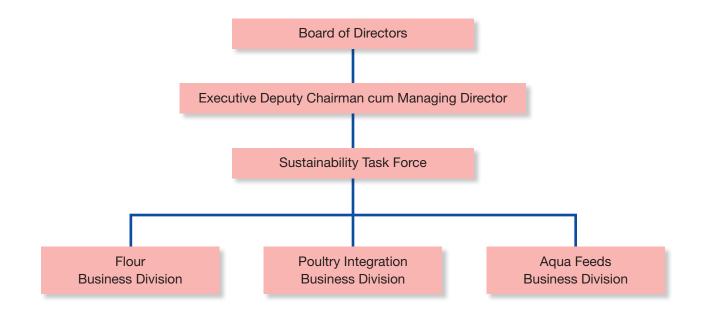
Scope & Boundaries

The reporting period for this report is from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022. It covers our flour, poultry integration and aqua feeds businesses in Malaysia and Vietnam. It does not include our joint venture, PT Bungasari Flour Mills Indonesia. There has been no changes to our scope for sustainability reporting since our last reporting in 2021.

Reporting Framework

The Second Edition of Bursa Malaysia Sustainability Reporting Guide issued by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Malaysia") is used in preparing this report.

Sustainability Governance



Our Sustainability Task Force is led by our Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director, Mr. Teh Wee Chye to ensure reliable decision-making process for our Group in achieving greater sustainability.

Sustainability risk management is integrated into our Group's risk assessment and is spearheaded by our Sustainability Task Force which assesses the risk and publishes the Sustainability Report annually.

Our business divisions implement and manage sustainability initiatives.

SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2022



SUSTAINABILITY FRAMEWORK



GOVERNANCE

We aspire to be a leading food manufacturing enterprise in the region.

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. . . .

- To be the preferred provider and strategic partner in the food industry.
- To drive operational excellence by embracing a culture of continuous improvement.
- To add value to stakeholders by growing economies of scale.

Business Divisions adopt the well-known continuous improvement cycle Plan-Do-Check-Act ("PDCA") in managing sustainability initiatives.

SUSTAINABILITY APPROACH

In embracing good sustainability practices, MFM Group focuses on managing its social and environmental impact and seeks to improve operational efficiency and natural resources stewardship.

As wheat-related and poultry products would always remain as an essential part of food consumption worldwide, MFM is dedicated in constantly creating added value not only to shareholders but for society as a whole. Moving forward, MFM is committed to managing Economic, Environmental, Social and Governance matters, guided by MFM's Code of Conduct and related Policies, Standards & Guidelines.

Core Values

MFM Group upholds its core values of "QUALITAS", "CONSILIUM" and "PROGRESSUS" to identify key issues of EES.



QUALITAS

Produce and provide consumers with consistent quality products at reasonable prices





Unity of employees and management



PROGRESSUS

Continuous improvement to maintain its competitiveness and contribute effectively to benefit the society

MANAGEMENT APPROACH TO SUSTAINABILITY

Our Group has identified and prioritised key issues related to EES for our business operations as follows:



- To comply with the regulatory requirements & standards in relation to environmental concerns
- To raise awareness among our employees & the whole supply chain in order to act in an environmentallyresponsible manner
- To integrate environmental matter into our business decisions
- To ensure that energy & water are utilised efficiently & consumption is being monitored
- To recycle, reduce or reuse the waste or resources where practicable
- To reduce carbon footprint through energy efficiency & conservation practices



- To empower our employees by offering training, motivation & career advancement
- To provide a safe & healthy workplace & take care of employees' well-being
- To encourage open communication, ideas and innovation
- To support diversity in workforce
- To provide job security to employees



- To have good strategic management & wisely utilise our resources
- To advance sustainable profitable growth whilst satisfying our ethical, legal & contractual obligations
- To abide by the requirements of all laws & industry's best practices
- To provide our customers with safe products that adhere to Government's legislation & requirements
- To adopt good ethical practices through Code of Conduct
- To ensure an appropriate governance system is in place to oversee the strategic development & performance that relates to the maintenance of a sustainable business
- To ensure proper risk management & internal control system are in place



- To engage actively with civic project, charity events & the local communities through our corporate social initiatives
- To help our community survive & prosper economically
- To provide ample job opportunities



KEY STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT

Our Group has continually engaged each stakeholder to address their concerns. We have summarised our engagement platforms with the various stakeholders and the related outcomes from each engagement.

SHAREHOLDERS

Engage via:

Annual General Meetings, Quarterly Financial Reports, Annual Reports, Shareholders' Circulars, Announcements, Analyst Briefings & Corporate Website.

Concerns:

Financial performance and returns, going concern and positive investment growth.

COMMUNITY & NGOs

Engage via:

Internship programmes, charity events and volunteer programmes.

Concerns:

Community living, care and development.

CUSTOMERS

Engage via:

Service satisfaction, customer appreciation and social media platforms.

Concerns:

Quality of product, market availability, product prices and values.

GOVERNMENT & REGULATORS

Engage via:

Compliance activities

Concerns:

Tax issues, pricing issues, labour practices, health issues, transparency and accountability.

MEDIA

Engage via:

Media briefings, events, press conferences, press release and internet.

Concerns:

Group's performance and updates.

COMPETITORS

Engage via:

Industry competition and market forces.

Concerns:

Price competition, new business opportunity, innovation and creativity.

HUMAN CAPITAL Engage via:

Town hall meetings, Employee Portal, Learning & Development programmes and corporate events.

Concerns:

Career development, work-life balance and employee welfare.

SUPPLIERS & SERVICE PROVIDERS Engage via:

Compliance with ISO Standards, suppliers' evaluation (audit) and quotation from suppliers.

Concerns:

Payment and up-to-date information about the Group.

OUR MATERIAL MATTERS

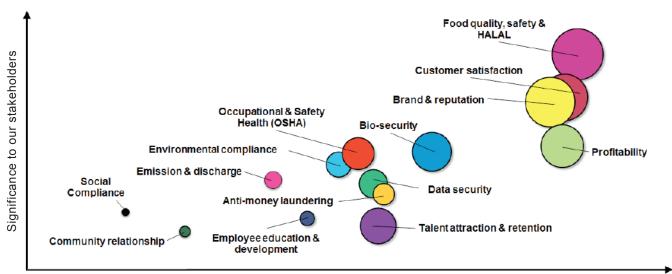
MFM Group adopted the materiality assessment with accordance with Bursa Malaysia Sustainability Reporting Guide. Material matters are defined in Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements as those:

- · reflecting the business's significant EES impacts; or
- · substantively influence the assessments and decisions of stakeholders

In 2020, MFM Group conducted a materiality assessment of 14 material matters. The Materiality Matrix below was derived based on the input of the business leaders within the Group. They are familiar with MFM Group's material matters, and the significance of those matters to MFM Group and stakeholders. The materiality assessment of our Group for year 2020 is still applicable for year 2022.

The Materiality Matrix has been endorsed by the Board of Directors.

MATERIALITY MATRIX



Significance to our Group

SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2022





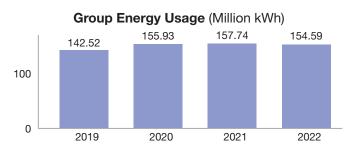
For sustainable business development, it is crucial for MFM Group to maintain a balanced relationship with mother earth where all resources come from.





ENERGY

Energy conservation plays a crucial role in slowing down the greenhouse effect. As one of the market leaders in flour manufacturing and poultry industry, MFM Group aspires to reduce its carbon footprint by conserving energy. Energy conservation is not only about reducing energy consumption, but also using energy in a more efficient manner.



In conserving energy, we deploy the following initiatives:

- embrace energy-efficient building design;
- utilise heat recovering system;
- · utilise energy-efficient equipment; and
- install LED lighting and others.

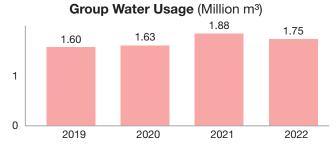
We also continue to monitor energy consumption through power meter and supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system. Corrective actions are taken to reduce abnormal power consumption and minimise energy waste during idle production time.

In the long run, we endeavour to manage a balance between ensuring the quality of our products and minimising energy consumption. We will also continue to explore other alternative renewable source of energy in minimising our carbon footprint.



WATER

As a major food producer, MFM Group uses significant amount of water in its operations to produce safe and clean products. In conserving water resources, we will continue to measure and manage water consumption effectively at entity level.



In conserving water, the poultry processing plant has been designed with a rainwater harvesting system which allows rainwater to be reused.



WASTE MANAGEMENT



MFM Group strives to implement effective, sustainable and ecologically sound waste management.

Competent persons are engaged to manage scheduled wastes. Trained and certified personnel will assist business units in managing risk associated with scheduled waste and comply with Environmental Quality Act 1974.

MFM Group invested in a wastewater treatment plant in 2018. Wastewater generated in the poultry processing plant is treated before its final discharge point at the plant. All wastewater is treated to achieve a minimum effluent standard in line with Department of Environment (DOE)'s requirement.

The poultry primary processing plant is supported by a rendering plant to manage solid waste from the processing plant. The rendering plant is designed to convert chicken by-products such as chicken intestines and feathers into raw material for animal feeds. The soft offal and feather meal line is a continuous production line. The rendering plant will reduce impact on environment by transforming our waste to be used as one of the protein sources in animal/ aqua feeds.



Offal and Feather Meal Processing Line

EMISSION



Emission represents the various air pollutant that affects the environment and surrounding community. We are committed to reduce emissions throughout our businesses in protecting our environment. We have adopted emission controls to reduce harmful emissions from our flour and feed operations. Air filters are installed at all possible emission areas, and we have certified external parties to assist in monitoring works and complying with applicable laws and regulations.

We have also constructed a biofilter to remove odours emitted from the rendering plant. The use of natural materials such as wood chips, coconut husk and coco peat provide a growth medium for microbes to remove bad odour from air emitted from rendering plant. This process reduces air pollution whereby clean air is released into the environment.



2 WORKFORCE & WORKPLACE ENVIRONMENT

As employees are the most treasured resource in MFM Group, we aim to always grow together in order to achieve greater success and to create a better future.



SUSTAINABILITY THEMES



HR Asia **BEST COMPANIES** TO WORK FOR **IN ASIA 2022**



At MFM, we are committed to ensure sustainability in our workforce, workplace and operations by focusing on six key themes. By prioritising sustainability, we ensure business continuity while also being mindful of the safety and the environment in which we operate. As a testament to our HR excellence, we are proud to have been recognised by HR Asia as the Best Companies to Work for in Asia for five consecutive years (2018 to 2022). We have also received the HR Asia Most Caring Company award (2019 to 2022) for the third consecutive year, recognising our commitment to providing a caring and supportive workplace for our employees.



Sustaining Post-Pandemic New Norm



Developing Future Leaders and Workforce



Embracing Workforce Wellbeing



Strategic Partnership for Talent Supply

Diversity



Securing Sustainable Future

SUSTAINING POST-PANDEMIC NEW NORM

At the heart of our Company is our employees. Our employees feel valued and supported when their values align with the Company's values. We demonstrate that we care about the well-being of our people by undertaking programmes for the heart, mind and soul. By fostering a culture that values and supports our employees, we aim to create an environment where our people can thrive both personally and professionally.



Intensifying frequency of workforce engagement and dialogue sessions as an outreach programme from the management to allow workforce to voice crucial matters.

SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2022



Activating knowledge sharing session and encourage cross departmental, business sharing to operate in a knowledge economy. Mounted Learn Over Lunch ("LOL") sessions with various topics to ensure the knowledge sharing is prevalent.



Revamping our comprehensive onboarding programme to ensure that all new joiners feel welcomed and feel that they are part of a larger family at work.



We have revitalised our workforce engagement activities and have resumed celebrations of employees birthdays, festivals and other occations that bring our workforce together.



DEVELOPING FUTURE LEADERS AND WORKFORCE

We have invested in leadership development, workforce exchange and knowledge sharing to develop the skills of our talents. Our programmes help our people develop critical skills, gain exposure to different roles and functions, and foster cross-functional collaboration. We strive to provide continuous learning and development opportunities for the success of our workforce and the company.



The Harvard Adaptive Leadership Programme was extended to our Executive level workforce to empower them with adaptive leadership capabilities to sustain during these turbulent times. They were assigned into teams to work on a total of 13 projects towards "Roadmap to Profitability".



Our Talent Exchange Programme ("TEP") which comprises a structured sharing/experiential learning covering technical, framework, methodologies, processes, best practices and culture including business acumen.



We brought the poultry industry's Subject Matter Expert, Dr Bill Hewat to be physically present in our Poultry Farms and Plants to engage the various teams, key topics knowledge sharing and also engaging government stakeholders.



We offer a total of 22 training programmes in our Training Catalogue to our workforce to personalise a development roadmap for themselves based on themes of Professional and Personal Development, People Leadership, Business Acumen, Strategy and Change.

SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2022

EMBRACING WORKFORCE WELLBEING

We have implemented a five-pillar framework to address the well-being of our workforce within our organisation.

Physical Wellness Workforce Health Fitness Financial Wellness Image: Strain Strain

Here are some examples of the workforce well-being measures we have implemented:





Physical Wellness

Organised events that encourages safe practices at work and also activities that encourage physical health amongst the workforce.

Mental Wellness

Our Caring & Connected programme consists of both individual and group couselling sessions for our workforce. Talks and trainings on mental wellness which we continuously mount and enhance are targeted to build resilience amongst the team.

Workforce Health Fitness

Through our strategic partnership with a local healthcare provider, our MFM workforce and family members received their Covid-19 second booster vaccination. Onsite health screening programme was organised as well.

Financial Wellness

The Financial Wellness programme ensures that our workforce are empowered with Financial Intelligence, to ensure that they will be able to afford their different lifestyles comfortably.

Workforce Lifestyle Privileges

Corporate discounts made available to MFM were extended to our workforce to allow our workforce to benefit their various lifestyle. The privileges covered a wide range of benefits covering luxury vehicle purchase, food and beverage outlets and several online subscription plans.



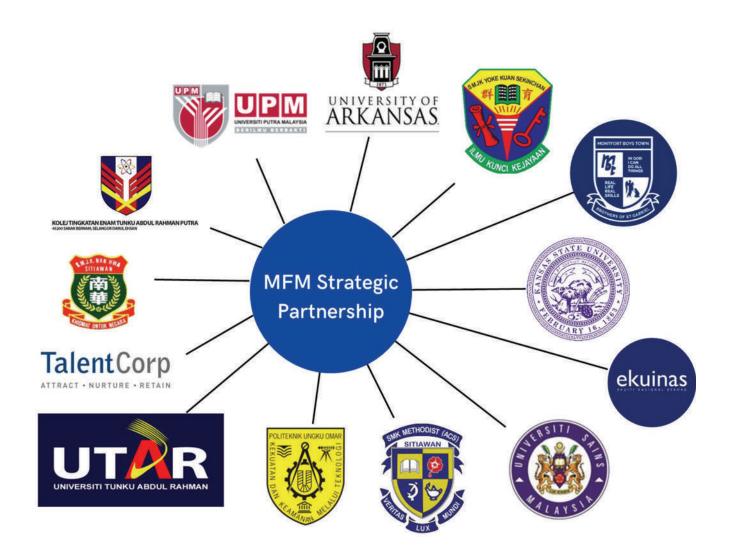
STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP FOR TALENT SUPPLY

MFM is committed to building and maintaining strategic partnerships with universities, schools and various institutions to foster the development of young talent in society and building a sustainable pipeline of talent to support our organisation.

- University of Arkansas
- Kansas State University
- Universiti Putra Malaysia
- Universiti Sains Malaysia
- Universiti Tunku Abdul Rahman
- Montfort Boys Town
- Politeknik Ungku Omar

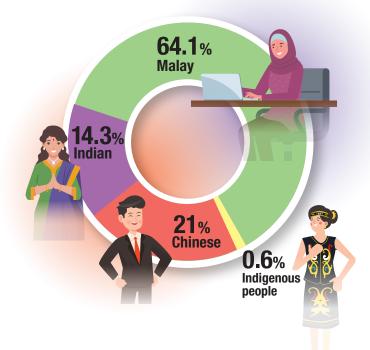
- Kolej Tingkatan Enam Tunku Abdul Rahman Putra
- SMJK Yoke Kuan
- SMK Nan Hwa
- SMK Methodist (A.C.S.) Sitiawan
- Ekuinas
- TalentCorp
- and beyond...

We attract growing talents to transform them into future talents in MFM.

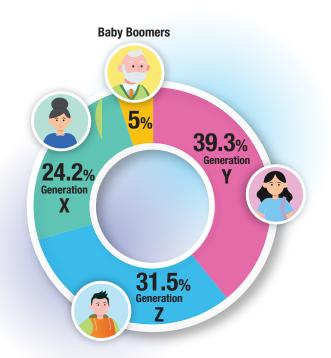


DIVERSITY

We embrace diversity in our workforce, workplace and work that we do to allow every workforce to bring forth their ideas and capabilities that will benefit the organisation as a whole.



It is imperative to create an environment at work where different generations can converge to co-create, be inspired, cooperate, contribute, and learn from one another. This way, the organisation can benefit from both the knowledge of its more experienced workforce and the fresh ideas for innovation of its younger workforce. We are fortunate to operate in a multiracial nation where our organisation values contribution from all races and ethnicities equally. We utilise this diversity to maintain smooth and ongoing operations organisation.





In our organisation, female represents about 50% of the workforce population, although this is scarce in the predominantly male industry.

SECURING SUSTAINABLE FUTURE

At MFM, we are dedicated to operating within a sustainable ecosystem, and we achieve this through the implementation of comprehensive Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") controls.



Ensuring our workforce is safe and practising the highest standards affordable by the organisation to remain safe when performing their work at their workplace. The Safety Health and Evnironment ("SHE") committee reviews the policy and has a structured escalation path to ensure any incidents are reported, including Potential Safety Incidents and Fatalities ("PSIF") are mitigated in a timely manner.



Our organisation and team commit ourselves to perform social responsibilities to the communities where we operate in, through distribution of our products to the needy and also sponsoring in student adoption programmes.

We also provide career opportunities to students from various academic levels to have a sustainable life.



We have enhanced our Code of Conduct ("COC") for our workforce to ensure good governance. The enhanced COC was a collaborative effort with our JV partner, Tyson Foods, Inc., where we leverage on the global best practices into our organisation. At the same time, we observe the 11 Indicators of Forced Labour by the International Labour Organisation as our guiding Principles for Good Workforce Practices. MFM always puts workplace safety and employee health as the first priority. We equip related employees with proper Personal Protective Equipment ("PPE") to protect them from physical hazards at the worksite. Health surveillance was carried out for employees in accordance with Department of Occupational Safety and Health ("DOSH")'s requirements.

To create a healthy and safe working environment, we comply with laws and regulations, provide continuous and consistent trainings to related employees and establish Health, Safety and Environment ("HSE") divisions to oversee these matters in line with MFM's slogan of "Come to work happily, go home safely".

Safety Officer

Our Safety & Health Officers are present to conduct regular checks to ensure compliance with statutory regulations, procedures and practices. They investigate any safety and health-related incidents that happen in the workplace, conduct safety campaigns and provide individual counselling on safety and health-related matters.

Compliance

We comply with the Occupational Safety & Health Act ("OSHA") 1994, Factories & Machinery Act 1967 and their regulations. Our poultry farm reinforces our commitment towards OSHA by developing Occupational Safety & Health Administration manual and implementing Hazard Identification, Risk Assessment and Risk Control ("HIRARC").

Internal Trainings

- Safety Townhall
- Site Induction Safety Tutor ("SIST") for the new worker
- 100 Days Free Recordable Injury Safety Pledge Campaign
- Walkthrough Safety Devices Reliability Check
- Quarterly Safety, Health and Environment ("SHE") Quiz
- Yearly Fire Evacuation Mock Drill Exercise
- Safety Mega Toolbox to the Contractor
- Safety & Health Logo Contest
- Road Safety Awareness Program
- Working at Height & Self Retracting Lifeline
 System
- Chemical Handling Training
- Schedule Waste Awareness Training
- Potential Serious Injury & Fatality ("PSIF") Introduction Training
- Ergonomic Risk Assessment Briefing
- Confined Space Training
- Safety and Health Carnival
- Environmental Awareness Program
- Internal HIRARC Program
- Quarterly Safety & Health Committee Meeting

External Trainings

• Basic Occupational First Aid, CPR, and AED Training

SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2022

- Risk Assessment (HIRARC) Training
- Respirator Training by 3M
- Ammonia and Chlorine Gas Handling
- Authorised Entrant & Standby Person ("AESP")
- Authorised Entrant & Standby Person Refresher ("AESP-R")
- Authorised Gas Tester & Entrant Supervisor ("AGTES")
- Authorised Gas Tester & Entrant Supervisor Refresher ("AGTES")
- Certificate Of Boilerman
- Safe Chemical Handling and spillage control.
- National OSH Conference
- Course of Certified Environmental Professional in Scheduled Waste Management ("CePSWaM")
- Certified Environmental Professional in Bag Filter Operation ("CePBFO")
- Emergency Response Team
- Environment Aspect Impact Training
- Forklift Operator Competency Training
- Hearing Loss Prevention & Occupation Safety and Health (Noise Exposure)
- Lockout Tagout Demonstration
- Respirator Training by 3M
- Safe Defensive Basic Driving Logistic
- Seminar on Compliance with the Environmental Quality Act 1974
- Seminar on Scheduled Waste Management DOE
- Seminar on Uniform Building by Law Act
- Chemical Exposure Monitoring ("CEM")
- Hearing Conservation Programme ("HCP")

Penalty & Fatality

In 2022, we received two penalties pursuant to Section 15(1) of Occupational Safety and Health Act 1994 due to hand injuries recorded in 2020 while a worker was repairing a machinery at the poultry processing plant and a worker operating a machinery at the feed mill.

Unfortunately, in 2022, we recorded a fatal accident involving a truck driver on the road after completing the live birds harvest at the contract farm.

As workplace safety and employee health are our utmost priority, we have thoroughly reviewed and analysed all the incidents and took corrective actions to ensure that all the safe operating procedures are adhered to by all the employees.



3 OPERATIONS EXCELLENCE & GOVERNANCE

To provide our customers with safe and high quality products that adhere to legislation and requirements.

PRODUCTS & SERVICES RESPONSIBILITY

<mark>12</mark> 16

SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2022

CUSTOMER RELATIONS

Developing a healthy relationship with customers is crucial to understand customers' needs in order to improve our products and services quality. MFM Group deploys Customer Relationship Management ("CRM") system to manage customers' feedbacks.

We value and safeguard customer data and privacy as company asset. In 2022, MFM Group did not receive any complaints concerning breaches of customer privacy.

OUR COMMITMENT TO FOOD QUALITY & SAFETY

WE AFFIRM THE FOLLOWING:



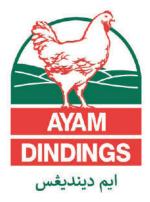
- MFM products are FREE from:
- Any visible metal fragments
- Salmonella and Aflatoxin; yeast and mould



MFM products are certified by:

JAKIM (Department of Islamic Development Malaysia) as HALAL, complying with Islamic dietary requirements.

Customer complaint related to food safety issues: Strictly controlled to be not more than 5 cases per year.



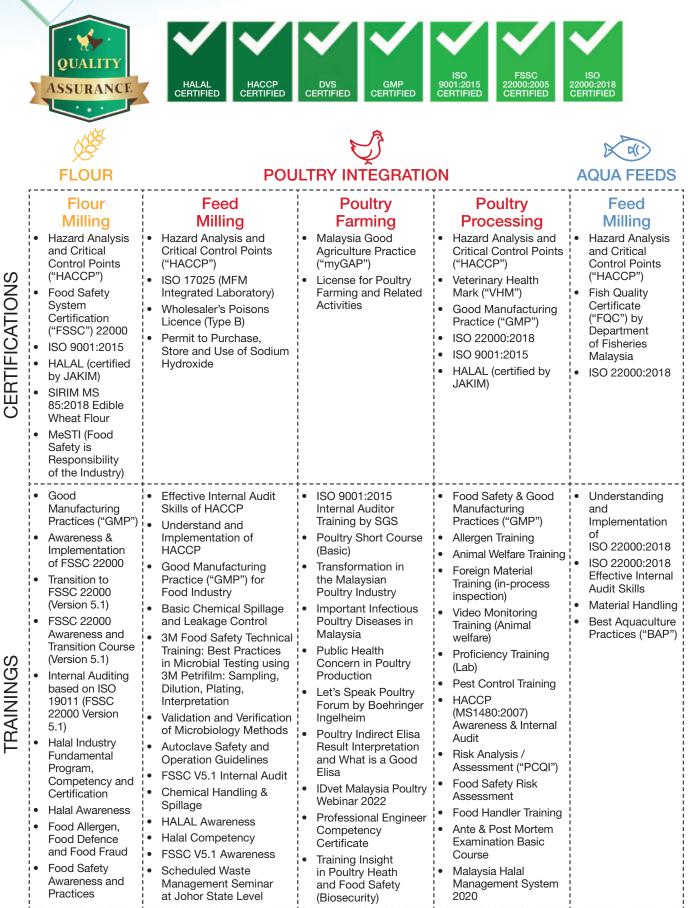








Certificate & Training For Food Safety & Quality



SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2022

SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2022

12 14 16

BIO-SECURITY

MFM Group's poultry farm and hatchery facilities are equipped with bio-security facilities. Bio-security is an effective and efficient way of disease prevention and disease control. Farms are cared by professional and qualified veterinarians who monitor the flock health, carry out diagnosis, provide treatment prescription and conduct research & development ("R&D"). Strict bio-security measures are in place to prevent infestation or disease in farms, thus protecting the environment and workers. The closed house system allows chicken house temperature to be regulated. This reduces bird stress, lowers bird mortality and improves farm performance.

COVID-19 pandemic is a material matter to the Group and management is fully aware of the bio-security risks. Special quarantine areas were set up at the onset of COVID-19. Such measures isolate workers with COVID-19 symptoms from others. The above plus strict adherence to Ministry of Health's Standard Operating Procedures has proven effective in managing COVID-19 risk. Compartmentalisation ensures the safety of employees and business continuity.



We instil high standards of professional and ethical conduct in all employees. Integrity helps us to earn the trust and respect of the people we serve. MFM Group's Code of Conduct sets out the ethical standards to all employees in their dealings with fellow colleagues, customers, shareholders, suppliers, competitors, the wider community and the environment. We uphold our reputation and high standards by living the Code of Conduct. This will help us to achieve the highest possible standards across our businesses within the MFM Group.

ANTI-CORRUPTION

MFM Group has in place the Policy and Guidelines on Gifts and Entertainment to avoid misconduct by its associated persons which may tarnish the Group's reputation or violate the antibribery and competition laws.

The Whistle Blowing Policy and Standard Operating Procedures are also in place for all employees as well as external parties to raise genuine concerns on non-compliance of the Code of Conduct or any misconduct to instil the highest level of corporate governance.

ANTI-COMPETITION BEHAVIOUR

In 2022, MFM Group did not have any legal actions pending or completed related to anti-competition behaviour.





16

16





COMMITTMENT TO SOCIETY

MFM holds the responsibilities not only to consistently provide high quality food to people, but also to give back to society.

Corporate Social Responsibility Towards Workplace



SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2022

Celebration of Festivals

We celebrated festivals in the workplace to cultivate respect and sharing spirits in the Group. The celebrations also provide a great change from the monotony of everyday work routine, uplift employees morale and great opportunity for employees engagement.





Corporate Social Responsibility Towards Workplace (Cont'd)



Women's Day Celebration

We pay tribute to our female employees by celebrating International Women's Day on 8 March 2022 and Vietnamese Woman's Day on 20 Octorber 2022.



Company Trip

Vimaflour Ltd and Mekong Flour Mills Ltd had organised company trip to promote team spirits and bonding among colleagues.



Corporate Social Responsibility Towards Workplace (Cont'd)

SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2022

2 3 4 10

Safety & Health Carnival

A Safety & Health Carnival was held on 21 December 2022 to promote safety awareness in the workplace. We celebrated the milestone achievement of 100-day without recordable injury at the primary and further processing plant. Government agencies such as BOMBA, PERKESO and other private agencies had also participated in the carnival.



Corporate Social Responsibility Towards Marketplace

Technical Training and Support

Vimaflour Ltd and Mekong Flour Mills Ltd had organised technical support workshops/visits to provide customers with training and support on any quality related issue.









Corporate Social Responsibility Towards Community



Charity Activities

Vimaflour Ltd had organised and donated in charity events whereby underprivileged children were provided with daily necessities, bicycle, school stationeries and gifts.



Blood Donation

Mekong Flour Mills Ltd participated in a blood donation event coordinated by the Red Cross and Cho Ray Hospital.





Corporate Social Responsibility Towards Community (Cont'd)



SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2022

Plant Tour for Ha Long Highschool Students

Vimaflour Ltd had organised a plant tour for students and provided them with an interactive introduction on flour milling industry. The objective was to motivate them to learn better and attract their interest in the flour milling industry.



GROUP FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	2018 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000
Revenue	2,423,774	2,681,563	2,118,949	2,426,936	2,915,570
Profit before tax from continuing operations	39,933	78,295	133,668	96,904	179,444
Tax expense	(12,467)	(17,693)	(24,661)	(35,881)	(25,444)
Profit from continuing operations	27,466	60,602	109,007	61,023	154,000
Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax	-	-	(88,423)	137,519	-
Profit for the year	27,466	60,602	20,584	198,542	154,000
Minority interests	(9,690)	(17,351)	(15,171)	(24,633)	(8,955)
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	17,776	43,251	5,413	173,909	145,045
Issued share capital (RM'000)	377,501	527,571	530,665	535,623	535,902
Shareholders' fund (RM'000)	819,950	1,094,312	1,070,859	1,254,314	1,364,416
Net assets per share (sen) *	149	109	106	123	134
Basic earnings per share (sen) **	3.23	4.51	0.54ª	17.08ª	14.22 ª
Gross dividends (%)	5.50	5.72	1.92	3.81	5.71
* Based on number of shares ('000)	550,285	1,004,095	1,010,282	1,019,653	1,020,210
** Based on weighted average number of shares ('000)	550,285	958,710	1,007,587	1,018,156	1,019,923

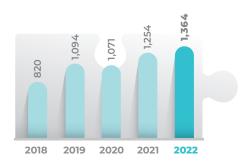
Note:

a. As disclosed in Note 23 to the Financial Statements.

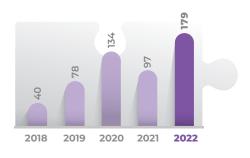












Corporate Governance Overview Statement

The Board of Directors ("the Board") of Malayan Flour Mills Berhad ("the Company") strives to ensure that good corporate governance is embraced in the conduct of the businesses and affairs of the Company, its subsidiaries and joint ventures ("the Group") as it is the Board's fundamental responsibility to protect and enhance long-term shareholder value and the financial performance of the Group, whilst taking into account the interest of all stakeholders.

The Board recognises that the practice of good corporate governance, by being ethical, accountable and transparent, is vital for the sustainability of the Group. The Board makes adjustments as may be appropriate with the ultimate objective of continuously enhancing the business processes, stakeholder value and increasing the confidence of the investors and customers.

The Board has been guided by the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2021 ("MCCG 2021") in its corporate governance practices. Whilst ensuring compliance with Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements ("Listing Requirements") and the Companies Act 2016, the Board always keep abreast with the developments in industry practices and the requirements by other relevant regulations to uphold the highest level of corporate governance throughout the Group.

This statement provides an overview of the corporate governance practices of the Company in respect of financial year ended 31 December 2022 and to be read together with the Corporate Governance Report of the Company ("CG Report") which is available on the Company's website at <u>www.mfm.com.my</u>. The CG Report discloses the Company's application of each practice set out in the MCCG 2021.

This overview statement describes the approaches that the Company has taken with respect to the 3 key principles of the MCCG 2021 as follows:

- A. Board Leadership and Effectiveness
- B. Effective Audit and Risk Management
- C. Integrity in Corporate Reporting and Meaningful Relationship with Stakeholders

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS

I. Board Responsibilities

Roles and Responsibilities of the Board

The Board plays a role in providing stewardship and control of the Group's business and affairs on behalf of shareholders with due consideration on the impact of the Group's activities on its stakeholders. The Board is responsible for the oversight and overall management of the Group by providing guidance and direction to the management with regards to the sustainability, strategic planning, risk management, succession planning, financial and operations to meet the expectations and obligations to the shareholders and various stakeholders.

Amongst the key responsibilities of the Board are as follows:

- · Review and approve short and medium terms strategic plans
- Monitor the progress of the Group's businesses to evaluate whether the businesses are properly managed to achieve its targeted returns and sustainability
- Establish goals for management and monitor the achievement of these goals
- Identify principal business risks faced by the Group and ensure the implementation of appropriate internal controls and mitigating measures to address the risks
- Review the adequacy of the internal control systems

Corporate Governance Overview Statement (cont'd)

- Review succession and human resource plans
- Consider management's recommendations on key issues including investments, acquisitions, funding and significant capital expenditure

The Board delegates the day-to-day management of the Group to the Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director who further cascades the delegation to the management team. Both the Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director and management team remain accountable to the Board for the authority delegated to them and brief the Board on the operational progress and financial results on a quarterly basis.

Significant matters reserved for the consideration of the Board include the following:

- Approval of financial statements including accounting policies of the Group
- Declaration of dividends
- Approval of annual budget
- Approval for the appointment and remuneration of Directors and Senior Management staff
- Proposed corporate exercise
- Borrowings from financial institutions
- Acquisition and disposal of assets
- New investments such as joint venture

As for the succession planning, the Board is responsible in reviewing candidates for the appointment of Director and key management positions. The Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director updates the Board annually and from time to time on the details of the programmes for management development such as coaching, leadership and technical training. The Board also reviews the remuneration of the Directors and key Senior Management to ensure that their remuneration packages are sufficiently attractive to attract and retain the talents.

Separation of positions of the Chairman and Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director

The Board Charter provides clear division of responsibility between the Chairman and the Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director to ensure that there is a balance of power and authority, such that no one individual has unfettered powers of decision-making.

Subsequent to the demise of the late Tun Arshad bin Ayub, who was the Non-Independent Non-Executive Chairman, Datuk Oh Chong Peng, who is an Independent Non-Executive Director, was appointed as Chairman of the Board on 18 August 2022. He is responsible for leading and ensuring the Board effectiveness and compliance with corporate governance. He acts as a facilitator at Board meetings and general meetings to ensure that the meetings are carried out smoothly according to their agenda.

Mr Teh Wee Chye is the Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director of the Company and leads the day-to-day management of the Group. He, together with the support of the management team, formulate business strategies and plans to achieve the Group's vision and missions, targeted growth, turnover and profitability to meet the stakeholders' expectation. He is responsible for implementing the policies and decisions of the Board and coordinating the implementation of business and corporate strategies.

The Chairman and Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director have regular dialogues over all operational matters. Between Board meetings, the Chairman maintains an informal link between the Board and the Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director, expects to be kept informed by the Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director on all important matters and is available to the Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director to provide counsel and advice where appropriate.

Board Meetings and Time Commitment

The Board meets at least 6 times annually with quarterly meeting being held to review amongst other matters the business progress report and financial results. Board meetings for the ensuing financial year are scheduled prior to the commencement of that year to enable the Board and management to plan their schedule ahead. Additional meetings are convened in between scheduled meetings when Board's decision is required for urgent and important proposals or matters. Where appropriate, the Board's decision may be made via Circular Resolution in between scheduled meetings. Decisions of the Board are made unanimously or by consensus.

For the Board to deliberate effectively on agenda of the meetings, relevant meeting papers will be furnished to the Directors in advance of each meeting. This allows the Directors sufficient time to peruse the papers and have productive discussion and make informed decision at the meeting.

All deliberations and decisions made by the Board are properly recorded by the Company Secretary by way of minutes of the meetings. Minutes of proceedings and resolutions passed at each Board and Board Committees meetings are kept in the minutes book at the registered office of the Company.

In the event of a potential conflict of interest, the Director in such position will make a declaration to that effect as soon as practicable at the Board meeting. The Director concerned will then abstain from any decision-making process in which he has an interest in.

The Board is satisfied with the level of time commitment given by all the Directors towards fulfilling their duties and responsibilities as Directors of the Company. This is reflected by their full attendances at the Board and various Board Committees meetings held during the year as set out in the table below:

Name of Directors	Board	Audit & Risk Management Committee	Nomination Committee	Remuneration Committee
Non-Independent				
Teh Wee Chye	6/6	-	-	4/4
Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon	6/6	-	2/2	4/4
Azhari Arshad	6/6	-	-	-
Lim Pang Boon	6/6	-	-	-
Independent				
Datuk Oh Chong Peng	6/6	5/5	2/2	4/4
Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain	6/6	5/5	2/2	-
Quah Poh Keat	6/6	5/5	-	-
Prof. Datin Paduka Setia Dato' Dr Aini binti Ideris	6/6	-	2/2	-
Dato' Maznah binti Abdul Jalil	6/6	1/1	-	-

All the Directors have complied with the requirement to attend at least 50% of the Board meetings held in the financial year pursuant to the Listing Requirements.

Besides attending Board and Board Committees meetings, as their commitment in discharging their duties and responsibilities, some Directors had also attended offsite meetings with relevant authorities and discussion meetings with management.

Corporate Governance Overview Statement (cont'd)

In addition, all the Directors of the Company do not hold directorships at more than five public listed companies as prescribed in paragraph 15.06 of the Listing Requirements and thus, able to commit sufficient time to the Company. For notification to the Companies Commission of Malaysia as well as monitoring purpose, the Directors are required to notify the Company on any changes in their other directorship of public companies or subsidiaries of public companies.

Access to Advice and Information

In order for the Board to effectively discharge its duties and responsibilities, the Directors are provided with full, complete and unrestricted access to timely and accurate information. All Board and Committee members are provided with the agenda and reports relevant to the business of the meeting in advance so that the Directors have sufficient time to prepare and deliberate on the issues prior to the meeting.

Senior Management members are also invited to attend Board meetings to provide the Board with their views and explanations on certain agenda items tabled to the Board and to furnish their clarification on issues that may be raised by Directors.

In addition, the Directors may request for independent advice from the relevant professionals for the discharge of their duties, at the Company's expense.

Qualified and Competent Company Secretary

In furtherance of their duties, the Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary who satisfied the qualifications as prescribed under Sections 235(2) and 241 of the Companies Act 2016. The Company Secretary is responsible for ensuring that Board meeting procedures are adhered to and that applicable laws, rules and regulations are complied with. The Board is updated and advised by the Company Secretary from time to time on new statutes and directives issued by the regulatory authorities.

The Company Secretary organises and attends all the Board and Board Committees meetings as well as the General Meetings and ensures accurate records of the proceedings and decisions of the meetings are made and properly kept.

The Company Secretary also notifies the Directors on each closed period for dealing in the Company's listed securities, based on the targeted dates of announcements of the Group's quarterly results and in accordance with the period defined in Chapter 14 of the Listing Requirements, before the commencement of each closed period as prior notice of the closed period. The Directors are also being advised on the procedure for dealing in the Company's listed securities during the closed period to aid them in complying with the Listing Requirements.

The Company Secretary always keeps abreast of the evolving regulatory changes and developments in corporate governance through continuous training as she plays an important role in advising the Board on updates relating to new statutory and relevant regulatory requirements.

Directors' Continuing Development

The Directors of the Company have continued to attend and participate in various programmes which they have individually or collectively considered as relevant for them to keep abreast with the changes in regulations and trends in the business practices, environment and markets.

From time to time, the Board will be updated on the companies and securities legislations and other relevant rules and regulations at the Board and Board Committees meetings, in order to acquaint them with the latest developments in these areas. Beside this, the Directors also receive regular briefings and updates from the management on the Group's businesses, operations, risk management, internal controls, corporate governance and finance.

In addition, the Company Secretary also receives regular updates on training programmes from Bursa Securities and various organisations which will be circulated to the Directors for their consideration.



The Company Secretary facilitates the participation of the Directors in the external training programmes and keeps record of the trainings attended by all the Directors.

For the year under review, the Directors had attended various appropriate seminars, conferences, workshop and courses covering audit, corporate governance, information technology, economy, environmental sustainability, equities and leadership of the following topics:

- Audit Oversight Board's Conversation with Audit Committees
- MIA Virtual Conference Series: Women of Substance Symposium 2021
- Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures ("TCFD") 101: Getting started with climaterelated financial reporting
- KPMG Board Leadership Center Exclusive: Insights into TCFD and Sustainable Finance
- MAICSA Annual Conference 2022
- Invitation to the Securities Commission Malaysia's Audit Oversight Board Conversation with Audit Committees
- ESG Corporate Summit "Driving Sustainability and Sustainable Transformation"
- Digital Leadership for Sustainable Business in Industry 4.0
- Investment Opportunities in a Post COVID-19 Pandemic World
- Corporate Governance and Growth
- 2022 International SPAC Summit Kuala Lumpur Edition
- Advocacy Session for Directors and Senior Management of Main Market Listed Issuers
- Adaptive Leadership: Leading for Personal and Organisational Renewal (Practice of Reality Improvement)
- Code of Conduct

Board Charter

The roles and functions of the Board are clearly defined in the Board Charter which regulates how business is to be conducted by the Board in accordance with the principles of good Corporate Governance. The Board Charter was last revised in 2022 to reflect the changes in the composition of the Board and Board Committees. The Board Charter is available on the Company's website.

Code of Conduct

The Company's Code of Conduct ("Code") is in force across the Group and all employees must comply with it. Disciplinary action may be taken against employees who are found guilty for non-compliance with the Code. The Code sets out the ethical standards of conduct that all employees are expected to comply with in their dealings with fellow colleagues, customers, shareholders, suppliers, competitors, the wider community and the environment.

Every employee must display and behave in a manner which is consistent with the Group's philosophy and core values. The following Code of Conduct must be adhered to at all times by all employees within the Group:

- a. Demonstrating commitment
- b. Living the core values of the Group
- c. Avoiding conflict of interest
- d. Preventing bribery and corruption
- e. Practising confidentiality and data protection
- f. Communicating externally and internally with ethics and within authority
- g. Protecting company assets and resources
- h. Giving equal opportunity, non-discrimination and fair employment
- i. Ensuring safety and protecting the environment
- j. Prohibiting insider trading
- k. Complying with Antitrust and Competition Laws

Corporate Governance Overview Statement (cont'd)

The Code is subject to change and review as and when it is deemed necessary by the Company. The Code was last revised in 2022 to enhance the policy with new clauses, definitions and disclosure form.

As personal commitment to the Code, each employee of the Group is required to make a declaration that he/she has been furnished a copy of the Code, has read and understood the Code, accepted to comply with the Code and understood that any breach of the Code may result in disciplinary action being taken against him/her. The Code is available on the Company's website.

Policy and Guidelines on Gifts and Entertainment

In line with good practice of corporate governance in the conduct of business and affairs of the Group and as part of the measures to avoid conflict of interest and prevention of bribery and corruption in compliance with Section 17A(5) of the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act 2009 ("MACC Act"), the Group has adopted the Policy and Guidelines on Gifts and Entertainment ("Policy and Guidelines") on 6 July 2020.

The Policy and Guidelines apply to the Board of Directors, officers and employees, including contractual employees, consultants, agents and person associated with the Group ("Associated Persons").

The Group requires its Associated Persons to abide by the Policy and Guidelines to avoid conflict of interest or the appearance of conflict of interest for either party in on-going or potential business dealing between the Group and external parties as a gift can be seen as a bribe that may tarnish the Group's reputation or be in violation of anti-bribery and corruption laws.

The Policy and Guidelines were published on the Internal Newsletter for the attention of all the existing employees as well as notified to the suppliers and customers via letter or email. All new recruits will also be briefed on the Policy and Guidelines during the orientation.

For enhancement, the Policy and Guidelines were revised in 2022 with new clauses, definitions and declaration form.

The Policy and Guidelines are also published on the Company's website.

Whistle Blowing Policy

The Company has a Whistle Blowing Policy in place. The objectives of the Standard Operating Procedures & Policy ("SOPP") on Whistle Blowing Policy are as follows:

- a. To instill the highest level of corporate governance in the Group;
- b. To encourage and enable all employees to raise genuine concerns within the Group rather than overlooking a problem. Employees are reminded to conduct the business at the highest ethical and legal standards; and
- c. To set a procedure for all employees to give information on non-compliances to the Code of Conduct, regardless of his or her position, to an independent party to investigate the allegations and take the appropriate actions.

A Whistle Blowing Policy for external parties is published on the Company's website.

All employees or any person who has dealings with the Group may report any suspected fraud, misconduct or any integrity concerns to Datuk Oh Chong Peng, Independent Non-Executive Chairman of the Company, via the email address at <u>whistleblowing@mflour.com.my</u>.

Sustainability Management

The Board together with the Management are committed and responsible towards the governance of sustainability in the Group including setting the sustainability strategies, priorities and targets. Detailed information on the Group's approaches towards addressing sustainability risks and opportunities are provided in the Sustainability Report on pages 25 to 57 of this Annual Report.

II. Board Composition

Composition and Balance of the Board

There are currently 9 Directors on the Board comprising 2 Executive Directors and a strong team of 7 Non-Executive Directors of whom 5 are Independent Directors. The size and composition of the Board provides for a diversity of views, the desired level of objectivity and independence in Board deliberations and decision-making.

The Directors of the Company are persons of high integrity and calibre who come from diverse backgrounds with expertise and skills in banking, finance, accounting, manufacturing, retailing, property development, public services, education and legal.

The present Board composition complies with paragraph 15.02 of the Listing Requirements which require a minimum of 2 directors or 1/3 of the Board to be independent directors, whichever is the higher.

The Board diversity shall be considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience in varying stages of business development and internationally, personal characteristics, skills and knowledge. Currently, the Board comprises amongst others, diverse professional experience, ethnicity, age and gender diversity with 2 women Directors on the Board which represent 20% of the Board.

The size and composition of the Board are reviewed annually by the Nomination Committee via the Performance Evaluation. The Board is satisfied with the current composition in terms of size, skills and experience, diversity of age, gender and background which has ensured well-balanced views to facilitate effective decision making.

As the Company practices equal opportunity and non-discrimination in any form, the selection criteria for appointment of Director continued to be based on merit, calibre, skill and knowledge which are relevant to the Group. A brief profile of each Director of the Company can be found on pages 5 to 12 of this Annual Report.

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

The procedures for appointments to the Board are formal and transparent. On 25 May 2022, the Company adopted a Directors' Fit and Proper Policy ("Policy") which serves as a guide to the Nomination Committee and the Board in their review and assessment of candidates for appointment onto the Board as well as Directors who are seeking for re-election. The Policy also sets out the fit and proper criteria for the appointment and re-election of Directors. The Policy is to ensure that each of the Directors possesses the character, integrity, relevant range of skills, knowledge, experience, competence and time commitment to discharge his/her role and responsibilities as a Director.

The Nomination Committee shall assess each candidate for new appointment as Director based on the fit and proper criteria as spelt out in the Policy before recommending to the Board for approval.

For the position of independent non-executive director, the Nomination Committee also evaluates the candidate's calibre, credibility and necessary skill and experience to bring an independent judgement and view to matters under consideration. Upon performing the requisite assessment by the Nomination Committee, the new nomination of Director will be recommended to the Board for approval.

As for the appointment of Key Senior Management of the Group, it is based on merit and with due regards for diversity in skills, experience, age and gender.

The Constitution of the Company provides that all Directors shall hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting ("AGM") subsequent to their appointment and shall then be eligible for re-election.

Corporate Governance Overview Statement (cont'd)

In respect of the retirement by rotation of Directors, the Constitution provides that at least 1/3 or the nearest to 1/3 of the Directors for the time being are subject to retirement by rotation at each AGM and that all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once in every 3 years. The Director who is subject to retirement at the AGM, shall be eligible for re-election.

A Director who is due for re-election at the AGM will first be assessed by the Nomination Committee on his performance and contribution, who will then submit its recommendation to the Board for deliberation and endorsement. Thereafter, shareholders' approval will be sought for the re-election.

Information of the Director standing for re-election such as his personal profile, attendance of meetings and shareholdings are available in this Annual Report for the shareholders to make an informed decision.

Independence of Directors

The Independent Non-Executive Directors are not involved in the day-to-day management of the Company and not full-time salaried employees. They contribute independent views to matters under consideration and provide wide and unfettered perspective on issues. They also bring to the Board integrity and a strong sense of ethics as well as ensuring effective check and balance in the functioning of the Board.

Currently, the Board Charter provides that there shall be no fixed term of office for an Independent Director as the Board believes that continued contribution by long serving Directors provides more benefit to the Company and the Group as a whole. Their considerable knowledge of the Company's culture and businesses would facilitate them to discharge their duties and role as Independent Directors more effectively. However, each Independent Director shall be subject to the Independent Director's Self-Assessment for Annual Declaration of Independence and the annual Individual Director Self/Peer Evaluation to ensure that each of them continues to fulfill the definition of independence as set out in the Listing Requirements.

Based on both the results of the Independent Director's Self-Assessment for Annual Declaration of Independence and annual Individual Director Self/Peer Evaluation, the Nomination Committee and the Board were satisfied that all the Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company had continued to be independent-minded and demonstrate conduct and behaviour that are essential indicators of independence.

The Nomination Committee and Board also concluded that the length of service of all the Independent Directors on the Board do not in any way interfere with their exercise of independent judgement and ability to act in the best interests of the Group and they had continued to possess the following qualities:

- They are respectable personalities in society. Hence, their contributions, views and insights are always taken seriously and respected by the management;
- They have the ability to analyse issues, challenge viewpoints of the management with intelligent questioning and debate rigorously in the decision-making process; and
- They remain capable of exercising unbiased, objective and independent view, advice and judgement in the decision-making process.

Board Committees

The Board has delegated certain responsibilities to the Board Committees which are necessary to facilitate efficient decision-making to assist the Board in the execution of its duties, power and authorities. The Committees assist the Board in its duties by preparing and reviewing in more detail matters falling within the competence of the Board. The functions and terms of reference of all the Board Committees are clearly defined in the Board Charter and are available on the Company's website. The Chairman of the various committees will report to the Board on the outcome of the respective Committee meetings and such reports are incorporated in the minutes of the Board meeting.



The Board has 3 permanent committees namely, Audit & Risk Management Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee. The Board retains full responsibility for the direction and control of the Company and the Group.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee shall comprise exclusively of non-executive directors, a majority of whom must be independent. The Committee currently consists of 3 Independent Non-Executive Directors and 1 Non-Independent Non-Executive Director as follows:

Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain (Chairman)	Independent Non-Executive Director		
Datuk Oh Chong Peng	Independent Non-Executive Chairman		
Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon	Non-Independent Non-Executive Director		
Prof. Datin Paduka Setia Dato' Dr Aini binti Ideris	Independent Non-Executive Director		

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

- a. To review regularly the Board structure, size and composition and make recommendations to the Board with regard to any adjustments that are deemed necessary and to recommend Directors to Committees of the Board;
- b. To be responsible for identifying and nominating candidates for the approval of the Board to fill Board vacancies as and when they arise as well as put in place plans for succession, in particular, of the Chairman and the Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director;
- c. To review the required mix of skills and experience and other qualities and competencies which Non-Executive Directors should bring to the Board and to assess the effectiveness of the Board, Committees of the Board and contributions of Directors of the Board;
- d. To review the balance between Executive and Non-Executive Directors and to ensure at least 1/3 of the Board is comprised of Independent Directors in compliance with the Listing Requirements;
- e. To recommend to the Board for the continuation (or not) in service of an Executive Director as an Executive or Non-Executive Director;
- f. To recommend Directors who are retiring by rotation to be put forward for re-election; and
- g. To recommend to the Board the employment of the services of such advisers as it deems necessary to fulfill its responsibilities.

The Nomination Committee had conducted the Performance Evaluation of the Board, Board Committees and Individual Director for year 2022 via questionnaires which were completed by each Director on a confidential basis. The questionnaires comprised a Board and Board Committees Performance Evaluation, an Individual Director Self/Peer Evaluation and an Independent Director's Self-Assessment for Annual Declaration of Independence. The effectiveness of the Board was assessed in the areas of composition, operations, roles and responsibilities, addressing the Company's material sustainability risks and opportunities and performance of the Chairman.

In the evaluation of each Board Committee, its effectiveness was assessed in terms of its composition, level of assistance to the Board, fulfilment of the roles by each member of the Committee and effectiveness of its Chairman.

Meanwhile, the individual Director was assessed based on his/her contribution to interaction, quality of input, understanding of his/her role and fit and proper criteria to ensure that each of the Directors possesses the character, integrity, relevant range of skills, knowledge, experience, competence and time commitment to discharge his/her role and responsibilities as a Director.

Corporate Governance Overview Statement (cont'd)

Results of the assessments and areas which required improvement were compiled and reviewed by the Nomination Committee. For the overall results of the assessments, the Board and Board Committees had achieved the strong ratings.

Having been satisfied with the results of the assessments, the Nomination Committee had recommended to the Board that:

- The Board and Board Committees had been able to discharge their duties and responsibilities professionally and effectively.
- Each of the Directors continued to perform, contribute and devote sufficient time in fulfilling his/her role and responsibility towards an effective Board.
- All the Independent Directors complied with the definition of Independent Director as defined in the Listing Requirements.
- All the Independent Directors had remained objective and independent in expressing their views and in exercising their decision-making irrespective of their length of service.
- Shareholders' approval be sought at the forthcoming AGM for the re-election of Datuk Oh Chong Peng, Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain, Mr Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon and Dato' Maznah binti Abdul Jalil who are retiring by rotation and being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election.

III. Remuneration

Remuneration Policies for Directors and Senior Management

The remuneration framework for executive directors and senior management has an underlying objective of attracting and retaining directors and senior management needed to run the Company successfully. The Company has in place a remuneration policy which linked the remuneration package of the Executive Directors and Senior Management to the corporate and individual performance. The remuneration package of the Executive Directors and Senior Management comprises the basic salary, performance incentive and other benefits as are laid down by the Company's rules and regulations from time to time. Their remuneration packages are periodically reviewed to keep abreast with the changes in the market and industry as well as to motivate and retain the talents to pursue the long term goals of the Group.

The policy to determine the remuneration of Directors is provided in the Board Charter. The Non-Executive Directors are paid Directors' fees, Board Committees' fixed allowance and meeting allowance for each Board and Committee meeting they attend. In addition, the Company reimburses reasonable expenses incurred by the Directors in the course of discharging their duties.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee shall comprise mainly of non-executive directors. The Committee currently consists of 3 Independent Non-Executive Directors, 1 Non-Independent Non-Executive Director and 1 Executive Director as follows:

Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon (Chairman)	Non-Independent Non-Executive Director
Datuk Oh Chong Peng	Independent Non-Executive Chairman
Teh Wee Chye	Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director
Prof. Datin Paduka Setia Dato' Dr Aini binti Ideris	Independent Non-Executive Director
Dato' Maznah bin Abdul Jalil	Independent Non-Executive Director

The terms of reference of the Committee are as follows:

- a. To determine and agree with the Board the framework or broad policy for the remuneration of the Company's or Group's Chief Executive and other Senior Management staff of the Company or Group;
- b. To determine and recommend to the Board any performance related pay schemes for the Company or Group;
- c. To determine the policy for and scope of service agreements for the executive directors, termination payments and compensation commitments;
- d. To oversee any major changes in employee remuneration and benefit structures throughout the Company or Group;
- e. To produce an annual report of the Committee's remuneration policy for Board members which will form part of the Company/Group's annual report and accounts; and
- f. To recommend to the Board the appointment of the services of such advisers or consultants as it deems necessary to fulfill its responsibilities.

The Committee reviews and recommends for the Board's consideration the Directors' fees, Board Committees' fixed allowance and meeting allowance. In reviewing and recommending the Directors' fees, the Committee ensures that the level of remuneration for the Non-Executive Directors commensurate with their scope of responsibilities and contributions to the effective functioning of the Group. The Committee also reviews and recommends the yearly salary increment and performance incentives of the Senior Management for the Board's approval.

Executive Director will abstain from deliberations and voting decisions in respect of his remuneration. Non-Executive Directors' remuneration will be a matter to be decided by the Board as a whole with the Director concerned abstaining from deliberations and voting decisions in respect of his individual remuneration. The Directors' fees and benefits payable to the Directors are subject to yearly approval by the shareholders at the AGM.

Details of the Directors' remuneration paid or payable or otherwise made to all Directors of the Company in respect of financial year 2022 are disclosed in the CG Report.

PRINCIPLE B: EFFECTIVE AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

I. Audit & Risk Management Committee

The composition, duties and responsibilities of the Audit & Risk Management Committee together with its report are presented on pages 75 to 78 of this Annual Report.

II. Risk Management and Internal Control Framework

The Group has a sound system of internal control which covers not only financial controls but also operational, compliance and risk management. The system of internal control provides reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatements, losses and fraud.

The Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control as set out on pages 79 to 83 of this Annual Report provides an overview of the state of internal controls within the Group.

Corporate Governance Overview Statement (cont'd)

PRINCIPLE C: INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING AND MEANINGFUL RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

I. Engagement with Stakeholders

Financial Reporting

The Directors take responsibility for presenting a balanced and objective assessment of the Group's financial performance and prospects primarily through the quarterly and annual financial announcements of results. In addition, the Chairman's Statement and Management Discussion and Analysis are also contained in this Annual Report for the shareholders.

The Group's financial statements are prepared in accordance with the requirements of the applicable approved accounting standards in Malaysia and the provisions of the Companies Act 2016. Efforts are made to ensure that in presenting the financial statements, the appropriate accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates are being used.

Corporate Disclosure

The Company is mindful of the importance to disseminate information to shareholders and investors in a prompt and timely manner in order for informed decision to be made. As such, the Board has always stressed for all material information to be announced immediately upon available. This is not only for compliance with the Listing Requirements but also to avoid insider trading.

Communication with Stakeholders

The timely release of quarterly financial results, the issuance of the Company's Annual Reports and Circular/ Statement to Shareholders as well as announcements to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and Press Releases on material information and corporate proposals are the principal channels for dissemination of information to its investors, stakeholders and the public generally.

The Company's website at <u>www.mfm.com.my</u> provides quick access to information on the Group. The information available on the website of the Company includes, amongst others, the Corporate Profile, Directors' Profile, Financial Results, Annual Reports, Announcements released to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, Research Reports, Constitution of the Company, Board Charter, Terms of Reference of Board Committees, Corporate Governance Statement, Minutes of General Meetings, Code of Conduct, Policy and Guidelines on Gifts and Entertainment, Whistle Blowing Policy, dividend information, corporate news, operations and products of the Group.

From time to time, the designated Senior Management also has dialogues with fund managers, research analysts and media on the strategies, performance and prospects of the Group.

In addition, information was also provided to shareholders and/or investors in the replies to their enquiries via the email address at <u>ir@mflour.com.my</u>.

As there may be instances where investors and shareholders may prefer to express their concerns to an independent director, the Board has appointed the Chairman, Datuk Oh Chong Peng, as the Senior Independent Non-Executive Director to whom concerns may be directed. At all times, investors and shareholders may contact the Company Secretary for information on the Group.

The Group continues to engage with each of its stakeholders such as shareholders, investors, regulators, customers, suppliers, employees and other communities through a variety of approaches to address their concerns and maintain an open communication. The summary of the engagement platforms with the various stakeholders is provided in the Sustainability Report on page 34 of this Annual Report.



The Board recognises the importance of maintaining an effective communication with the shareholders and the general public. All shareholders are encouraged to attend the Company's General Meetings and to participate in the proceedings.

In line with best corporate governance practice, the Notice of AGM is issued to the shareholders 28 days prior to the meeting to provide them sufficient time to prepare, participate and make informed voting decision at the AGM.

The Company had successfully conducted its virtual AGM on 25 May 2022 through live streaming and online remote voting using Remote Participation and Electronic Voting ("RPEV") facilities.

The conduct of the virtual General Meeting was in compliance with the Constitution of the Company which allows General Meeting to be held using any technology or electronic means.

In view of the attendance limitation of public gatherings for safe distancing to prevent the spread of COVID-19 pandemic and taking into consideration the well-being of shareholders and all participants, only the Chairman, the Board, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and other essential persons were allowed to be physically present at the broadcast venue while the meeting participants participated in the AGM remotely.

As an effort to encourage engagement with the shareholders, questions in relation to the agenda items, business and performance of the Company may be emailed to the Company by the shareholders prior to the General Meeting at any time from the day of notice of General Meeting and up to 48 hours before the meeting. On the day of the meeting, every opportunity was given to the shareholders to ask questions and seek clarification during the live webcast by posing questions through the messaging window facility of the Virtual Meeting Portal which was opened concurrently with the Virtual Meeting Portal an hour before the commencement of the meeting.

Questions posed by shareholders were read out during the "Questions and Answers" session and the Chairman, Managing Director or Chief Financial Officer had responded to all the relevant questions raised and provided clarification accordingly. As such, the shareholders had experienced real time interaction with the Board during the General Meeting.

During the AGM, the Managing Director and Senior Management had also presented the overview of the financial performance of the Group, business outlook and reasons of the higher price of flour and poultry.

In accordance with the Listing Requirements, all the resolutions set out in the notice of the AGM were voted by poll. All the shareholders who participated in the AGM remotely had voted on all the resolutions using the RPEV facilities. An independent scrutineer for the electronic poll voting process was appointed to verify all the votes. Upon verifying the votes, the scrutineer announced the voting results which were displayed on the screen. The poll results were subsequently announced to Bursa Securities on the same day.

The full minutes of the AGM detailing the meeting proceedings, including issues and concerns raised by the shareholders together with the responses of the Company, were published on the Company's website for the information and benefit of all the shareholders of the Company no later than 30 business days after the conclusion of the General Meeting.

Additional Compliance Information

The following information is provided in compliance with Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements.

1. Utilisation of Proceeds Raised from Corporate Proposals

(a) Disposal of 49% equity interest pursuant to strategic partnership with Tyson International Holding Company ("Tyson")

On 31 May 2021, the share purchase agreement ("SPA") entered into between the Company and Tyson for the disposal of 49% equity interest in Dindings Tyson Sdn Bhd ("DTSB"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, to Tyson for a total disposal consideration of up to RM420,000,000 to be satisfied wholly by cash, in conjunction with the proposed strategic partnership with Tyson, was completed.

The disposal consideration is to be received in 3 tranches - Initial Consideration, First Earnout Consideration and Second Earnout Consideration. The Initial Consideration has been received in 2021 whilst the First Earnout Consideration and the Second Earnout Consideration will be calculated and paid, subject to conditions being met, based on the audited financial statements of DTSB Group for the financial years ended/ending 2022 and 2023 respectively.

Based on the Profit Guarantee Account, the EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation) of DTSB Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 was less than RM54 million and as such Tyson was entitled to the Profit Guarantee Payment of RM15 million. On 16 August 2022, the Company remitted the Profit Guarantee Payment of RM15 million to Tyson. The net Initial Consideration proceeds were RM169.944 million after deducting the Profit Guarantee Payment of RM15 million.

Description of Utilisation of Proceeds	Initial Consideration Proceeds (RM'000)	Actual Utilisation (RM'000)	Balance of Initial Consideration Proceeds Unutilised as at 31 March 2023 (RM'000)	Expected Time Frame for Utilisation of Proceeds (from date of receipt of the proceeds)
Repayment of bank borrowings	170,944	170,944	-	Within 6 months
Estimated expenses in relation to the Strategic Partnership	14,000	# 14,060	-	Within 1 month
Total	184,944	185,004	-	
Profit Guarantee Payment	(15,000)		-	
Net Total	169,944		-	

The summary of the utilisation of Initial Consideration proceeds is as follows:-

The additional expenses incurred were paid from working capital.



The Company has on 28 January 2019 completed its Rights Issue of Redeemable Convertible Unsecured Loan Stocks ("RCULS") and Rights Issue of Shares with free Warrants and Bonus Shares (collectively referred to as the "Rights Issue"). Pursuant to the Rights Issue, 165,084,641 RCULS at 100% of its nominal value of RM1.00 and 220,113,744 Rights Shares of RM0.50 each were issued and cash proceeds of RM275,141,513 were raised.

Description of Utilisation of Proceeds	Rights Issue Proceeds (RM'000)	Actual Utilisation (RM'000)	Balance of Rights Issue Proceeds Unutilised as at 31 March 2023 (RM'000)	Expected Time Frame for Utilisation of Proceeds (from date of receipt of the proceeds)
Capital expenditure and repayment of revolving credit loans drawn to finance the capital expenditure	216,761	216,761	-	@ Within 3 years
Repayment of revolving credit loans drawn to finance working capital requirement	54,798	54,798	-	Within 1 year
Estimated expenses for the Rights Issue	3,583	# 3,954	-	Within 1 month
Total	275,142	275,513	-	

The summary of the utilisation of Rights Issue proceeds is as follows:-

@ The time frame for the utilisation of proceeds has been extended for another 1 year from 28 January 2021 until 28 January 2022.

The additional expenses incurred were paid from working capital.

The proceeds to be raised from the exercise of the 137,570,667 Warrants issued pursuant to the Rights Issue at the exercise price of the Warrants of RM0.68 each are dependent on the total number of Warrants exercised during the tenure of the Warrants. Such proceeds, if and when the Warrants are exercised, will be used for working capital purposes.

Up to 31 March 2023, cash proceeds of RM604,364 were raised from the exercise of 888,770 Warrants.

As at 31 March 2023, 136,678,397 Warrants remained unexercised whilst 109,025,104 RCULS remained unconverted.

2. Audit and Non-Audit Fees

The amount of audit fees and non-audit fees paid or payable to the Company's external auditors, KPMG PLT and a firm affiliated to KPMG PLT by the Group and the Company for financial year 2022 are as follows:

	Group (RM'000)	Company (RM'000)
Audit Fees	363	130
Non-Audit Fees	933	884
Total	1,296	1,014

3. Material Contracts involving Directors' and Major Shareholders' Interests

There were no material contracts entered into by the Company and its subsidiaries involving Directors' and major shareholders' interests either subsisting as at 31 December 2022 or entered into since the end of the previous financial year except for the related party transactions disclosed in Note 29 to the financial statements on page 181 and 182 of this Annual Report.

4. Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature

The Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature are disclosed in Note 29 to the financial statements on page 181 and 182 of this Annual Report.

Audit & Risk Management Committee Report

The Board of Directors ("the Board") of Malayan Flour Mills Berhad ("the Company") is pleased to present the Audit & Risk Management Committee Report for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Composition

Chairman:	Quah Poh Keat (Independent Non-Executive Director)
Members:	Datuk Oh Chong Peng (Independent Non-Executive Chairman)
	Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain (Independent Non-Executive Director)
	Dato' Maznah binti Abdul Jalil (Independent Non-Executive Director)

The Audit & Risk Management Committee ("the Committee") comprises 4 members, all of whom are Independent Non-Executive Directors. This meets the requirements of paragraph 15.09(1)(a) and (b) of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements ("Listing Requirements").

Chairman of the Committee, Mr Quah Poh Keat is a Fellow of the Malaysian Institute of Taxation ("MIT") and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants ("FCCA") and a member of the MIA, the MICPA and the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants ("CIMA") whilst Datuk Oh Chong Peng, is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales ("ICAEW") as well as a member of the Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("MICPA") and the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MICPA") and the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MICPA") and the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA"). Hence, the Company complies with paragraph 15.09(1)(c)(i) of the Listing Requirements.

The Nomination Committee assesses the performance of the Committee and its members through an annual Board Committee evaluation as well as reviews the terms of office of the members of the Committee. The Nomination Committee is satisfied that the Committee and its members have discharged their duties and responsibilities in accordance with its Terms of Reference and has supported the Board well in reviewing the financial statements, internal control and risk management.

Meetings

During the year, the Committee held 5 meetings and the details of the attendance of each member of the Committee are as follows:

Members	Attendance
Quah Poh Keat	5/5
Datuk Oh Chong Peng	5/5
Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain	5/5
Dato' Maznah binti Abdul Jalil	1/1

At the request of the Committee, the Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer had attended the meetings to advise, clarify and address matters discussed at the meetings.

The Internal Audit and Risk Management Function had attended the quarterly meetings of the Committee to report on the internal audit plan and internal audit and risk management reports.

During the year, the representatives of the external auditors had also attended the meetings of the Committee to present their Audit Plan, Audit Status and the annual audit report on the audit of financial statements.

Audit & Risk Management Committee Report (cont'd)

The Company Secretary of the Company is the Secretary of the Committee. The Secretary maintains minutes of the proceedings of the meetings of the Committee.

Terms of Reference

The Committee is governed by its terms of reference which describe its composition, authority, duties and responsibilities. The Terms of Reference is available on the Company's website at <u>www.mfm.com.my</u>.

Summary of the Work of the Committee

The work carried out by the Committee in the discharge of its duties and responsibilities in line with its Terms of Reference during the financial year ended 31 December 2022 were as follows:

a. Financial Reporting

- i. Reviewed the quarterly unaudited financial results and announcements before recommending them to the Board for approval.
- ii. Reviewed the annual audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group") and of the Company prior to submission to the Board for approval.
- iii. Reviewed the impact of the changes to the accounting policies and adoption of new accounting standards and treatments used in the financial statements.

b. Internal Audit

i. The Internal Audit and Risk Management Function presented the comprehensive internal audit plan which had been undertaken to evaluate and identify the companies and operational auditable areas to be audited within the Group. The Committee reviewed the annual internal audit plan to ensure adequate scope and coverage of the activities of the Group.

Subsequently, the Committee reviewed the progress status of the internal audit plan presented by the Internal Audit and Risk Management Function at its quarterly meeting.

- ii. Reviewed the internal audit and risk management reports submitted and presented by the Internal Audit and Risk Management Function at the quarterly meeting of the Committee. The Committee appraised the adequacy of actions and remedial measures taken by the management in resolving audit issues reported and recommended further improvement measures.
- iii. In view of the need to improve the quality of the internal audit to support the expansion and growth of the businesses of the Group and the challenges in recruiting suitable and competent staff for the in-house internal audit function, based on the recommendation of an Evaluation Committee, the Committee had approved that Baker Tilly Monteiro Heng Governance Sdn Bhd be engaged to provide the outsourced internal audit and risk management function.

c. External Audit

- i. Reviewed with the external auditors, KPMG PLT, on their Audit Plan prior to commencement of the audit. The Engagement Partner of KPMG PLT presented the Audit Plan and Strategy for the Group for financial year 2022 which entailed the engagement team, audit scope, audit timeline and audit focus areas.
- ii. Reviewed the proposed fees for the statutory audit, review of the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control and review of Group Reporting Package and Audit Working Papers of component auditors. The proposed fees were then recommended by the Committee to the Board for approval.

- iii. Discussed and reviewed the Group's financial statements with the external auditors including issues and findings noted in the course of the audit.
- iv. The external auditors had provided their written assurance that they were independent of the Group and of the Company in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code") and they had fulfilled the other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

The external auditors had also implemented a number of firm-wide ethics and independence systems to monitor compliance with their policies in relation to independence and ethics.

Besides the written assurance from the external auditors on their independence, input from the Company personnel, who had substantial contact with the external auditors throughout the year, on the quality of service provided, independence, objectivity and professional skepticism of the external auditors via questionnaires was obtained for the Committee's annual evaluation of the external auditors. Subsequently, the Committee conducted an assessment on the performance, technical competency, suitability and independence of the external auditors throughout the conduct of their audit engagement and being satisfied with the suitability and independence of the external auditors, the Committee recommended to the Board for approval on the re-appointment of the external auditors at the Annual General Meeting of the Company.

d. Risk Management

- i. Reviewed the Audit & Risk Management Committee Report before recommending it for approval by the Board for inclusion in the Annual Report.
- ii. Reviewed the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control ("SORMIC") which was prepared by the Committee, being the delegated committee of the Board responsible for the preparation of the SORMIC.

Upon the review by the external auditors, who were engaged to provide an independent limited assurance on the SORMIC, the Committee recommended the SORMIC to the Board for adoption and disclosure in the Annual Report.

The Committee authorised the Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director of the Company and the Chief Financial Officer to sign the Letter of Representation in respect of the Board's SORMIC, for and on behalf of the Committee.

iii. Reviewed and approved the revised and updated Risk Scorecard 2022, which was derived based on the input from the respective business leaders within the Group, to identify new risks, and reassess existing risks and their impact and likelihood ratings so that they remain relevant in the current environment and provide a mechanism for adequate reporting to the Committee.

Internal Audit Function

The Group outsourced its internal audit and risk management function to an independent professional company, Baker Tilly Monteiro Heng Governance Sdn Bhd, which operates independently from the operating units. The Internal Audit and Risk Management Function ("IARMF") undertook the internal audit functions based on the risk-based audit plans that were reviewed and approved by the Committee.

The purpose, authority and responsibility of the IARMF as well as the nature of the assurance and consultancy activities provided by the function are articulated in the Internal Audit Charter.

Audit & Risk Management Committee Report (cont'd)

The IARMF reported directly to the Committee who reviewed and approved the IARMF's annual audit plan, financial budget and human resource requirements to ensure that the function was adequately resourced with competent and proficient internal auditors.

During the year, the IARMF conducted various internal audit engagements in accordance with the risk-based audit plan which covered the review of adequacy of risks management, operational controls, compliance with law and regulations, quality of assets, management efficiency and level of customer services amongst others.

The IARMF reported internal control deficiencies to the appropriate level of management when identified and recommendations were duly acted by the management. Significant matters were reported directly to the Committee and Senior Management.

The total costs incurred for maintaining the IARMF for year 2022 were approximately RM151,138.

Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control

The Board of Directors ("the Board") of Malayan Flour Mills Berhad ("MFM") is pleased to present the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control in accordance with paragraph 15.26(b) of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements.

Board Responsibility

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for establishing a sound risk management framework and internal control system. The Board's responsibilities include:-

- Determine the Group's level of risk tolerance and actively identify, assess and monitor key business risks to safeguard shareholders' investments and the Group's assets;
- · Committed to articulating, implementing and reviewing the Group's internal control system; and
- Periodic testing of the effectiveness and efficiency of the internal control procedures and processes to ensure that the system is viable and robust.

The internal control systems are designed to manage rather than to eliminate the risk of failure and can only provide reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

Internal Control

Risk Management

The Board confirms that there is an ongoing process and risk management plan in place to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks faced by the Group.

During the year and up to the date of approval of this statement, discussions were conducted at different levels of management to identify and address risks identified in the Group. The assessment of significant risks and the execution of relevant mitigating action plans are part of the operational activities of the Group.

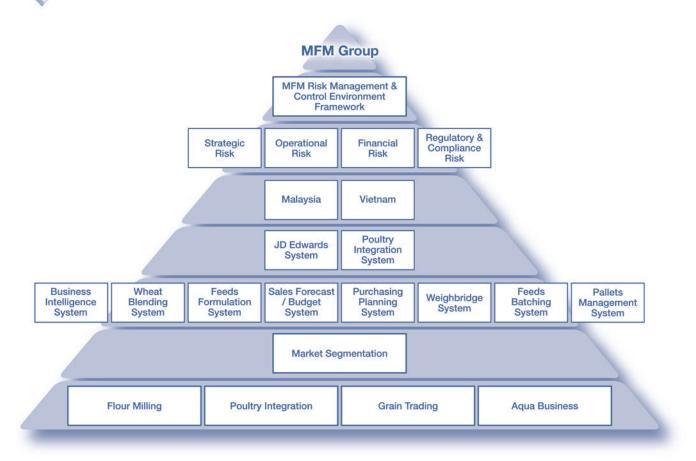
Risk Management is an integral part of our business operations and this process goes through a review by the Board. As part of the process, the key business risks are identified by the respective operations of the Group. The impact and likelihood of occurrence of these risks are then evaluated and documented. Based on the results of the above evaluation, these risks are categorised into 4 ratings: Low, Medium, High and Extreme.

Appropriate action plans and control measures are put in place to mitigate these risks.

Risk Management Framework

The Group has in place a formal risk management process to identify, evaluate, mitigate, monitor and review risks impacting the Group. Objectives would be broadly organisation-wide taking into consideration a variety of risks (i.e. strategic, operational, compliance & reporting risks) as well as more narrowly defined business units, function or departmental risks (i.e. sales, credit control, accounts receivable, purchasing, accounts payable, production planning, quality control, human resource, etc.). Once those scopes had been defined, the possible risks deemed likely to occur would be rated in terms of their impact or severity and likelihood or probability. The result can be compiled into a "risk profile" detailing the risk score which each business unit, function or department is contributing to the overall risk score.

Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control (cont'd)



Internal Audit and Risk Management Function will carry out a yearly review of the risk scorecards and update them accordingly together with the management of respective business units.

Any significant risk that requires the Board's attention will be highlighted via a Flash Report. Key risks highlighted in the Flash Report will be used by internal audit in developing internal audit plan.

Control Structure

- The Board meets regularly to monitor and review the overall performance of the Group, to consider the findings and recommendations of committees and senior management and to consider and approve measures to be taken and changes in policies and procedures necessary to address risks and to enhance the system of internal control.
- An independent Internal Audit and Risk Management Function reports directly to the Audit & Risk Management Committee. Internal audit plans are reviewed and approved by the Audit & Risk Management Committee and the plans are to monitor compliance with and adequacy of the Group's system of internal control and to provide assurance on the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control including policies and procedures. Follow-up reviews on the previous audit reports were carried out to ensure that appropriate actions have been implemented to address control weaknesses highlighted.
- The Group has in place an organisation structure with proper segregation of duties and reporting
 procedures and authorisation limits and all heads of business units and departments are accountable for
 ensuring the effective implementation of established policies and procedures.

- The Group has in place a management reporting mechanism whereby financial information is generated and reviewed by management and the Board on a regular basis. Performance and results are monitored on a monthly basis against the results of corresponding period of prior year, with major variances explained and appropriate action taken or plans put in place.
- The Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director meets with the senior management regularly to review and resolve key operational, financial, personnel and other key management issues, including issues of risks and internal controls. Significant issues are highlighted and discussed at Board meetings.
- The Credit Committee meets regularly to conduct credit reviews, monitor receivables, progress of legal cases and formulates credit procedures and policies.
- The training and development programs are established to enhance and improve employee competencies and proficiencies. This is implemented through a combination of on-the-job training and classroom training courses.
- The Group Code of Conduct is established to set out the ethical standards to all employees in their dealings with fellow colleagues, customers, shareholders, suppliers, competitors, the wider community and the environment.
- The Whistle Blowing policy is in place with the objective of providing all stakeholders a mechanism to raise genuine concerns on unethical behaviour or any misconduct.

Significant Risk Factors relating to MFM Group

a. Business risks

The Group is principally involved in activities within the food manufacturing and livestock industries. As such, the Group is susceptible to business risks in these industries which include but not limited to demand and competition in the food manufacturing and livestock market, supply of labour and increase in the cost of labour and raw material prices. We continuously seek to limit these risks through amongst others, careful planning of supplies and prudent management of our business.

b. Availability and cost of raw materials

Raw materials i.e. wheat, corn and soybean meal contribute to a significant proportion of our total cost of production. These materials are commodities and their availability and prices are dependent on market conditions. Any increase in raw material prices will inevitably affect the Group's profitability and results of operations. Further, if there is a shortage of these materials, we may find it difficult to obtain the amount of materials required at prices that are commercially acceptable. We have taken relevant steps to hedge our exposure to these price fluctuations by entering into futures contracts. In addition, we have good business relationships with our long term major suppliers and where possible, source our supplies from a variety of suppliers.

c. Government policies & regulations including price controls & subsidies

The price of general-purpose flour in Malaysia is largely regulated and controlled by the Government vide the Price Control Act 1946. Thus, our financial performance depends to a certain extent on Government's policies in respect of the flour industry, such as the level of price ceilings and flour subsidy, which are beyond our control. With effect from 1 March 2016, the wheat flour subsidy for 25kg bag flour had been removed by the Government whilst the 1kg general purpose flour subsidy has remained unchanged based on the subsidy rationalisation program.

Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control (cont'd)

d. Bio-Security

In combating bio-security risks, the Group will continue to keep abreast with the latest development and work closely with authorities and subject matter experts. People and livestock will continue to be exposed to diseases and viruses, and possibly mutated strains in the future. Nevertheless, management will continue to embrace robust risk management practices to cushion the negative financial impact.

Disease and Virus

Livestock is vulnerable to diseases and viruses, changes in weather conditions and the environment. Adverse situations such as these will also affect the demand for feeds. The Group has embarked upon bio-security installations and HACCP (Hazard Analysis & Critical Control Points) certification, FSSC 22000, HALAL, MS 1514: 2009 (Good Manufacturing Practice for Food), ISO 9001, ISO 22000 and MyGAP Certifications. In essence, HACCP is a management system in which food safety is addressed through the analysis and control of biological, chemical, and physical hazards from raw material production, procurement and handling, to manufacturing, distribution and consumption of the finished product.

COVID-19

The COVID-19 pandemic has developed rapidly in 2020, with a significant number of cases. Measures taken by the government to contain the virus have affected economic activities. We have taken a number of measures to monitor and mitigate the effects of COVID-19, such as safety and health measures for our people (e.g. social distancing, working from home and others) and securing the supply of materials that are essential to our production process.

As we operate in the food industry (an essential service), we expect demand for our products to continue. We will continue our operations in the best and safest way possible without jeopardising the health of our people.

e. Foreign exchange fluctuations

All of raw materials i.e. wheat, corn and soybean meal are imported, whereby the purchase prices are largely denominated in US Dollar ("USD"). As such, we have taken sufficient steps to hedge our financial exposure to foreign currency fluctuations by entering into forward contracts. However, there can be no assurance that any significant changes in exchange rate fluctuations or foreign exchange control regulations will not have any adverse impact upon the Group's business.

Review of this Statement by External Auditors

The external auditors have reviewed this Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control in accordance with Audit and Assurance Practice Guide ("AAPG") 3, *Guidance for Auditors on Engagements to Report on the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control Included in the Annual Report* issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA") for inclusion in the annual report of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 and reported to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that cause them to believe that the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control, in all material respects, has not been prepared in accordance with the disclosures required by paragraphs 41 and 42 of the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Controls, or is factually inaccurate.

AAPG 3 does not require the external auditors to consider whether the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system including the assessment and opinion by the Board of Directors and Management thereon. The External Auditors are also not required to consider whether the processes described to deal with material internal control aspects of any significant problems disclosed in the annual report will, in fact, remedy the problems.

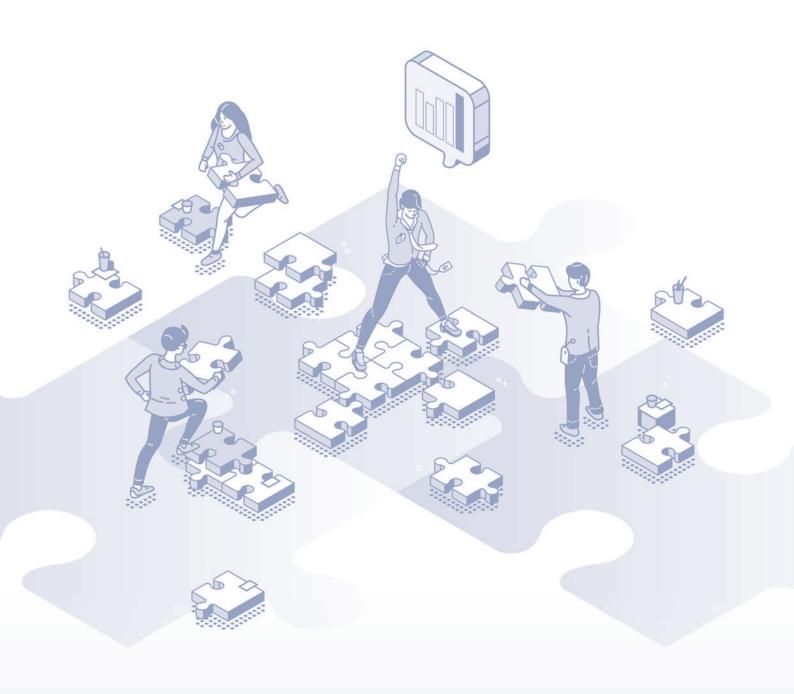
Additionally, they are not required to perform any procedures by way of audit, review or verification of the underlying records or other sources from which the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control was extracted.

Conclusion

Based on the processes set out above, the Board is of the view that the Group's system of risk management and internal control are adequate and effective to safeguard the shareholders' investment and the Group's assets and has received assurance from both the Executive Deputy Chairman cum Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer in this respect. Nevertheless, the Board and Management are committed towards operating a sound system of internal control and the internal control systems will continue to be reviewed, added or updated in line with the changes in the operating environment.

The Group's system of internal control applies to Malayan Flour Mills Berhad, its subsidiaries and joint venture company, Dindings Tyson Sdn Bhd only. Other joint venture and associate are excluded because the Group does not have full management and control over them. However, the Group's interests in its material joint venture and associate are served through representations on the Board of Directors of the respective joint venture and associated company.

Statement made in accordance with the resolution of the Directors dated 30 March 2023.





Directors' Responsibility Statement

For the Audited Financial Statements

In respect of the preparation of the audited financial statements, the Directors are required by the Companies Act 2016 to prepare financial statements for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and the Company and their results, and cash flows for that year.

In preparing the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022, the Directors have:

- Used appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- Made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- Stated whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept and which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the Group and the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2016. They also have a general responsibility for taking reasonable steps to safeguard the assets of the Group and the Company to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2022.

Principal activities

The Company is principally engaged in the business of milling and selling wheat flour and trading in grain and other allied products, whilst the principal activities of the subsidiaries are as stated in Note 7 to the financial statements. There has been no significant change in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

Subsidiaries

The details of the Company's subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Results

	Group RM'000	Company RM'000
Profit for the year attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	145,045	124,272
Non-controlling interests	8,955	-
	154,000	124,272

Reserves and provisions

There were no material transfers to or from reserves and provisions during the financial year under review except as disclosed in the financial statements.

Dividends

Since the end of the previous financial year, the Company paid:

- (i) an interim single tier dividend of 2.00 sen per ordinary share totalling approximately RM20,398,000 in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2021 on 25 March 2022; and
- (ii) an interim single tier dividend of 1.50 sen per ordinary share totalling approximately RM15,302,000 in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2022 on 23 September 2022.

On 24 February 2023, the Directors declared a second interim single tier dividend of 1.50 sen per ordinary share totalling approximately RM15,315,000 in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2022, which was paid on 24 March 2023.

The Directors do not recommend any payment of final dividend for the financial year under review.

Directors' Report

for the year ended 31 December 2022 (cont'd)

Directors of the Company

Directors who served during the financial year until the date of this report are:

Tun Arshad bin Ayub (Demised on 14 June 2022) Datuk Oh Chong Peng Teh Wee Chye Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon Azhari Arshad Quah Poh Keat Prof. Datin Paduka Setia Dato' Dr Aini binti Ideris Lim Pang Boon Dato' Maznah binti Abdul Jalil

List of Directors of subsidiaries

Pursuant to Section 253 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia, the list of Directors of the subsidiaries during the financial year until the date of this report is as follows:

Tun Arshad bin Ayub (Demised on 14 June 2022) Datuk Oh Chong Peng Teh Wee Chye Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon Azhari Arshad Lim Pang Boon Le Cong Anh Chua Kiat Hwa Tan Keng Seng Hideki Oya Huynh Duc Chinh Pham Ngoc Tien Tran Quoc Hoang Khng Poh Leng, Douglas Ryuichiro Yasuda Yoshito Manda (Appointed on 22 February 2023) Shigeharu Kato (Ceased on 22 February 2023)

Directors' interests

The interests and deemed interests in the ordinary shares, redeemable convertible unsecured loan stocks ("RCULS") and warrants of the Company and of its related corporations (other than wholly-owned subsidiaries) of those who were Directors at financial year end (including the interests of the spouses or children of the Directors who themselves are not Directors of the Company) as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings are as follows:

	Number of ordinary shares At			At
	1.1.2022	Acquired	Disposed	31.12.2022
Company				
- Malayan Flour Mills Berhad				
Direct interest				
Teh Wee Chye	120,023,411	3,741,500	-	123,764,911
Datuk Oh Chong Peng	23,087	-	-	23,087
Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain	8,250	-	-	8,250
Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon	7,078,500	-	-	7,078,500
Lim Pang Boon	488,585	-	-	488,585
Azhari Arshad	510,000	30,000	-	540,000
Deemed interest				
Teh Wee Chye				
- own	63,954,360	-	-	63,954,360
- others*	63,000	-	-	63,000
Azhari Arshad	15,729,800	15,510,000	-	31,239,800
Prof. Datin Paduka Setia Dato'				
Dr Aini binti Ideris*	-	34,000	-	34,000
Deemed interest of Teh Wee Chye in subsidiary companies				
Muda Fibre Manufacturing Sdn. Bhd.	7,000,001	-	-	7,000,001
Premier Grain Sdn. Bhd.	10,200,000	-	-	10,200,000

	Interest	Interest in capital contribution denominated in Vietnamese Dong (VND)			
	At 1.1.2022 VND'000	Acquired VND'000	Disposed VND'000	At 31.12.2022 VND'000	
Vimaflour Ltd.	345,961,284	-	-	345,961,284	

Directors' Report

for the year ended 31 December 2022 (cont'd)

Directors' interests (cont'd)

	Number of RCULS			
	At 1.1.2022	Acquired	Disposed	At 31.12.2022
Company - Malayan Flour Mills Berhad				
Direct interest				
Teh Wee Chye	35,659,395	2,000,000	-	37,659,395
Datuk Oh Chong Peng	2,000	-	-	2,000
Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain	1,500	-	-	1,500
Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon	1,287,000	-	-	1,287,000
Lim Pang Boon	66,120	-	-	66,120
Deemed interest				
Teh Wee Chye	11,628,065	-	-	11,628,065
Azhari Arshad	50,000	-	-	50,000

	Number of Warrants			
	At 1.1.2022	Acquired	Disposed	At 31.12.2022
Company - Malayan Flour Mills Berhad				
Direct interest Teh Wee Chye Datuk Oh Chong Peng Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon	25,975,944 4,387 1,250 1,072,500	1,225,000 - - -	- - -	27,200,944 4,387 1,250 1,072,500
Azhari Arshad Deemed interest Teh Wee Chye	62,500 9,690,052	-	-	62,500 9,690,052

* Deemed to have interests through spouse and children pursuant to the Section 59(11)(c) of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

By virtue of his interest in the shares of the Company, Mr. Teh Wee Chye is also deemed interested in the shares of the subsidiaries during the financial year to the extent that Malayan Flour Mills Berhad has an interest.

None of the other Directors holding office at 31 December 2022 had any interests in the ordinary shares, RCULS and warrants of the Company and of its related corporations during the financial year.

Directors' benefits

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director of the Company has received nor become entitled to receive any benefits (other than those shown below) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest.

The Directors' benefits paid to or receivable by Directors in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2022 are as follows:

	From the Company RM'000	From subsidiary companies RM'000
Directors of the Company:		
Fees	960	-
Remuneration	8,906	513
Estimated monetary value of any other benefits	93	-
	9,959	513

There were no arrangements during and at the end of the financial year which had the object of enabling Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

Issue of shares

During the financial year, the issued and fully paid-up share capital of the Company increased from RM535,623,000 to RM535,902,000 by way of:

- (i) issuance of 556,880 new ordinary shares amounting to RM279,000 pursuant to the conversion of 278,440 RCULS; and
- (ii) issuance of 50 new ordinary shares amounting to RM41 pursuant to the exercise of warrants.

The new ordinary shares issued rank pari passu in all respect with the existing shares of the Company.

There were no other changes in the issued and paid-up capital of the Company during the financial year.

Options granted over unissued shares

No options were granted to any person to take up unissued shares of the Company during the financial year.

Indemnity and insurance costs

During the financial year, the amount of insurance premium effected for all Directors and officers of the Company was RM19,132.

Directors' Report

for the year ended 31 December 2022 (cont'd)

Other statutory information

Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps to ascertain that:

- (i) all known bad debts have been written off and adequate provision made for doubtful debts, and
- (ii) any current assets which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business have been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances:

- (i) that would render the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the provision for doubtful debts in the Group and in the Company inadequate to any substantial extent, or
- (ii) that would render the value attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading, or
- (iii) which have arisen which render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate, or
- (iv) not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements that would render any amount stated in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.

At the date of this report, there does not exist:

- (i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year and which secures the liabilities of any other person, or
- (ii) any contingent liability in respect of the Group or of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year.

No contingent liability or other liability of any company in the Group has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may substantially affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due.

In the opinion of the Directors, the financial performance of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 have not been substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature nor has any such item, transaction or event occurred in the interval between the end of that financial year and the date of this report.



The auditors, KPMG PLT, have indicated their willingness to accept re-appointment.

The auditors' remuneration of the Group and of the Company during the year are RM234,000 and RM130,000 respectively.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

Datuk Oh Chong Peng Director

Teh Wee Chye Director

30 March 2023

Balance Sheets

at 31 December 2022

		Group		Company	
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Assets					
Property, plant and equipment	3	444,476	436,379	245,469	251,796
Right-of-use assets	4	19,028	21,747	15,675	17,729
Intangible assets	5	566	341	351	92
Investment properties	6	4,883	4,941	4,612	4,670
Investments in subsidiaries	7	-	-	141,348	171,919
Investments in joint ventures	8	693,598	629,217	647,382	647,382
Investment in an associate	9	1,061	1,052	-	-
Deferred tax assets	10	5,771	6,730	-	-
Other receivables	11	71,065	182,217	71,065	182,217
Total non-current assets		1,240,448	1,282,624	1,125,902	1,275,805
Trade and other receivables,					
including derivatives	11	572,297	381,590	355,564	148,130
Prepayments		7,393	1,661	5,649	1,229
Inventories	12	627,831	494,000	202,887	144,651
Current tax assets		5,932	3,612	2,291	-
Fixed deposits	13	157,219	320,452	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	14	86,710	214,077	32,715	79,363
		1,457,382	1,415,392	599,106	373,373
Asset classified as held for sale	15	33,597	33,597	33,597	33,597
Total current assets		1,490,979	1,448,989	632,703	406,970
Total assets		2,731,427	2,731,613	1,758,605	1,682,775
F amilta					
Equity		E05 000		E05 000	E05 000
Share capital		535,902	535,623	535,902	535,623
RCULS - Equity		78,694	78,179	78,694	78,179
Reserves		749,820	640,512	409,842	321,270
Total equity attributable to					
owners of the Company	16	1,364,416	1,254,314	1,024,438	935,072
Non-controlling interests	7	101,677	96,242	-	-
Total equity		1,466,093	1,350,556	1,024,438	935,072

		G	iroup	Com	npany
	Note	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Liabilities					
Deferred tax liabilities	10	10,538	5,879	10,534	5,875
RCULS - Liabilities	16	2,126	7,310	2,126	7,310
Loans and borrowings	17	120,711	166,949	85,000	119,000
Lease liabilities		11,353	13,499	10,555	12,354
Total non-current liabilities		144,728	193,637	108,215	144,539
RCULS - Liabilities	16	5,026	4,657	5,026	4,657
Trade and other payables,					
including derivatives	18	125,304	127,046	51,141	158,183
Loans and borrowings	17	984,981	1,045,163	568,037	439,054
Lease liabilities		2,070	1,551	1,748	1,265
Current tax liabilities		3,225	9,003	-	5
Total current liabilities		1,120,606	1,187,420	625,952	603,164
Total liabilities		1,265,334	1,381,057	734,167	747,703
Total equity and liabilities		2,731,427	2,731,613	1,758,605	1,682,775

Income Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2022

Revenue 19 2,915,570 (2,674,172) 2,426,936 (2,140,976) 678,546 (601,462) 503,627 (429,711) Gross profit Other income 241,398 (17,263 285,960 (19,025) 77,084 (15,063) 73,916 (120,472) Distribution expenses (29,110) (35,635) (19,026) (25,892) Net gain/(loss) on impairment of financial instruments 1,494 (1,318) (156) (646) Other expenses (24,582) 139,278 122,461 (16,340) Interest income (24,582) 8,817 (19,065) (6,477) Results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income (24,582) 8,817 (19,065) (6,447) Results from operating activities of costinuing operations after net finance (costs)/income 100,622 192,069 120,213 116,014 Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable 21 21 8,819 (77,867) 8,819 (77,867) Share of loss of equity accounted associate, net of tax 20 (22,444) (35,881) (4,760) (45,090) Profit before tax nex epnse 20 <th></th> <th></th> <th>G</th> <th>aroup</th> <th>Con</th> <th>npany</th>			G	aroup	Con	npany
Continuing operations Revenue 19 2.915,570 (2,674,172) 2.426,936 (2,674,172) 678,546 (601,462) 503,627 (429,711) Gross profit Other income 241,398 (17,263) 285,960 (19,023) 77,084 (19,026) 73,916 (429,711) Gross profit Other income 241,398 (19,023) 285,960 (19,026) 77,084 (19,026) 73,916 (25,892) Administrative expenses (19,026) (25,892) (19,026) (25,892) Net gain/(loss) on impairment of financial instruments 1,494 (1,518) (156) (646) Other expenses (24,1768) (20,817) (21,199) (16,340) Interest income (24,582) 8,817 (19,065) (6,447) Results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income (24,582) 8,817 (19,065) (6,447) Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable 21 - (15,000) - (15,000) Share of loss of equity accounted associate, net of tax 8 70,020 (2,282) - - Profit before tax consider loit watrures, ent of tax 179,444 96,9		Note				
Revenue 19 2,915,570 (2,674,172) 2,426,936 (2,140,976) 678,546 (601,462) 503,627 (429,711) Gross profit Other income 241,398 (17,263 285,960 (19,025) 77,084 (15,023) 73,916 (22,663) Other income 17,263 19,923 126,663 (44,023) (42,742) Distribution expenses (89,880) (83,016) (45,023) (40,722) (25,892) Net gain/(loss) on impairment of financial instruments 1,494 (1,318) (156) (646) Other expenses 125,204 183,252 139,278 122,461 Interest income (24,582) 8,817 (19,065) (6,447) Results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income 100,622 192,069 120,213 116,014 Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contable 21 end profit/(loss) of equity accounted joint ventures, net of tax 8 70,020 (2,282) - - Profit before tax sasociate, net of tax 20 (25,444) (35,881) (4,760) (45,090) Profit from continuing operations, net of tax						
Cost of goods sold (2,674,172) (2,140,976) (601,462) (429,711) Gross profit 241,398 285,960 77,084 73,916 Other income 17,263 19,923 126,663 120,442 Distribution expenses (89,880) (83,016) (45,023) (40,773) Administrative expenses (29,110) (35,635) (19,026) (25,892) Net gain/(loss) on impairment of financial instruments 1,494 (1,318) (156) (646) Other expenses 125,204 183,252 139,278 122,461 Interest expense (41,768) (20,817) (21,199) (16,340) Interest income (24,582) 8,817 (19,065) (6,447) Results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income 100,622 192,069 120,213 116,014 Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable 21 8,819 (77,867) 8,819 (77,867) Share of profit/(loss) of equity accounted joint ventures, net of tax 8 70,020	Continuing operations					
Gross profit Other income 241,398 285,960 77,084 73,916 Orbher income 17,283 19,923 126,663 120,442 Distribution expenses (89,880) (83,016) (45,023) (40,773) Administrative expenses (29,110) (35,635) (19,026) (25,892) Net gain/(loss) on impairment of financial instruments 1,494 (1,318) (156) (646) Other expenses (29,110) (35,635) (29,110) (35,635) (264) (4,586) Results from operating activities 125,204 183,252 139,278 122,461 Interest expense (41,768) (20,817) (21,199) (16,340) Interest income (24,582) 8,817 (19,065) (6,447) Results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income 100,622 192,069 120,213 116,014 Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable 21 8,819 (77,867) 8,819 (77,867) Share of profit(loss) of equity accounted joint venture		19				
Other income 17,263 19,923 126,663 120,442 Distribution expenses (89,880) (83,016) (45,023) (44,773) Administrative expenses (29,110) (35,635) (19,026) (25,892) Net gair/(loss) on impairment of financial instruments 1,494 (1,318) (156) (646) Other expenses (21,5961) (2,662) (264) (4,586) Results from operating activities 125,204 183,252 139,278 122,461 Interest expense (41,768) (20,817) (21,199) (16,340) Interest income (24,582) 8,817 (19,065) (6,447) Results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income 100,622 192,069 120,213 116,014 Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable 21 8,819 (77,867) 8,819 (77,867) Share of loss of equity accounted joint ventures, net of tax 8 70,020 (2,282) - - Profit before tax expense 20 (2	Cost of goods sold		(2,674,172)	(2,140,976)	(601,462)	(429,711)
Distribution expenses (89,880) (83,016) (45,023) (40,773) Administrative expenses (29,110) (35,635) (19,026) (25,892) Net gain/(loss) on impairment of financial instruments 1,494 (1,318) (156) (646) Other expenses (15,961) (2,662) (264) (4,586) Results from operating activities 125,204 183,252 139,278 122,461 Interest income (24,582) 8,817 (19,065) (6,447) Results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income (24,582) 8,817 (19,065) (6,447) Results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income 100,622 192,069 120,213 116,014 Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable 21 8,819 (77,867) 8,819 (77,867) Provision for profit guarantee payment 21 - (15,000) - - Share of loss of equity accounted joint ventures, net of tax 179,444 96,904 129,032 23,147	Gross profit		241,398	285,960	77,084	73,916
Administrative expenses (29,110) (35,635) (19,026) (25,892) Net gain/(loss) on impairment of financial instruments 1,494 (1,318) (156) (646) Other expenses (15,961) (2,662) (264) (4,586) Results from operating activities 125,204 183,252 139,278 122,461 Interest expense (41,768) (20,817) (21,199) (16,340) Interest income (24,582) 8,817 (19,065) (6,447) Results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income 100,622 192,069 120,213 116,014 Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable 21 8,819 (77,867) 8,819 (77,867) Provision for profit guarantee payment 21 - (15,000) - (15,000) Share of loss of equity accounted associate, net of tax 8 70,020 (2,282) - - Profit before tax 179,444 96,904 129,032 23,147 (4,500) Results from continuing operations 154,000 61,023 124,272 18,557 <td>Other income</td> <td></td> <td>17,263</td> <td>19,923</td> <td>126,663</td> <td>120,442</td>	Other income		17,263	19,923	126,663	120,442
Administrative expenses (29,110) (35,635) (19,026) (25,892) Net gain/(loss) on impairment of financial instruments 1,494 (1,318) (156) (646) Other expenses (15,961) (2,662) (264) (4,586) Results from operating activities 125,204 183,252 139,278 122,461 Interest expense (41,768) (20,817) (21,199) (16,340) Interest income (24,582) 8,817 (19,065) (6,447) Results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income 100,622 192,069 120,213 116,014 Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable 21 8,819 (77,867) 8,819 (77,867) Provision for profit guarantee payment 21 - (15,000) - (15,000) Share of loss of equity accounted associate, net of tax 8 70,020 (2,282) - - Profit before tax 179,444 96,904 129,032 23,147 (4,500) Results from continuing operations 154,000 61,023 124,272 18,557 <td>Distribution expenses</td> <td></td> <td>(89,880)</td> <td>(83,016)</td> <td>(45,023)</td> <td>(40,773)</td>	Distribution expenses		(89,880)	(83,016)	(45,023)	(40,773)
Net gain/(loss) on impairment of financial instruments 1,494 (1,318) (156) (646) Other expenses (15,961) (2,662) (264) (4,586) Results from operating activities 125,204 183,252 139,278 122,461 Interest expense (41,768) (20,817) (21,199) (16,340) Interest income (24,582) 8,817 (19,065) (6,447) Results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income (24,582) 8,817 (19,065) (6,447) Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable 21 8,819 (77,867) 8,819 (77,867) Share of profit/gas) of equity accounted joint ventures, net of tax 8 70,020 (2,282) - - Profit before tax Tax expense 20 (25,444) (35,881) (4,760) (4,590) Profit from continuing operations Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax 22 - 137,519 - -	-					
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Other expenses (15,961) (2,662) (264) (4,586) Results from operating activities 125,204 183,252 139,278 122,461 Interest expense (41,768) (20,817) (21,199) (16,340) Interest income (24,582) 8,817 (19,065) (6,447) Results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income 100,622 192,069 120,213 116,014 Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable 21 8,819 (77,867) 8,819 (77,867) Provision for profit guarantee payment 21 - (15,000) - (15,000) Share of loss of equity accounted associate, net of tax 8 70,020 (2,282) - - Profit before tax expense 20 (25,444) (35,881) (4,760) (4,590) Profit from continuing operations, net of tax 22 - 137,519 - -			1 494	(1.318)	(156)	(646)
Results from operating activities125,204183,252139,278122,461Interest expense(41,768)(20,817)(21,199)(16,340)Interest income(24,582)8,817(19,065)(6,447)Results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income(24,582)8,817(19,065)(6,447)Results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income100,622192,069120,213116,014Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable218,819(77,867)8,819(77,867)Provision for profit guarantee payment accounted joint ventures, net of tax870,020(2,282)Profit before tax Tax expense179,44496,904129,03223,147(4,590)Profit from continuing operations hroid iscontinued operations, net of tax154,00061,023124,27218,557Discontinued operations, net of tax22-137,519						
Interest expense Interest income(41,768) 17,186(20,817) 29,634(21,199) 2,134(16,340) 9,893Net finance (costs)/income(24,582)8,817(19,065)(6,447)Results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income100,622192,069120,213116,014Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable218,819(77,867)8,819(77,867)Provision for profit guarantee payment2100000Share of loss of equity accounted joint ventures, net of tax179,44496,904129,03223,147Tax expense20154,00061,023124,27218,557Discontinued operations Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax154,00061,023124,27218,557			(13,301)	(2,002)	(204)	(4,500)
Interest income17,18629,6342,1349,893Net finance (costs)/income(24,582)8,817(19,065)(6,447)Results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income100,622192,069120,213116,014Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable218,819(77,867)8,819(77,867)Provision for profit guarantee payment accounted joint ventures, net of tax21615,000-(15,000)-Profit before tax rax expense179,44496,904129,03223,14723,147Profit from continuing operations154,00061,023124,27218,557Discontinued operations, ret of tax22-137,519	Results from operating activities		125,204	183,252	139,278	122,461
Interest income17,18629,6342,1349,893Net finance (costs)/income(24,582)8,817(19,065)(6,447)Results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income100,622192,069120,213116,014Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable218,819(77,867)8,819(77,867)Provision for profit guarantee payment accounted joint ventures, net of tax21615,000-(15,000)-Profit before tax rax expense179,44496,904129,03223,14723,147Profit from continuing operations154,00061,023124,27218,557Discontinued operations, ret of tax22-137,519	Interest expense		(41,768)	(20.817)	(21,199)	(16.340)
Net finance (costs)/income(24,582)8,817(19,065)(6,447)Results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income100,622192,069120,213116,014Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable218,819(77,867)8,819(77,867)Provision for profit guarantee payment accounted joint ventures, net of tax218,819(77,867)8,819(77,867)Share of loss of equity accounted associate, net of tax870,020(2,282)Profit before tax Tax expense179,44496,904129,03223,147Tax expense2025,4441(35,881)(4,760)(4,590)Profit from continuing operations Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax154,00061,023124,27218,557Discontinued operations Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax22-137,519-	Interest income				× / /	
Results from operating activities of continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income100,622192,069120,213116,014Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable218,819(77,867)8,819(77,867)Provision for profit guarantee payment accounted joint ventures, net of tax21-(15,000)-(15,000)Share of loss of equity associate, net of tax70,020(2,282)Profit before tax Tax expense20(17)(16)Profit from continuing operations154,00061,023124,27218,557Discontinued operations, net of tax22-137,519						
continuing operations after net finance (costs)/income100,622192,069120,213116,014Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable218,819(77,867)8,819(77,867)Provision for profit guarantee payment21-(15,000)-(15,000)Share of profit/(loss) of equity accounted joint ventures, net of tax870,020(2,282)Share of loss of equity accounted associate, net of tax179,44496,904129,03223,147Tax expense20(25,444)(35,881)(4,760)(4,590)Profit from continuing operations154,00061,023124,27218,557Discontinued operations, net of tax22-137,519	Net finance (costs)/income		(24,582)	8,817	(19,065)	(6,447)
finance (costs)/income100,622192,069120,213116,014Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable218,819(77,867)8,819(77,867)Provision for profit guarantee payment21-(15,000)-(15,000)Share of profit/(loss) of equity accounted joint ventures, net of tax870,020(2,282)Share of loss of equity accounted associate, net of tax(17)(16)Profit before tax Tax expense20(25,444)(35,881)(4,760)(4,590)Profit from continuing operations Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax154,00061,023124,27218,557Discontinued operations Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax22-137,519	Results from operating activities of					
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Write back/(Fair value loss) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable218,819(77,867)8,819(77,867)Provision for profit guarantee payment21-(15,000)-(15,000)(15,000)Share of profit/(loss) of equity accounted joint ventures, net of tax870,020(2,282)Share of loss of equity accounted associate, net of tax(17)(16)Profit before tax Tax expense20179,44496,904129,03223,147Profit from continuing operations154,00061,023124,27218,557Discontinued operations Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax22-137,519-			100.622	192.069	120.213	116.014
remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable 21 8,819 (77,867) 8,819 (77,867) Provision for profit guarantee payment 21 - (15,000) - (15,000) Share of profit/(loss) of equity accounted joint ventures, net of tax 8 70,020 (2,282) Share of loss of equity accounted associate, net of tax (17) (16) Profit before tax 179,444 96,904 129,032 23,147 Tax expense 20 (25,444) (35,881) (4,760) (4,590) Profit from continuing operations 154,000 61,023 124,272 18,557 Discontinued operations , net of tax 22 - 137,519			,	,	,	,
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consideration receivable218,819(77,867)8,819(77,867)Provision for profit guarantee payment21-(15,000)-(15,000)Share of profit/(loss) of equity accounted joint ventures, net of tax870,020(2,282)Share of loss of equity accounted associate, net of tax(17)(16)Profit before tax Tax expense20(25,444)96,904129,03223,147Profit from continuing operations154,00061,023124,27218,557Discontinued operations, net of tax22-137,519-	remeasurement of contingent					
Provision for profit guarantee payment21-(15,000)-(15,000)Share of profit/(loss) of equity accounted joint ventures, net of tax870,020(2,282)Share of loss of equity accounted associate, net of tax(17)(16)Profit before tax Tax expense179,44496,904129,03223,147Profit from continuing operations20(25,444)(35,881)(4,760)(4,590)Profit from continued operations net of tax154,00061,023124,27218,557Output22-137,519	-	21	8.819	(77.867)	8.819	(77,867)
Share of profit/(loss) of equity accounted joint ventures, net of tax870,020(2,282)Share of loss of equity accounted associate, net of tax(17)(16)Profit before tax Tax expense179,44496,904 (25,444)129,032 (35,881)23,147 (4,760)Profit from continuing operations Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax154,00061,023124,27218,557Discontinued operations Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax22-137,519			-		-	
accounted joint ventures, net of tax870,020(2,282)Share of loss of equity accounted associate, net of tax(17)(16)Profit before tax Tax expense179,44496,904129,03223,147Tax expense20(25,444)(35,881)(4,760)(4,590)Profit from continuing operations Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax154,00061,023124,27218,557Discontinued operations Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax22-137,519				(10,000)		(,)
Share of loss of equity accounted associate, net of tax(17)(16)-Profit before tax Tax expense179,44496,904129,03223,147Profit from continuing operations20(25,444)(35,881)(4,760)(4,590)Profit from continuing operations154,00061,023124,27218,557Discontinued operations, net of tax22-137,519		8	70 020	(2 282)	_	_
associate, net of tax(17)(16)-Profit before tax Tax expense179,44496,904129,03223,147Tax expense20(25,444)(35,881)(4,760)(4,590)Profit from continuing operations154,00061,023124,27218,557Discontinued operations net of tax22-137,519	-	0	10,020	(2,202)		
Profit before tax Tax expense179,444 (25,444)96,904 (35,881)129,032 (4,760)23,147 (4,590)Profit from continuing operations154,00061,023124,27218,557Discontinued operations net of tax22-137,519			(17)	(16)	-	-
Tax expense20(25,444)(35,881)(4,760)(4,590)Profit from continuing operations154,00061,023124,27218,557Discontinued operations Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax22-137,519			()	. ,		
Profit from continuing operations154,00061,023124,27218,557Discontinued operations Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax22-137,519-	Profit before tax					
Discontinued operations Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax 22 - 137,519	Tax expense	20	(25,444)	(35,881)	(4,760)	(4,590)
Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax 22 - 137,519	Profit from continuing operations		154,000	61,023	124,272	18,557
Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax 22 - 137,519	Discontinued operations					
net of tax 22 - 137,519						
	-	22		137 510		
Profit for the year 21 154,000 198,542 124,272 18,557		22		107,019		-
	Profit for the year	21	154,000	198,542	124,272	18,557

	C	aroup	Con	npany
Not	e 2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Profit attributable to: Owners of the Company				
 from continuing operations from discontinued operations 	145,045	36,390 137,519	124,272 -	18,557 -
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	145,045 8,955	173,909 24,633	124,272	18,557 -
Profit for the year	154,000	198,542	124,272	18,557
Basic earnings per ordinary share (sen) from continuing operations23	14.22	3.57		
from discontinued operations 23	-	13.51		
from continuing operations (adjusted)* 23	13.36	12.70		
Diluted earnings per ordinary share (sen)				
from continuing operations 23	10.67	2.71		
from discontinued operations 23	-	10.01	-	
from continuing operations (adjusted)* 23	10.03	9.47		

* The adjusted basic and diluted earnings per share exclude the write back on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable of RM8,819,000 (2021: fair value loss on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable of RM77,867,000 and provision for profit guarantee payment of RM15,000,000).

Statements of Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 31 December 2022

	G	iroup	Com	npany
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Profit for the year	154,000	198,542	124,272	18,557
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax				
Item that is or may be reclassified subsequently to the income statement Foreign currency translation				
differences for foreign operations	1,190	22,838	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	155,190	221,380	124,272	18,557
Total comprehensive income attributable to: Owners of the Company				
 from continuing operations from discontinued operations 	145,008 -	55,573 137,519	124,272 -	18,557
Non-controlling interests	145,008 10,182	193,092 28,288	124,272	18,557 -
Total comprehensive income for the year	155,190	221,380	124,272	18,557

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 31 December 2022

		∢		able to ow distribut		he Company	'► Distributable			
			10//	uistindut	Other	~ D .	Sumanc		Non-	
Group	Note	Share capital RM'000	RCULS - Equity RM'000	Warrant reserve RM'000	capital reserve RM'000	Translation reserve RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	Total RM'000	controlling interests RM'000	Total equity RM'000
At 1 January 2021		530,665	82,479	17,884	40,883	(53,590)	452,538	1,070,859	94,048	1,164,907
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations		-	-	-	_	19,183	-	19,183	3,655	22,838
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	- -	173,909	173,909	24,633	198,542
Total comprehensive income for the year Retained earnings reinvested as capital contribution in		-	-	-	-	19,183	173,909	193,092	28,288	221,380
a subsidiary		-	-	-	52,182	-	(52,182)	-	-	-
Conversion of RCULS	16	4,245	(4,300)	-	-	-	-	(55)	-	(55)
Exercise of warrants Dividends to owners of the	16	713	-	(114)	-	-	-	599	-	599
Company Dividends to non-controlling	24	-	-	-	-	-	(10,181)	(10,181)	-	(10,181)
interests	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(26,094)	(26,094)
At 31 December 2021		535,623	78,179	17,770	93,065	(34,407)	564,084	1,254,314	96,242	1,350,556
		Note 16	Note 16	Note 16	Note 16	Note 16				

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Note 16 Note 16 Note 16 Note 16 Note 16

Attributable to owners of the Company Non-distributable

				-015111001	Other		ISUNDULADIC		Non-	
Group	Note	Share capital RM'000	RCULS - Equity RM'000	Warrant reserve RM'000	capital reserve RM'000	Translation reserve RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	Total RM'000	controlling interests RM'000	Total equity RM'000
At 1 January 2022		535,623	78,179	17,770	93,065	(34,407)	564,084	1,254,314	96,242	1,350,556
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign										
operations		-	-	-	-	(37)	-	(37)	1,227	1,190
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	145,045	145,045	8,955	154,000
Total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year	L					(37)	145,045	145,008	10,182	155,190
Conversion of RCULS	16	279	515	-	_	(37)	145,045	794	10,102	794
Exercise of warrants Dividends to owners of the	16	*	-	- **	-	-	-	/ 94 ***	-	/ 94 ***
Company	24	-	-	-	-	-	(35,700)	(35,700)	(4,747)	(40,447)
At 31 December 2022		535,902	78,694	17,770	93,065	(34,444)	673,429	1,364,416	101,677	1,466,093
		Nets 10	Nets 10	Nets 10	Note 10	Nata 10				

Note 16 Note 16 Note 16 Note 16 Note 16

* Denotes increase in share capital by RM41.

** Denotes reduction in warrant reserve by RM7.

*** Denotes exercise of warrants amounting to RM34.

Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 31 December 2022

Company	Note	 ✓ No Share capital RM'000 	n-distributal RCULS - Equity RM'000	ble ····· ≻ Di Warrant reserve RM'000	stributable Retained earnings RM'000	Total equity RM'000
At 1 January 2021		530,665	82,479	17,884	295,124	926,152
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year						
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	18,557	18,557
for the year		-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year Conversion of RCULS Exercise of warrants	16 16	- 4,245 713	- (4,300) -	- - (114)	18,557 - -	18,557 (55) 599
Dividends to owners of the Company	24	-	-	-	(10,181)	(10,181)
At 31 December 2021/ 1 January 2022 Profit and total comprehensive		535,623	78,179	17,770	303,500	935,072
income for the year						
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	124,272	124,272
for the year		-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	124,272	124,272
Conversion of RCULS	16	279	515	-	-	794
Exercise of warrants	16	*	-	**	-	***
Dividends to owners of the Company	24	-	-	-	(35,700)	(35,700)
At 31 December 2022		535,902	78,694	17,770	392,072	1,024,438
		Note 16	Note 16	Note 16		

* Denotes increase in share capital by RM41.

** Denotes reduction in warrant reserve by RM7.

*** Denotes exercise of warrants amounting to RM34.

Statements of Cash Flows

for the year ended 31 December 2022

		G	iroup	Com	pany
	Note	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Cash flows from operating activities					
Profit before tax from:		170 444	00.004	100.000	00 1 17
- continuing operations		179,444	96,904	129,032	23,147
- discontinued operations		-	133,272	-	-
		179,444	230,176	129,032	23,147
Adjustments for:					
Amortisation of intangible assets	5	257	902	165	220
Depreciation of investment properties	6	58	56	58	56
Depreciation of property, plant					
and equipment	3	39,372	47,923	20,147	16,897
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (Write back)/Fair value loss on	4	2,881	3,075	2,168	1,975
remeasurement of contingent					
consideration receivable	21	(8,819)	77,867	(8,819)	77,867
Provision for profit guarantee			45.000		15.000
payment	21	-	15,000	-	15,000
Dividend income		(4)	(7)	(112,296)	(93,781)
Net gain on disposal of property,		(010)	(000)	(010)	(005)
plant and equipment		(218)	(230)	(218)	(205)
Loss on liquidation of subsidiaries		35	-	88	-
Gain on deconsolidation of	00		(174.004)		(0,005)
subsidiaries	22	-	(174,264)	-	(8,335)
Gain on lease modification		(196)	(134)	(196)	(134)
Interest expense Interest income		41,768	25,238	21,199	16,340
Impairment of subsidiaries		(17,186)	(20,896)	(2,134)	(9,893) 76
Net (gain)/loss on impairment of		_	_	-	70
financial assets		(1,494)	791	156	646
Property, plant and equipment		(1,+3+)	731	100	040
written off		295	691	58	361
Share of (profit)/loss of equity		200	001	00	001
accounted joint ventures, net of tax	8	(70,020)	2,282	_	_
Share of loss of equity accounted	Ŭ	(10,020)	2,202		
associate, net of tax		17	16	-	-
Net unrealised loss/(gain) on					
foreign exchange		4,860	128	3,348	(359)
Oneverting prefit before changes					
Operating profit before changes		171.050	208,614	E0 760	20.070
in working capital		171,050	200,014	52,756	39,878
Changes in working capital: Trade and other receivables,					
prepayments and other					
financial assets		(75,010)	(98,913)	(91,841)	(130,184)
Inventories		(130,849)	(192,735)	(58,236)	(130,184) (89,750)
Biological assets		(150,649)	(192,735)	(30,230)	(03,750)
Trade and other payables and			(505)		-
other financial liabilities		6,560	(47,454)	(4,550)	(27,271)
		0,000	(+7,434)	(4,000)	(21,211)

Statements of Cash Flows

for the year ended 31 December 2022 (cont'd)

		G	iroup	Com	ipany
	Note	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Cash used in operations		(28,249)	(130,853)	(101,871)	(207,327)
Interest paid Interest received		(40,058) 17,186	(24,322) 20,896	(19,489) 2,134	(15,424) 9,893
Net income tax paid		(28,244)	(39,788)	(2,647)	(3,957)
Net cash used in operating activities		(79,365)	(174,067)	(121,873)	(216,815)
Cash flows from investing activities					
Acquisition of intangible assets	5	(257)	(53)	(204)	(35)
Acquisition of property, plant and	3	(50,000)	(46,606)	(14,098)	(14017)
equipment Dividend received	3	(50,000)	(40,000)	34,575	(14,017) 93,781
Decrease/(Increase) in fixed deposits		163,233	(84,484)	-	-
Proceeds from deconsolidation of					
subsidiaries, net of cash and cash equivalents disposed of	22	-	134,237	_	184,944
Proceeds from disposal of property,			,		,
plant and equipment		218	424	218	346
Net cash from investing activities		113,198	3,525	20,491	265,019
Cash flows from financing activities					
Dividends paid to non-controlling	_				
interests Dividends paid to owners of the	7	(20,572)	(10,269)	-	-
Company	24	(35,700)	(10,181)	(35,700)	(10,181)
(Repayment of)/Proceeds from loans					
and borrowings, net	16	(102,790)	225,281	97,149	14,066
RCULS coupon payment Payment of lease liabilities	10	(5,481) (1,545)	(5,593) (2,190)	(5,481) (1,234)	(5,593) (1,547)
Exercise of the warrants	16	-	599	-	599
Net cash (used in)/from financing					
activities		(166,088)	197,647	54,734	(2,656)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash					
and cash equivalents		(132,255)	27,105	(46,648)	45,548
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held		4,888	10 010		
Cash and cash equivalents		4,000	18,313		-
at 1 January	14	214,077	168,659	79,363	33,815
Cash and cash equivalents					
at 31 December	14	86,710	214,077	32,715	79,363

Cash outflows for leases as a lessee

		G	iroup	Com	npany
	Note	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Included in net cash from operating activities					
Payment relating to short-term leases	21	385	423	270	7
Payment relating to leases of					
low-value assets	21	67	87	63	61
Payment relating to variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities	21	1 795	2 756	843	445
	21	1,785	2,756	043	440
Interest paid in relation to lease liabilities		558	343	460	235
Included in net cash from financing activities					
Payment of lease liabilities		1,545	2,190	1,234	1,547
Total cash outflows for leases		4,340	5,799	2,870	2,295

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents included in the statements of cash flows comprise the following balance sheets amounts:

		G	iroup	Com	npany
	Note	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Deposits placed with licensed banks Cash and bank balances Liquid investment	14 14 14	30,033 56,677 -	118,361 89,585 6,131	434 32,281 -	2,727 70,505 6,131
		86,710	214,077	32,715	79,363

Statements of Cash Flows

for the year ended 31 December 2022 (cont'd)

National strutter National struter National struter													
		At 1 January 2021 RM'000	Net changes from financing cash flows RM'000		Acquisition of new lease RM'000	Derec	Foreign exchange movement RM'000	At 31 December 2021/ 1 January 2022 RM'000	Net Changes from financing cash flows RM'000	Acquisition of new lease RM*000	Derecognition of lease RM'000	Foreign exchange movement RM'000	At 31 December 2022 RM'000
274,278 (15,622) (40,658) 14,446 2,186) (15,4) 217,998 (15,050) 1,165,171 223,091 (191,689) 14,446 (2,186) 18,329 1,227,162 (1 1,165,171 223,091 (191,689) 14,446 (2,186) 18,329 1,227,162 (1 369,764 33,266 - - 2,024 405,054 1 369,764 33,266 - - - 2,024 405,054 1 369,764 33,266 - - - 2,024 405,054 1 369,764 170,000 170,000 - - - 2,024 405,054 1 3,821 (1,547) - - - - 13,531 - 13,519 (1	Unsecured bankers' acceptances/ Unsecured revolving credits	885,298	240,903	(150,570)	,		18,483	994,114	(56,045)	1	1	(3,630)	934,439
ties ncing 1,165,171 223,091 (191,689) 14,446 (2,186) 18,329 1,227,162 (1,165,171 223,091 (191,689) 14,446 (2,186) 18,329 1,227,162 (ad ad ces/ ad abs.764 33,266 - 2 2,024 405,054 - term 369,764 33,266 - 2 13,531 (2,186) - 13,531 (2,186) - term	ed term abilities	274,278 5,595	(15,622) (2,190)	(40,658) (461)	- 14,446		- (154)	217,998 15,050	(46,745) (1,545)	23 '	- (105)		171,253 13,423
ces/ d above above	oilities nancing es	1,165,171	223,091		14,446		18,329	1,227,162	(104,335)	23	(105)	_	(3,630) 1,119,115
ces/ d abs/764 33,266 - 2,024 405,054 - 2,200 term 2,200 (19,200) 170,000 - 13,531 (2,186) - 153,000 lities 3,821 (1,547) - 13,531 (2,186) - 13,619	ž												
2,200 (19,200) 170,000 153,000 3,821 (1,547) - 13,531 (2,186) - 13,619	ed s' ances/ ired 1g	369,764	33,266			1	2,024	405,054	131,149	'	1	(2,166)	534,037
idities	bilities	2,200 3,821	(19,200) (1,547)	8	- 13,531	- (2,186)	1.1	153,000 13,619	(34,000) (1,234)	- 23	- (105)	1 1	119,000 12,303
from financing 375,785 12,519 170,000 13,531 (2,186) 2,024 571,673 95,915	otal liabilities from financing activities	375,785	12,519		13,531	(2,186)	2,024	571,673	95,915	23	(105)	(2,166)	665,340

Notes to the Financial Statements

Malayan Flour Mills Berhad is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia and is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The address of its registered office, which is also its principal place of business is as follows:

Registered office and principal place of business

Suite 28.01, Level 28 Menara Citibank 165 Jalan Ampang 50450 Kuala Lumpur

The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group" and individually referred to as "Group entities") and the Group's interest in an associate and joint ventures.

The Company is principally engaged in the business of milling and selling wheat flour and trading in grain and other allied products, whilst the principal activities of the subsidiaries are as stated in Note 7 to the financial statements.

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30 March 2023.

1. Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

The following are accounting standards, interpretations and amendments that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") but have not been adopted by the Group and the Company:

MFRSs, interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023

- MFRS 17, Insurance Contracts
- Amendments to MFRS 17, Insurance Contracts Initial application of MFRS 17 and MFRS 9 Comparative Information
- Amendments to MFRS 101, Presentation of Financial Statements Disclosures of Accounting Policies
- Amendments to MFRS 108, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors – Definition of Accounting Estimates
- Amendments to MFRS 112, Income Taxes Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

Notes to the Financial Statements (cont'd)

1. Basis of preparation (cont'd)

(a) Statement of compliance (cont'd)

MFRSs, interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024

- Amendment to MFRS 16, Leases Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback
- Amendment to MFRS 101, Presentation of Financial Statements Non-current Liabilities with Covenants and Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

MFRSs, interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date yet to be confirmed

• Amendments to MFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements and MFRS 128, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The Group and the Company plan to apply the abovementioned accounting standards, interpretations and amendments:

- from the annual period beginning on 1 January 2023 for the accounting standard and amendments that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023, except for MFRS 17 and amendments to MFRS 17 which are not applicable to the Group and the Company.
- from the annual period beginning on 1 January 2024 for the amendments that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024.

The initial application of the abovementioned accounting standards, interpretations or amendments is not expected to have any material financial impact to the current period and prior period financial statements of the Group and of the Company.

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis other than as disclosed in Note 2.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information is presented in RM and has been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

(d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with MFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.



(d) Use of estimates and judgements (cont'd)

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

There are no significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements other than those disclosed in the following notes:

(i)	Note 4	-	extension options and incremental borrowing rate in relation to leases
(ii)	Note 8	-	investments in joint ventures
(iii)	Note 11.1	-	contingent consideration receivable from a joint venturer
(iv)	Note 26	-	measurement of expected credit loss ("ECL")

2. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the periods presented in these financial statements and have been applied consistently by Group entities, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities, including structured entities, controlled by the Company. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Potential voting rights are considered when assessing control only when such rights are substantive. The Group also considers it has *de facto* power over an investee when, despite not having the majority of voting rights, it has the current ability to direct the activities of the investee that significantly affect the investee's return.

Investments in subsidiaries are measured in the Company's balance sheet at cost less any impairment losses, unless the investment is classified as held for sale or distribution. The cost of investments includes transaction costs.

(ii) Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method from the acquisition date, which is the date on which control is transferred to the Group.

2. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

(a) Basis of consolidation (cont'd)

(ii) Business combinations (cont'd)

For new acquisitions, the Group measures the cost of goodwill at the acquisition date as:

- the fair value of the consideration transferred; plus
- the recognised amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree; plus
- if the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the existing equity interest in the acquiree; less
- the net recognised amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

When the excess is negative, a bargain purchase gain is recognised immediately in the income statements.

For each business combination, the Group elects whether it measures the non-controlling interests in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at the acquisition date.

Transaction costs, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurs in connection with a business combination are expensed as incurred.

(iii) Acquisitions of non-controlling interests

The Group accounts for all changes in its ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control as equity transactions between the Group and its non-controlling interest holders. Any difference between the Group's share of net assets before and after the change, and any consideration received or paid, is adjusted to or against Group reserves.

(iv) Associates

Associates are entities, including unincorporated entities, in which the Group has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies.

Investments in associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method less any impairment losses. The cost of the investments includes transaction costs. The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates, after adjustments if any, to align the accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date that significant influence commences until the date that significant influence ceases.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in an associate, the carrying amount of that interest including any long-term investments is reduced to zero, and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the associate.



(a) Basis of consolidation (cont'd)

(iv) Associates (cont'd)

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, any retained interest in the former associate at the date when significant influence is lost is measured at fair value and this amount is regarded as the initial carrying amount of a financial asset. The difference between the fair value of any retained interest plus proceeds from the interest disposed of and the carrying amount of the investment at the date when equity method is discontinued is recognised in the income statements.

When the Group's interest in an associate decrease but does not result in a loss of significant influence, any retained interest is not re-measured. Any gain or loss arising from the decrease in interest is recognised in the income statements. Any gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are also reclassified proportionately to the income statements if that gain or loss would be required to be reclassified to the income statements on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

Investment in an associate is measured in the Company's balance sheet at cost less any impairment losses. The cost of investments includes transaction costs.

(v) Joint arrangements

Joint arrangements are arrangements of which the Group has joint control, established by contracts requiring unanimous consent for decisions about the activities that significantly affect the arrangements' returns.

Joint arrangements are classified and accounted for as follows:

- A joint arrangement is classified as "joint operation" when the Group or the Company has rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities relating to an arrangement. The Group and the Company account for each of its share of the assets, liabilities and transactions, including its share of those held or incurred jointly with the other investors, in relation to the joint operation.
- A joint arrangement is classified as "joint venture" when the Group or the Company has rights only to the net assets of the arrangement. The Group accounts for its interest in the joint venture using the equity method.

Investments in joint ventures are measured in the Company's balance sheet at cost less any impairment losses, unless the investment is classified as held for sale or distribution. The cost of investment includes transaction costs.

2. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

(a) Basis of consolidation (cont'd)

(vi) Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests at the end of the reporting period, being the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the equity holders of the Company, are presented in the consolidated balance sheet and statement of changes in equity within equity, separately from equity attributable to the owners of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group is presented in the consolidated income statements and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the profit or loss and the comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the owners of the Company.

Losses applicable to the non-controlling interests in a subsidiary are allocated to the non-controlling interests even if doing so causes the non-controlling interests to have a deficit balance.

(vii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Unrealised gains arising from transactions with an equity accounted associate and joint ventures are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investees. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

(b) Foreign currency

(i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies of Group entities at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the reporting period are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are not retranslated at the end of the reporting date, except for those that are measured at fair value which are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined.

Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in the income statements, except for differences arising on the retranslation of equity instruments where they are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income or a financial instrument designated as a cash flow hedge, which are recognised in other comprehensive income.



(b) Foreign currency (cont'd)

(i) Foreign currency transactions (cont'd)

In the consolidated financial statements, when settlement of a monetary item receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, foreign exchange gains and losses arising from such a monetary item are considered to form part of a net investment in a foreign operation and are recognised in other comprehensive income, and are presented in the foreign currency translation reserve ("FCTR") in equity.

(ii) Operations denominated in functional currencies other than Ringgit Malaysia ("RM")

The assets and liabilities of operations denominated in functional currencies other than RM, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated to RM at exchange rates at the end of the reporting period, except for goodwill and fair value adjustments arising from business combinations before 1 January 2012 (the date when the Group first adopted MFRS) which are treated as assets and liabilities of the Company. The income and expenses of foreign operations, excluding foreign operations in hyperinflationary economies, are translated to RM at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Foreign currency differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the FCTR in equity. However, if the operation is a non-wholly owned subsidiary, then the relevant proportionate share of the translation difference is allocated to the non-controlling interests. When a foreign operation is disposed of such that control, significant influence or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the FCTR related to that foreign operation is reclassified to the income statements as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

When the Group disposes of only part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non-controlling interests. When the Group disposes of only part of its investments in an associate or joint venture that includes a foreign operation while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to the income statements.

(c) Financial instruments

(i) Recognition and initial measurement

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised in the balance sheets when, and only when, the Group or the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without significant financing component) or a financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus or minus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issuance. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

2. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

(c) Financial instruments (cont'd)

(i) Recognition and initial measurement (cont'd)

An embedded derivative is recognised separately from the host contract where the host contract is not a financial asset, and accounted for separately if, and only if, the derivative is not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract and the host contract is not measured at fair value through profit or loss. The host contract, in the event an embedded derivative is recognised separately, is accounted for in accordance with policy applicable to the nature of the host contract.

(ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement

Financial assets

Categories of financial assets are determined on initial recognition and are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group or the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change of the business model.

(a) Amortised cost

Amortised cost category comprises financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The financial assets are not designated as fair value through profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in the income statements. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in the income statements.

Interest income is recognised by applying effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount except for credit impaired financial assets (see Note 2(k)(i)) where the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost.

(b) Fair value through profit or loss

All financial assets not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income as described above are measured at fair value through profit or loss. This includes derivative financial assets (except for a derivative that is a designated and effective hedging instrument). On initial recognition, the Group or the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income as at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.



2. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

(c) Financial instruments (cont'd)

(ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement (cont'd)

Financial assets (cont'd)

(b) Fair value through profit or loss (cont'd)

Financial assets categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair value. Net gains or losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in the income statements.

All financial assets, except for those measured at fair value through profit or loss and equity investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, are subject to impairment assessment (see Note 2(k)(i)).

Financial liabilities

The categories of financial liabilities at initial recognition are as follows:

(a) Fair value through profit or loss

Fair value through profit or loss category comprises financial liabilities that are derivatives (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument), contingent consideration in a business combination and financial liabilities that are specifically designated into this category upon initial recognition.

On initial recognition, the Group or the Company may irrevocably designate a financial liability that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost as at fair value through profit or loss:

- (a) if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise;
- (b) a group of financial liabilities or assets and financial liabilities is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the group is provided internally on that basis to the Group's key management personnel; or
- (c) if a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives and the host is not a financial asset in the scope of MFRS 9, where the embedded derivative significantly modifies the cash flows and separation is not prohibited.

Financial liabilities categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair value with gains or losses, including any interest expense are recognised in the income statements.

2. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

(c) Financial instruments (cont'd)

(ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement (cont'd)

Financial liabilities (cont'd)

(a) Fair value through profit or loss (cont'd)

For financial liabilities where it is designated as fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition, the Group and the Company recognise the amount of change in fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to change in credit risk in the other comprehensive income and remaining amount of the change in fair value in the income statements, unless the treatment of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch.

(b) Amortised cost

Other financial liabilities not categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in the income statements. Any gains or losses on derecognition are also recognised in the income statements.

(iii) Derecognition

A financial asset or part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or transferred, or control of the asset is not retained or substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred to another party. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the sum of consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) is recognised in the income statements.

A financial liability or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. A financial liability is also derecognised when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case, a new financial liability based on modified terms is recognised at fair value. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in the income statements.

(iv) Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheets when, and only when, the Group or the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and liability simultaneously.



2. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

(d) **Property, plant and equipment**

(i) **Recognition and measurement**

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use, and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located. The cost of self-constructed assets also includes the cost of materials and direct labour. For qualifying assets, borrowing costs are capitalised in accordance with the accounting policy on borrowing costs. Cost may also include transfers from equity of any gain or loss on qualifying cash flow hedges of foreign currency purchases of property, plant and equipment.

When significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and is recognised net within "other income" and "other expenses" respectively, in the income statements.

(ii) **Subsequent costs**

The cost of replacing a component of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the component will flow to the Group or the Company, and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced component is derecognised to the income statements. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the income statements as incurred.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is based on the cost of an asset less its residual value. Significant components of individual assets are assessed, and if a component has a useful life that is different from the remainder of that asset, then that component is depreciated separately.

Depreciation is recognised in the income statements on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment from the date that they are available for use. Freehold land is not depreciated. Capital work-in-progress are not depreciated until the assets are ready for their intended use.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

•	buildings and jetty	10, 20 and 50 years
•	plant, machinery, fixtures and equipment	4 - 20 years

motor vehicles

5 - 10 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of the reporting period and adjusted as appropriate.

2. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

(e) Leases

(i) Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group and the Company assess whether:

- the contract involves the use of an identified asset this may be specified explicitly or implicitly, and should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified;
- the customer has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- the customer has the right to direct the use of the asset. The customer has this right when it has the decision-making rights that are most relevant to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used. In rare cases where the decision about how and for what purpose the asset is used is predetermined, the customer has the right to direct the use of the asset if either the customer has the right to operate the asset; or the customer designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group and the Company allocate the consideration in the contract to each lease and non-lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices. However, for leases of land and buildings in which the Group and the Company are lessees, they have elected not to separate non-lease components and will instead account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

(ii) Recognition and initial measurement

(a) As a lessee

The Group and the Company recognise a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the respective Group entities' incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group entities use their incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.



(e) Leases (cont'd)

(ii) Recognition and initial measurement (cont'd)

(a) As a lessee (cont'd)

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments less any incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee;
- the exercise price under a purchase option that the Group and the Company are reasonably certain to exercise; and
- penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group and the Company are reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The Group and the Company exclude variable lease payments that linked to future performance or usage of the underlying asset from the lease liability. Instead, these payments are recognised in the income statements in the period in which the performance or use occurs.

The Group and the Company have elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The Group and the Company recognise the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(b) As a lessor

When the Group and the Company act as a lessor, they determine at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease.

To classify each lease, the Group and the Company make an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then it is an operating lease.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Group and the Company apply MFRS 15 to allocate the consideration in the contract based on the stand-alone selling prices.

When the Company is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sublease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sublease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. If a head lease is a short-term lease to which the Company applies the exemption described above, then it classifies the sublease as an operating lease.

2. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

(e) Leases (cont'd)

(iii) Subsequent measurement

(a) As a lessee

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a revision of in-substance fixed lease payments, if there is a change in the Group's and the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Group and the Company change their assessment of whether they will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in the income statements if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

(b) As a lessor

The Group and the Company recognise lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as part of "other income".

(f) Intangible assets

(i) Computer software

Computer software acquired by the Group and the Company is stated at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The cost capitalised includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the software licenses and any other development costs directly attributable to the preparation of the computer software for its intended use.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure on computer software is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure is recognised in the income statements as incurred.



2. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

(f) Intangible assets (cont'd)

(iii) Amortisation

Amortisation of computer software is recognised in the income statements on a straightline basis over its estimated useful lives from the date that it is available for use.

The estimated useful life of computer software is 4 years.

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted, if appropriate.

(g) Investment properties

Investment properties carried at cost

Investment properties are properties which are owned or right-of-use asset held under a lease contract to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Investment properties initially and subsequently measured at cost are accounted for similarly to property, plant and equipment.

(h) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is calculated using the weighted average cost formula, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition. In the case of work-in-progress and finished goods, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(i) Asset held for sale

Non-current assets that are expected to be recovered primarily through sale or distribution to owners rather than through continuing use, are classified as held for sale.

Immediately before classification as held for sale, the assets are remeasured in accordance with the Group's accounting policies. Thereafter generally the assets are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs of disposal.

(j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, balances and deposits with banks and highly liquid investments which have insignificant risk of changes in fair value with original maturities of three months or less, and are used by the Group and the Company in the management of their short-term commitments.

2. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

(k) Impairment

(i) Financial assets

The Group and the Company recognise loss allowances for expected credit losses on financial assets measured at amortised cost. Expected credit losses are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses.

The Group and the Company measure loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating expected credit loss, the Group and the Company consider reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information, where available.

Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the asset, while 12-month expected credit losses are the portion of expected credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date. The maximum period considered when estimating expected credit losses is the maximum contractual period over which the Group and the Company are exposed to credit risk.

The Group and the Company estimate the expected credit losses on trade receivables using a provision matrix with reference to historical credit loss experience.

An impairment loss in respect of financial assets measured at amortised cost is recognised in the income statements and the carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account.

At each reporting date, the Group and the Company assess whether financial assets carried at amortised cost is credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or fully) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group or the Company determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's or the Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.



(k) Impairment (cont'd)

(ii) Other assets

The carrying amounts of other assets (except for deferred tax assets, inventories and non-current assets (or disposal groups) classified as held for sale) are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash-generating units.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash-generating unit.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its related cash-generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in the income statements. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the cash-generating unit (groups of cash-generating units) on a *pro rata* basis.

Impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at the end of each reporting period for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to the income statements in the financial year in which the reversals are recognised.

(I) Equity instruments

Instruments classified as equity are measured at cost on initial recognition and are not remeasured subsequently.

(i) Issue expenses

Costs directly attributable to the issue of instruments classified as equity are recognised as a deduction from equity.

2. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

(I) Equity instruments (cont'd)

(ii) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

(m) Compound financial instruments

A compound financial instrument is a non-derivative financial instrument that contains both a liability and an equity component.

Compound financial instruments issued by the Group comprise convertible notes that can be converted to share capital at the option of the holder, when the number of shares to be issued does not vary with changes in their fair value.

The proceeds are first allocated to the liability component, determined based on the fair value of a similar liability that does not have a conversion feature or similar associated equity component. The residual amount is allocated as the equity component. Any directly attributable transaction costs are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to their initial carrying amounts.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the liability component of a compound financial instrument is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The equity component of a compound financial instrument is not remeasured subsequent to initial recognition.

Interest and losses and gains relating to the financial liability are recognised in the income statements. On conversion, the financial liability is reclassified to equity; no gain or loss is recognised on conversion.

(n) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations in respect of salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave and sick leave are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus or profit-sharing plans if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(ii) State plans

The Group's contributions to statutory pension funds are charged to the income statements in the financial year to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Company has no further payment obligations.



2. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

(o) Revenue and other income

(i) Revenue

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Group or the Company recognises revenue when (or as) it transfers control over a product or service to customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of the asset.

The Group or the Company transfers control of a good or service at a point in time unless one of the following over time criteria is met:

- (a) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided as the Group or the Company performs;
- (b) the Group's or the Company's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- (c) the Group's or the Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use and the Group or the Company has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

(ii) Rental income

Rental income from investment property is recognised in the income statements on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Rental income from sub-leased property is recognised as "other income".

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised in the income statements on the date that the Group's or the Company's right to receive payment is established.

(iv) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues, using the effective interest method in the income statements.

(p) Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or completed.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the income statements in the period in which they are incurred.

2. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

(q) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in the income statements except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous financial years.

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet and their tax bases. Deferred tax is not recognised for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of goodwill, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profits or loss. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Unutilised reinvestment allowance, being tax incentives that is not a tax base of an asset, is recognised as a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is probable that the future taxable profits will be available against the unutilised tax incentive can be utilised.

(r) Discontinued operations

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group's business that represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations that has been disposed of or is held for sale or distribution, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale. Classification as a discontinued operation occurs upon disposal or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale, if earlier. When an operation is classified as a discontinued operation, the comparative income statement and other comprehensive income is re-presented as if the operation had been discontinued from the start of the comparative period.



2. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

(s) Earnings per ordinary share

The Group presents basic earnings per share data for its ordinary shares ("EPS").

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for own shares held, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprise redeemable convertible unsecured loan stock ("RCULS") and warrants.

(t) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. Operating segment results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

(u) Contingencies

Contingent liabilities

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is not recognised in the balance sheets and is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(v) Fair value measurements

Fair value of an asset or a liability, except for share-based payment and lease transactions, is determined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

For non-financial asset, the fair value measurement takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

2. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

(v) Fair value measurements (cont'd)

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair value is categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the input used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfers.

Group	Note	Land RM'000	Buildings and jetty RM'000	Plant, machinery, fixtures and equipment RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Capital work-in- progress RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost							
At 1 January 2021 Additions Disposals Write-off Transfers Transfer to intangible assets Transfer to asset held for sale Deconsolidation of		31,682 758 - - - -	781,393 548 - (435) 26,295 - -	798,482 6,628 (2,309) (28,067) 23,690 (917)	50,482 189 (2,992) (81) - - -	106,987 45,094 - (49,985) - (33,597)	1,769,026 53,217 (5,301) (28,583) - (917) (33,597)
subsidiaries Effect of movements in exchange rates	22	(32,440) -	(452,149) 3,490	(429,359) 4,263	(26,089) 237	(19,835) 118	(959,872) 8,108
At 31 December 2021/ 1 January 2022 Additions Disposals Write-off Transfers Transfer to intangible assets Reclassifications Effect of movements in exchange rates	5	- - - - -	359,142 4,108 - (430) (16) - - 1,358	372,411 9,513 (275) (248) 46,970 (212) - 2,296	21,746 492 (900) - - - - - 196	48,782 35,887 (41) (46,954) - (3,946) 443	802,081 50,000 (1,175) (719) - (212) (3,946) 4,293
At 31 December 2022		-	364,162	430,455	21,534	34,171	850,322

3. Property, plant and equipment



3. Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

Group	Note	Land RM'000	Buildings and jetty RM'000	Plant, machinery, fixtures and equipment RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Capital work-in- progress RM'000	Total RM'000
Depreciation and impairment loss							
At 1 January 2021 Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment		-	200,675	438,704	38,769	-	678,148
loss		-	3	597	-	-	600
Depreciation for the year		-	200,678	439,301	38,769	-	678,748
Depreciation for the year Disposals		-	14,661 -	31,369 (2,163)	1,893 (2,944)	-	47,923 (5,107)
Write-off		-	- (159)	(2,103)	(2,944)	_	(27,892)
Transfer to intangible assets Deconsolidation of	5	-	-	(842)	-	-	(842)
subsidiaries Effect of movements in	22	-	(105,448)	(205,293)	(20,248)	-	(330,989)
exchange rates		-	1,529	1,999	333	-	3,861
At 31 December 2021/ 1 January 2022							
Accumulated depreciation		-	111,261	236,718	17,723	-	365,702
Depreciation for the year		-	9,233	28,891	1,248	-	39,372
Disposals		-	-	(275)	(900)	-	(1,175)
Write-off		-	(194)	(230)	-		(424)
Transfer to intangible assets Effect of movements in	5	-	-	8	-	-	8
exchange rates		-	662	1,569	132	-	2,363
At 31 December 2022 Accumulated depreciation		-	120,962	266,681	18,203	-	405,846
<i>Carrying amounts</i> At 1 January 2021		31,682	580,715	359,181	11,713	106,987	1,090,278
At 31 December 2021/ 1 January 2022		-	247,881	135,693	4,023	48,782	436,379
At 31 December 2022		-	243,200	163,774	3,331	34,171	444,476

3. Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

Company	Note	Buildings and jetty RM'000	Plant, machinery, fixtures and equipment RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Capital work-in- progress RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost						
At 1 January 2021		209,030	210,888	12,367	51,615	483,900
Additions		161	3,799	1	10,882	14,843
Disposals		-	(2,165)	(2,729)	-	(4,894)
Write-off Transfers		- 36,802	(27,095) 13,259	(81)	- (50,061)	(27,176)
At 31 December 2021/						
1 January 2022		245,993	198,686	9,558	12,436	466,673
Additions		97	8,412	459	5,130	14,098
Disposals		-	(275)	(900)	-	(1,175)
Write-off		-	(180)	-	(41)	(221)
Transfers		-	17,350	-	(17,350)	-
Transfer to intangible assets	5	-	(212)	-	-	(212)
At 31 December 2022		246,090	223,781	9,117	175	479,163
Depreciation						
At 1 January 2021		65,204	152,939	11,405	-	229,548
Depreciation for the year		4,908	11,688	301	-	16,897
Disposals		-	(2,024)	(2,729)	-	(4,753)
Write-off		-	(26,735)	(80)	-	(26,815)
At 31 December 2021/						
1 January 2022		70,112	135,868	8,897	-	214,877
Depreciation for the year		4,910	14,902	335	-	20,147
Disposals		-	(275)	(900)	-	(1,175)
Write-off Transfer to intangible assets	5	-	(163) 8	-	-	(163) 8
At 31 December 2022		75,022	150,340	8,332	-	233,694
Carrying amounts						
At 1 January 2021		143,826	57,949	962	51,615	254,352
At 31 December 2021/		175 001	00.010	001	10,100	054 700
1 January 2022		175,881	62,818	661	12,436	251,796
At 31 December 2022		171,068	73,441	785	175	245,469

3.1 Borrowing costs

Included in additions of the Group are borrowing costs capitalised at 2.50% - 4.03% (2021: 2.50%) per annum amounting to RM97,000 (2021: RM93,000).

4. Right-of-use assets

	Note	Leasehold land RM'000	Buildings RM'000	Total RM'000
Group				
At 1 January 2021 Additions Depreciation for the year Derecognition Deconsolidation of subsidiaries Effect of movements in exchange rates	22	25,042 232 (659) - (17,677) 126	5,378 14,214 (2,416) (2,052) (441) -	30,420 14,446 (3,075) (2,052) (18,118) 126
At 31 December 2021/1 January 2022 Additions Depreciation for the year Lease modification Effect of movements in exchange rates		7,064 - (496) - 48	14,683 23 (2,385) 91	21,747 23 (2,881) 91 48
At 31 December 2022		6,616	12,412	19,028
Company				
At 1 January 2021 Additions Depreciation for the year Derecognition		4,578 - (147) -	3,647 13,531 (1,828) (2,052)	8,225 13,531 (1,975) (2,052)
At 31 December 2021/1 January 2022 Additions Depreciation for the year Lease modification		4,431 - (134) -	13,298 23 (2,034) 91	17,729 23 (2,168) 91
At 31 December 2022		4,297	11,378	15,675

The Group and the Company lease buildings for its office space, warehouse and staff quarters that typically run for a period of one to five years, with an option to renew the lease after that date.

4.1 Extension options

Some leases of office space, warehouse and staff quarters contain extension options exercisable by the Group and the Company. Where applicable, the Group and the Company seek to include extension options in new leases to provide operational flexibility. The extension options held are exercisable only by the Group and the Company and not by the lessors. The Group and the Company assess at lease commencement whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the extension options. The Group and the Company reassess whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the options if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances within its control.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group and the Company have included all potential future cash flows of exercising the extension options in the lease liabilities.

4. Right-of-use assets (cont'd)

4.2 Significant judgements and assumptions in relation to lease

The Group and the Company assess at lease commencement by applying significant judgement whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the extension options. Group entities consider all facts and circumstances including their past practice and any cost that will be incurred to change the asset if an option to extend is not taken, to help them determine the lease term.

The Group and the Company also applied judgement and assumptions in determining the incremental borrowing rate of the respective leases. Group entities first determine the closest available borrowing rates before using significant judgement to determine the adjustments required to reflect the term, security, value or economic environment of the respective leases.

5. Intangible assets

	Note	Compute Group RM'000	er software Company RM'000
Cost At 1 January 2021 Additions Transfer from property, plant and equipment Write-off Deconsolidation of subsidiaries Effect of movements in exchange rates	3	14,941 53 917 (538) (6,475) 147	6,172 35 - (25) -
At 31 December 2021/1 January 2022 Additions Transfer from property, plant and equipment Write-off Effect of movements in exchange rates	3	9,045 257 212 (401) 52	6,182 204 212 (401) -
At 31 December 2022		9,165	6,197
Amortisation At 1 January 2021 Amortisation for the year Write-off Transfer from property, plant and equipment Deconsolidation of subsidiaries Effect of movements in exchange rates	3	11,285 902 (538) 842 (3,920) 133	5,895 220 (25) - -
At 31 December 2021/1 January 2022 Amortisation for the year Write-off Transfer from property, plant and equipment Effect of movements in exchange rates	3	8,704 257 (401) (8) 47	6,090 165 (401) (8)
At 31 December 2022		8,599	5,846

5. Intangible assets (cont'd)

	Note	Computer software		
		Group RM'000	Company RM'000	
<i>Carrying amounts</i> At 1 January 2021		3,656	277	
At 31 December 2021/1 January 2022		341	92	
At 31 December 2022		566	351	

5.1 Intangible assets

Intangible assets principally comprise expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of software licences and any other development costs directly attributable to the preparation of the computer software for its intended use.

5.2 Amortisation

The amortisation is allocated to the income statements (administrative expenses) on a straight-line basis over the intangible assets' estimated useful lives.

6. Investment properties

Group	Freehold land RM'000	Buildings RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost At 1 January 2021/31 December 2021/ 1 January 2022/31 December 2022	3,943	2,836	6,779
Depreciation At 1 January 2021 Depreciation for the year	-	1,782 56	1,782 56
At 31 December 2021/1 January 2022 Depreciation for the year	-	1,838 58	1,838 58
At 31 December 2022	-	1,896	1,896
<i>Carrying amounts</i> At 1 January 2021	3,943	1,054	4,997
At 31 December 2021/1 January 2022	3,943	998	4,941
At 31 December 2022	3,943	940	4,883

6. Investment properties (cont'd)

Company	Freehold land RM'000	Buildings RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost At 1 January 2021/31 December 2021/ 1 January 2022/31 December 2022	3,672	2,836	6,508
Depreciation At 1 January 2021 Depreciation for the year	-	1,782 56	1,782 56
At 31 December 2021/1 January 2022 Depreciation for the year	-	1,838 58	1,838 58
At 31 December 2022	-	1,896	1,896
Carrying amounts At 1 January 2021	3,672	1,054	4,726
At 31 December 2021/1 January 2022	3,672	998	4,670
At 31 December 2022	3,672	940	4,612

The following are recognised in the income statements in respect of investment properties:

	Group and	Company	
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	
Lease income Direct operating expenses:	458	466	
- income generating investment properties	53	53	

Fair value information

Fair value of investment properties are categorised as follows:

		Group	Company		
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	
Level 3 Freehold land and buildings	124,335	123,485	119,475	118,855	

6. Investment properties (cont'd)

Fair value information (cont'd)

Level 3 fair value

The following table shows the valuation technique used in the determination of fair values within Level 3, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used in the valuation models.

Description of valuation technique and inputs used	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurements
Comparison method of valuation which entails comparing the property with similar properties that were sold recently and those that are currently offered for sale in the vicinity.	Recent transactions of similar properties at or near reporting period with similar land usage, land size and location.	The estimated fair value would increase/(decrease) if recent transactions of similar properties at or near reporting period with similar land usage and land size were higher/ (lower).

Valuation processes applied by the Group for Level 3 fair value

The fair value of investment properties is estimated by the Directors using the comparison method. The comparison method entails critical analysis of recent evidences of values of comparable properties in the neighbourhood and making adjustment for differences in location, size and shape of land, age and condition of building, tenure, title restrictions if any and other relevant characteristics.

7. Investments in subsidiaries

	Cor	Company		
	2022 RM'000			
At cost Unquoted shares Less: Accumulated impairment losses	141,800 (452			
	141,348	171,919		

During the financial year ended 31 December 2022, the decrease in investments in subsidiaries is mainly due to:

- (i) Net investments in subsidiaries of RM6,794,000 are in member's voluntary liquidation; and
- (ii) Net capital repayment of RM24,000,000 made by a subsidiary of the Company by way of offsetting against the amount due to a subsidiary.

7. Investments in subsidiaries (cont'd)

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

		Effective ownership interest		
Name of subsidiary	Principal place of business/Country of incorporation	Principal activities	2022 %	2021 %
Dindings Soya & Multifeeds Sdn. Berhad	Malaysia	Manufacture and sale of animal feeds and sale of related raw materials	100	100
Premier Grain Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Trading in corn, soybean meal and other feed ingredients	51	51
Vimaflour Ltd.*	Vietnam	Milling and selling wheat flour together with its allied products	70	70
MFM International Ltd. #	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	100	100
MFM Property Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Investment holding	100	100
MFM Feedmill Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100
Semakin Dinamik Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100
MFM LTD.	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100
Muda Fibre Manufacturing Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	60	60
Dindings Broiler Breeder Farm Sdn. Bhd.^	Malaysia	Dormant (in member's voluntary liquidation)	100	100
Syarikat Pengangkutan Lumut Sdn. Bhd.^	Malaysia	Dormant (in member's voluntary liquidation)	100	100
Dindings Grand Parent Farm Sdn. Bhd.^	Malaysia	Dormant (in member's voluntary liquidation)	100	100
AVIOTA Sdn. Bhd.^	Malaysia	Dormant (in member's voluntary liquidation)	100	100



7. Investments in subsidiaries (cont'd)

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows: (cont'd)

			owne	ctive ership rest
Name of subsidiary	Principal place of business/Country of incorporation	Principal activities	2022 %	2021 %
Subsidiary of MFM International Ltd. Mekong Flour Mills Ltd.*	Vietnam	Milling and selling wheat flour together with its allied products	100	100

- * Audited by other member firms of KPMG International.
- # Not audited by member firms of KPMG PLT.
- ^ These subsidiaries are in member's voluntary liquidation.

7.1 Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries

The subsidiaries' information are aggregated based on their operating segment. The Group's subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests ("NCI") are as follows:

S	ubsidiaries with material NCI* RM'000	Other subsidiaries with immaterial NCI RM'000	Total RM'000
2022 Carrying amount of NCI	96,882	4,795	101,677
Comprehensive income/(expense) allocated to NCI	10,186	(4)	10,182
2021 Carrying amount of NCI	91,287	4,955	96,242
Comprehensive income/(expense) allocated to NCI	28,292	(4)	28,288

* Subsidiaries with material NCI consist of Premier Grain Sdn. Bhd. and Vimaflour Ltd..

7. Investments in subsidiaries (cont'd)

7.1 Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries (cont'd)

	Subsidiaries with material NCI*		
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	
Summarised financial information before intra-group elimination As at 31 December Non-current assets Current assets Non-current liabilities	104,935 687,532 (8,278)	85,973 739,277 (14,578)	
Current liabilities Net assets	(471,421) 312,768	(525,304) 285,368	
Year ended 31 December Revenue Profit for the year Total comprehensive income	1,708,015 38,021 42,109	1,484,467 89,580 101,763	
Cash flows from operating activities Cash flows used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities	5,067 (29,726) 26,767	4,799 (66,989) 37,158	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,108	(25,032)	
Dividends paid to NCI Dividends payable to NCI	4,747	10,269 15,825	
	4,747	26,094	

* Subsidiaries with material NCI consist of Premier Grain Sdn. Bhd. and Vimaflour Ltd..

8. Investments in joint ventures

	Group		Company	
	2022 2021 RM'000 RM'000		2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
At cost Unquoted shares Share of post-acquisition reserves	656,057 37,541	656,057 (26,840)	647,382 -	647,382 -
	693,598	629,217	647,382	647,382

Significant judgements and assumptions in relation to impairment assessment of investments in joint ventures

The Company applied significant judgements and assumptions in performing impairment testing which require management to estimate the recoverable amount of the investments in joint ventures and to provide impairment loss when required. The Company considered the joint ventures' cash flow projections in determining the recoverable amount of the investments in joint ventures.



Significant judgements and assumptions in relation to impairment assessment of investments in joint ventures (cont'd)

The following table shows the valuation technique used in the determination of the fair value and the significant unobservable inputs used in the valuation calculation.

Description of valuation technique and inputs used	Level 3 fair value significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurements
The valuation method considers the discounting of future cash flows expected to be generated.	 Pre-tax discount rate of 15% (2021: ranging from 11% to 14%). Terminal growth rate of 1% (2021: ranging from 0% to 3%). 	 The estimated fair value would increase/decrease if the discount rate were lower/higher. The estimated fair value would increase/decrease if the terminal growth rate were higher/lower.

The joint ventures, all of which are incorporated in Malaysia except as disclosed otherwise, comprise:

			Percen owne	-
Name of joint venture	Principal place of business/ Country of incorporation	Principal activities	2022 %	2021 %
Dindings Tyson Sdn. Bhd. ("DTSB") #	Malaysia	Investment holding	51	51
Subsidiaries of DTSB Dindings Poultry Development Centre Sdn. Bhd. #	Malaysia	Breeding and sale of day-old chicks, poultry grow-out farm, purchase and contract farming activities and manufacture and sale of animal feeds and sale of related raw materials	51	51
Dindings Poultry Processing Sdn. Bhd. #	Malaysia	Processing and sale of poultry products	51	51
Dindings Foods Sdn. Bhd. #	Malaysia	Dormant	51	51
PT Bungasari Flour Mills Indonesia ("BFMI") *	Indonesia	Milling and selling of wheat flour together with its allied products	30	30

- # Although the Group has majority voting rights in DTSB, there are substantive rights shared with the other shareholder pursuant to the shareholders' agreement. Accordingly, DTSB and its subsidiaries are classified as joint ventures of the Group.
- * Not audited by member firms of KPMG PLT.

8. Investments in joint ventures (cont'd)

The following table summarises the financial information of the joint ventures, as adjusted for any differences in accounting policies. The table also reconciles the summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the Group's interest in the joint ventures, which is accounted for using the equity method.

	DTSB		В	BFMI		Total		
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000		
Summarised financial information As at 31 December Non-current assets Current assets Non-current liabilities Current liabilities	895,685 437,365 (15,208) (268,175)	734,880 305,978 (32,383) (248,364)	774,905 872,985 (99,597) (1,002,162)	847,386 813,326 (157,670) (914,738)	1,670,590 1,310,350 (114,805) (1,270,337)	1,582,266 1,119,304 (190,053) (1,163,102)		
Net assets	1,049,667	760,111	546,131	588,304	1,595,798	1,348,415		
Year ended 31 December Revenue Profit/(Loss) for the year	1,109,578 151,045	733,360 (44,450)	1,815,020 (23,376)	1,653,411 27,280	2,924,598 127,669	2,386,771 (17,170)		
Reconciliation of net assets to carrying amount as at 31 December Group's share of net assets Goodwill	464,690 65,069	387,657 65,069	163,839 -	176,491 -	628,529 65,069	564,148 65,069		
Carrying amount in the balance sheet	529,759	452,726	163,839	176,491	693,598	629,217		
Group's share of results for year ended 31 December Group's share of profit/ (loss) from continuing operations	77,033	(10,466)	(7,013)	8,184	70,020	(2,282)		

8. Investments in joint ventures (cont'd)

Contingent liabilities

PT Bungasari Flour Mills Indonesia ("BFMI")

Corporate guarantee

The Company has provided proportionate corporate guarantees of up to USD15.0 million (2021: USD15.0 million) for financing facilities granted by financial institutions to the joint venturer, BFMI. As at 31 December 2022, the outstanding loans proportionately amounted to USD7.6 million (2021: USD11.4 million).

Litigations

The Tax Court proceedings for the assessment of overclaimed value-added tax ("VAT") for the year 2017 which was released in June 2022 was not in favour of BFMI. The Group's 30% share of the potential liabilities is RM6.1 million for the year 2017. Based on the advice of its tax consultant who is of the view that there are sufficient grounds to challenge this VAT year 2017, BFMI has filed for a judicial review at the Supreme Court to overturn the results of the Tax Court. On 22 December 2022, the Supreme Court issued decrees in favour of BFMI in respect of the VAT for year 2017 assessment for the month of April, May and August; on 26 January 2023 for the month of March, June, July, September, November and December and on 28 February 2023 for the month of February. Tax period for the month of January and October are still under the Supreme Court review and the results are expected to be in consistent with the concluded months.

The Directors concur with the view that no additional provision is required in the financial statements for the potential tax liabilities of VAT year 2017.

Dindings Poultry Development Centre Sdn. Bhd. ("DPDC")

Litigations

On 5 August 2022, DPDC received a Notice of Proposed Decision issued by the Malaysia Competition Commission ("MyCC") pursuant to Section 36 of the Competition Act 2010 ("the Act") ("Proposed Decision"). The Proposed Decision is premised primarily on the allegation that DPDC had engaged in agreements and/or concerted practices to fix the quantum of poultry feed price which is in breach of Section 4(1) read together with Sections 4(2)(a) and 4(3) of the Act.

DPDC strongly denies the allegation of the aforesaid infringement which is without merit and intends to defend such unfounded allegation vigorously. DPDC has appointed external legal counsel to represent it and will submit written representations within the specified period and make an oral representation before MyCC. However, in the event of any findings contrary, MyCC has proposed a financial penalty equivalent to 10% based on the relevant turnover and based on MyCC's calculations for the alleged period which amounts to RM70 million. DPDC denies that it is liable for the said penalty and refutes the basis of the calculation applied by MyCC. DPDC submitted its written submission to MyCC on 31 January 2023 rebutting the allegation of the aforesaid infringement.

The legal counsel is of the view that the Proposed Decision does not give rise to an obligation to pay MyCC the sum of the proposed penalty. Based on the advice from the legal counsel, the Directors concur with the view that no provision is required in the financial statements at this juncture.

9. Investment in an associate

	G	Group		
	2022 RM'000			
At cost Unquoted shares Share of post-acquisition reserves	1,120 (59			
	1,061	1,052		

Details of the associate are as follows:

			owne	ctive ership rest
Name of entity	Principal place of business/Country of incorporation	Nature of the relationship	2022 %	2021 %
Freeman Properties Holding Ltd. (Held through MFM Property Sdn. Bhd.)	Cambodia	Investment	49	49

10. Deferred tax assets/(liabilities)

Recognised deferred tax assets/(liabilities)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to the following:

	Assets		Liab	oilities	Net		
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	
Group							
Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Lease liabilities RCULS Provisions Reinvestment allowances Unabsorbed capital allowances Tax loss carry-forwards Others	- 2,953 1,716 3,353 5,493 9,350 1,719 739	- 3,269 2,872 3,142 7,399 8,200 3,809	(26,444) (3,646) - - - - -	(23,200) (4,255) - - - - - - (385)	(26,444) (3,646) 2,953 1,716 3,353 5,493 9,350 1,719 739	(23,200) (4,255) 3,269 2,872 3,142 7,399 8,200 3,809 (385)	
Tax assets/(liabilities) Set off of tax	25,323 (19,552)	28,691 (21,961)	(30,090) 19,552	(27,840) 21,961	(4,767)	851	
Net tax assets/(liabilities)	5,771	6,730	(10,538)	(5,879)	(4,767)	851	

10. Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) (cont'd)

Recognised deferred tax assets/(liabilities) (cont'd)

	Assets		Liab	oilities	Net		
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	
Company							
Property, plant and							
equipment	-	-	(20,621)	(17,564)	(20,621)	(17,564)	
Right-of-use assets	-	-	(3,646)	(4,255)	(3,646)	(4,255)	
Lease liabilities	2,953	3,269	-	-	2,953	3,269	
RCULS	1,716	2,872	-	-	1,716	2,872	
Provisions	3,008	2,471	-	-	3,008	2,471	
Reinvestment allowances	5,493	7,399	-	-	5,493	7,399	
Others	563	-	-	(67)	563	(67)	
Tax assets/(liabilities)	13,733	16,011	(24,267)	(21,886)	(10,534)	(5,875)	
Set off of tax	(13,733)	(16,011)	13,733	16,011	-	-	
Net tax liabilities	-	-	(10,534)	(5,875)	(10,534)	(5,875)	

Movement in temporary differences during the year

		Recognised in the F income statements (Note 20) RM'000	Recognised directly in equity (Note 16) RM'000	Deconsolidation of subsidiaries RM'000	At	Recognised in the income statements (Note 20) RM'000	Recognised directly in equity (Note 16) RM'000	At 31.12.2022 RM'000
Group								
Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use		,	-	53,830	(23,200)		-	(26,444)
assets Lease liabilities	(2,693) 1,018	3,052	-	663 (801)	(4,255) 3,269	(316)	- - (050)	(3,646) 2,953
RCULS Provisions Reinvestment	4,637 8,905	(1,782) (2)	17	- (5,761)	2,872 3,142	(906) 211	(250) -	1,716 3,353
allowances Unabsorbed capital	9,914	(2,515)	-	-	7,399	(1,906)	-	5,493
allowances Tax loss	54,148	3,691	-	(49,639)	8,200	1,150	-	9,350
carry-forwards Others	17,686 (263)	4,849 46	-	(18,726) (168)	1	(2,090) 1,124	-	1,719 739
	15,136	6,300	17	(20,602)	851	(5,368)	(250)	(4,767)

10. Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) (cont'd)

Movement in temporary differences during the year (cont'd)

	At 1.1.2021 RM'000	Recognised in the F income statements (Note 20) RM'000	Recognised directly in equity (Note 16) RM'000	Deconsolidation of subsidiaries RM'000	At	income	Recognised directly in equity (Note 16) RM'000	At 31.12.2022 RM'000
Company								
Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use	(19,988)	2,424	-	-	(17,564)	(3,057)	-	(20,621)
assets	(1,974)	(2,281)	-	-	(4,255)	609	-	(3,646)
Lease liabilities	917	2,352	-	-	3,269	(316)	-	2,953
RCULS	4,637	(1,782)	17	-	2,872	(906)	(250)	1,716
Provisions Reinvestment	2,973	(502)	-	-	2,471	537	-	3,008
allowances	9,914	(2,515)	-	-	7,399	(1,906)	-	5,493
Others	186	(253)	-	-	(67)	630	-	563
	(3,335)	(2,557)	17	-	(5,875)	(4,409)	(250)	(10,534)

Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items (stated at gross):

	Group			
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000		
Unabsorbed capital allowances Tax loss carry-forwards Other deductible temporary differences	1,431 24,925 351	1,432 5,650 351		
	26,707	7,433		

The abovementioned deferred tax assets do not expire under the current tax legislation except for the unutilised tax losses. Pursuant to the Finance Act 2021, the abovementioned tax loss carry-forwards can only be carried forward up to 10 consecutive Years of Assessment.

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because it is not probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilise the benefits there from.

11. Trade and other receivables, including derivatives

		C	Group	Company	
	Note	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Non-current Other receivables - contingent consideration		71 065	100.017	71.005	100.017
receivable	11.1	71,065	182,217	71,065	182,217
Current Trade receivables from					
contracts with customers		428,348	363,082	104,806	80,669
Amounts due from subsidiaries	11.2	-	-	116,477	56,670
Other receivables Contingent consideration	11.3	9,547	12,107	2,708	5,494
receivable	11.1	119,971	-	119,971	-
Amounts due from joint ventures Deposits	11.4	10,601 3,817	4,001 1,657	10,601 1,001	3,918 1,379
Derivatives at fair value through profit or loss:					
- future and option contracts		13	743	-	-
		572,297	381,590	355,564	148,130
		643,362	563,807	426,629	330,347

11.1 Contingent consideration receivable

This is the fair value of the contingent consideration receivable from a joint venturer, Tyson International Holding Company pursuant to the disposal of 49% equity interest in Dindings Tyson Sdn. Bhd. which is subject to the achievability of certain financial targets.

The following table shows the valuation technique used in the determination of the fair value and the significant unobservable inputs used in the valuation calculation.

Description of valuation technique and inputs used	Level 3 fair value significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement	
The valuation method considers the estimated consideration receivable from the joint venturer based on the achievability of certain financial targets.	Discount rate of 4% (2021: 3%) derived based on the counterparty's credit risk adjusted with a reasonable risk premium.	The estimated fair value would increase/ decrease if the discount rate were lower/higher.	

11. Trade and other receivables, including derivatives (cont'd)

11.2 Amounts due from subsidiaries

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, repayable on demand and subject to interest ranging from 1.97% - 4.00% (2021: 1.84% - 4.00%) per annum.

11.3 Other receivables

Included in other receivables of the Group are advances paid to suppliers of RM4,644,000 (2021: RM3,546,000) and interest receivable from the deposits placed with licensed banks of RM2,522,000 (2021: RM5,984,000).

11.4 Amounts due from joint ventures

The amounts due from joint ventures are unsecured, repayable on demand and interest free.

12. Inventories

	Group		Company	
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Raw materials Finished goods Consumables	570,295 32,548 24,988	449,602 24,125 20,273	181,575 13,844 7,468	128,037 10,596 6,018
	627,831	494,000	202,887	144,651
Recognised in the income statements: Inventories recognised as cost of goods sold - Continuing operations - Discontinued operations	2,535,562	2,019,125 216,162	531,836 -	368,800 -

13. Fixed deposits

	Gro	oup
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Fixed deposits placed with licensed banks with maturity of more than 3 months	157,219	320,452

Fixed deposits represent time deposits at banks with maturity of more than 3 months to less than 12 months.

Included in fixed deposits are deposits received from customers amounting to RM14,980,000 (2021: RM13,710,000) which are subject to restriction in use in accordance with agreements with customers.

14. Cash and cash equivalents

		Group		Company	
	Note	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Deposits placed with licensed banks Cash and bank balances Liquid investment	14.1	30,033 56,677 -	118,361 89,585 6,131	434 32,281 -	2,727 70,505 6,131
		86,710	214,077	32,715	79,363

14.1 Liquid investment

The liquid investment represented an investment in a money market fund which had insignificant risk of change in fair value.

15. Asset classified as held for sale

Certain plant and equipment previously classified as property, plant and equipment was presented as an asset held for sale following the commitment of the Company's plan to sell the asset during the year. Efforts to sell the plant and equipment have commenced, and a sale is expected in financial year 2023.

	Group and Company		
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	
Asset classified as held for sale Plant and equipment	33,597	33,597	

The carrying value of the asset held for sale is the same as its carrying value before it was being reclassified from property, plant and equipment.

16. Capital and reserves

Share capital

	Group and Company			
	Amount 2022 RM'000	Number of shares 2022 '000	Amount 2021 RM'000	Number of shares 2021 '000
Issued and fully paid shares with no par value:				
Ordinary shares				
At 1 January	535,623	1,019,653	530,665	1,010,282
Conversion of RCULS	279	557	4,245	8,490
Exercise of warrants	*	*	713	881
At 31 December	535,902	1,020,210	535,623	1,019,653

* Denotes 50 ordinary shares amounting to RM41.

16. Capital and reserves (cont'd)

Ordinary shares

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time, and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company.

Redeemable convertible unsecured loan stocks ("RCULS")

		d Company
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
RCULS - Equity portion	78,694	78,179
RCULS - Liability portion Non-current Current	2,126 5,026	7,310 4,657
	7,152	11,967
	85,846	90,146

On 28 January 2019, the Renounceable Rights Issue of RM165,084,641 in nominal value of 5-year 5% RCULS at 100% of its nominal value of RM1.00 on the basis of three (3) RCULS for every ten (10) existing ordinary shares, together with 82,542,291 Bonus Shares A on the basis of one (1) Bonus Share A for every two (2) RCULS subscribed and 82,542,291 Free Warrants A on the basis of one (1) Free Warrant A for every two (2) RCULS subscribed has been completed following the listings and quotation on the Main Market of Bursa Securities.

The salient features of the RCULS are as follows:

- (i) The coupon rate for the RCULS is 5% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears prior to conversion of the RCULS;
- The conversion price for the RCULS has been fixed at RM0.50 each ("Conversion Price") with the conversion ratio of 2 ordinary shares for every RCULS with a nominal value of RM1.00 surrendered;
- (iii) The new ordinary shares to be issued upon conversion of the RCULS will, upon allotment and issue, rank equally in all respects with the then existing ordinary shares, except that they shall not be entitled to any dividends, rights, allotments and any other distributions of which the entitlement date is before the date of allotment of the new ordinary shares;
- (iv) The RCULS holder is entitled to exercise the right of conversion from date of issuance up to 24 January 2024 ("Maturity Date");
- (v) The Company may redeem the outstanding RCULS (if not earlier converted) in full on the Maturity Date in cash at 100% of its nominal value plus all accrued coupon of such RCULS up to the Maturity Date subject to an irrevocable prior written notice is being served no less than 30 days or such other period as mutually agreed before the Maturity Date; and
- (vi) All outstanding RCULS which have not been earlier converted or redeemed on the Maturity Date, shall be mandatorily converted into fully paid new ordinary shares at the Conversion Price on the Maturity Date.



Redeemable convertible unsecured loan stocks ("RCULS") (cont'd)

	Gro Equity component RM'000	up and Company Liability component RM'000	Total RM'000
As at 1 January 2021	82,479	19,321	101,800
Conversion of RCULS to share capital*	(4,317)	72	(4,245)
RCULS coupon payment	-	(5,593)	(5,593)
Interest expense on RCULS	-	916	916
RCULS liabilities reduction arising from conversion of RCULS to share capital Deferred tax effect (Note 10):	-	(2,749)	(2,749)
- on conversion	17	-	17
As at 31 December 2021/1 January 2022	78,179	11,967	90,146
Conversion of RCULS to share capital#	(259)	(20)	(279)
RCULS coupon payment	-	(5,481)	(5,481)
Interest expense on RCULS	-	1,710	1,710
RCULS liabilities reduction arising from conversion			
of RCULS to share capital	1,024	(1,024)	-
Deferred tax effect (Note 10):			
- on conversion	(250)	-	(250)
As at 31 December 2022	78,694	7,152	85,846

* In the previous financial year, 8,490,308 new ordinary shares amounting to RM4,245,000 were issued resulting from the conversion of 4,245,154 units of RCULS at the conversion price of RM0.50 each.

During the financial year, 556,880 new ordinary shares amounting to RM279,000 were issued resulting from the conversion of 278,440 units of RCULS at the conversion price of RM0.50 each.

As at 31 December 2022, 109,405,587 RCULS remained unconverted.

Warrant reserve

	Group and Company			
	Amount 2022 RM'000	Number of warrants 2022 '000	Amount 2021 RM'000	Number of warrants 2021 '000
At 1 January Exercised during the year	17,770 *	136,689 *	17,884 (114)	137,570 (881)
At 31 December	17,770	136,689	17,770	136,689

* Denotes 50 warrants amounting to RM7.

16. Capital and reserves (cont'd)

Warrant reserve (cont'd)

On 28 January 2019, 137,570,667 warrants were issued pursuant to the Rights Issue of Rights Shares and RCULS ("Rights Issue").

The warrant reserve comprises the fair value of the free detachable warrants arising from the Rights Issue. The warrants are constituted by the deed poll dated 3 December 2018 ("Deed Poll"). The salient features of the warrants are as follows:

- (i) Each warrant entitles the warrant holder to subscribe for one (1) new ordinary share in the Company at the exercise price of RM0.68 during the 5-year period expiring on 23 January 2024 ("Exercise Period"), subject to further adjustments in accordance with provisions of the Deed Poll;
- (ii) At the expiry of the Exercise Period, any warrants which have not been exercised shall automatically lapse and cease to be valid for any purpose; and
- (iii) The new ordinary shares to be issued upon exercise of the warrants will, upon allotment and issue, rank equally in all respects with the then existing ordinary shares, except that they shall not be entitled to any dividends, rights, allotments and any other distributions of which the entitlement date is before the date of allotment of the new ordinary shares.

In the previous financial year, 881,000 warrants were exercised at RM0.68 each amounting to RM599,000. This resulted in the issuance of 881,000 new ordinary shares and a transfer of warrant reserve of RM114,000 to share capital. The total increase arising from the warrants exercised amounted to RM713,000.

During the financial year, 50 warrants were exercised at RM0.68 each amounting to RM34. This resulted in the issuance of 50 new ordinary shares and a transfer of warrant reserve of RM7 to share capital. The total increase arising from the warrants exercised amounted to RM41.

As at 31 December 2022, 136,688,317 warrants remained unexercised.

Other capital reserve

Other capital reserve comprises the amount transferred from retained earnings being the profit reinvested as capital contribution by subsidiaries.

Translation reserve

The translation reserve comprises all foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations.

17. Loans and borrowings

	Group		Company	
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Non-current Unsecured term loans	120,711	166,949	85,000	119,000
Current Unsecured bankers' acceptances/Unsecured revolving credits Unsecured term loans	934,439 50,542	994,114 51,049	534,037 34,000	405,054 34,000
	984,981	1,045,163	568,037	439,054
Total loans and borrowings	1,105,692	1,212,112	653,037	558,054

18. Trade and other payables, including derivatives

	Group		Company		
	Note	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Trade payables Amounts due to subsidiaries Amounts due to joint ventures Other payables and accruals Dividend payable to non-controlling interests Derivatives at fair value	18.1 18.2 18.3	49,933 - 1,874 63,582 -	32,172 9,084 67,885 15,825	9,185 11,188 - 24,671 -	4,675 118,320 - 33,902 -
through profit or loss: - future and option contracts - foreign currency forward contracts		44 9,871	4 2,076	44 6,053	4 1,282
		125,304	127,046	51,141	158,183

18.1 Amounts due to subsidiaries

The amounts due to subsidiaries are unsecured, repayable on demand and interest free, except for RM365,000 (2021: RM88,381,000) which is subject to interest at 4% (2021: 4%) per annum.

18.2 Amounts due to joint ventures

The amounts due to joint ventures are unsecured, repayable on demand and interest free.

18.3 Other payables and accruals

Included in other payables and accruals of the Group and of the Company are deposits from customers of RM21,653,000 (2021: RM18,029,000) and RM214,000 (2021: RM225,000) respectively.

19. Revenue

		ContinuingDiscontinuedoperationsoperations				otal
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Group Revenue from contracts with customers	2,915,570	2,426,936	-	352,518	2,915,570	2,779,454
Company Revenue from contracts with customers	678,546	503,627	-	-	678,546	503,627

Revenue is recognised when the Group or the Company transfers control of a good to the customers, net of rebates and/or incentives. The Group or the Company allows returns for quality issues and compensation for weight loss exceeding the normal threshold, if any. The performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time and the customers are required to pay within the agreed credit terms, ranging between 0 to 90 days.

20. Tax expense

	Group		Company	
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Income tax expense on continuing operations Income tax benefit on discontinued	25,444	35,881	4,760	4,590
operations Share of tax of equity accounted	-	(4,247)	-	-
joint ventures	(25,554)	(13,437)	-	-
Total income tax (credit)/expense	(110)	18,197	4,760	4,590
Recognised in the income statements				
Current tax expense				
- current year - prior year	21,304 (1,228)	39,299 (1,365)	1,588 (1,237)	3,412 (1,379)
Total current tax expense	20,076	37,934	351	2,033
Deferred tax expense/(benefit)				
Origination and reversal of temporary differences Under/(Over) provision in prior year	4,577 791	(3,990) (2,310)	3,697 712	4,686 (2,129)
Total deferred tax expense/(benefit) Share of tax of equity accounted joint	5,368	(6,300)	4,409	2,557
ventures	(25,554)	(13,437)	-	-
Total tax (credit)/expense	(110)	18,197	4,760	4,590

20. Tax expense (cont'd)

	G	aroup	Company	
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Reconciliation of tax expense Profit for the year Total tax (credit)/expense	154,000 (110)	198,542 18,197	124,272 4,760	18,557 4,590
Profit before tax	153,890	216,739	129,032	23,147
Tax at Malaysian tax rate of 24% Effect of tax rates in foreign jurisdiction Difference in effective tax rate in	36,934 (6,395) 166	52,017 (10,861) 142	30,968 -	5,555 -
equity accounted joint ventures Non-deductible expenses Non-taxable income Difference in effective tax rate for	3,621 (3,552)	27,651 (42,663)	- 2,855 (23,428)	 27,012 (24,508)
foreign source income Recognition of deferred tax assets Deferred tax assets not recognised Others	(4,934) (42,101) 16,812 (224)	- (4,949) 350 185	(4,934) - - (176)	- - 39
Over provision in prior year	327 (437)	21,872 (3,675)	5,285 (525)	8,098 (3,508)
	(110)	18,197	4,760	4,590

Income tax recognised directly in equity

		Group		Company	
	Note	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
RCULS - Deferred tax	10	250	(17)	250	(17)

21. Profit for the year

	C	Group	Com	pany
Note	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Operating profit is arrived at after charging/(crediting):				
Auditors' remuneration:				
- Audit fees:				
KPMG PLT	234	274	130	120
Overseas affiliates of KPMG PLT	129	118	-	-
Other auditors	75	12	7	-
- Non-audit fees:				
KPMG PLT	39	107	39	107
Local affiliates of KPMG PLT	894	148	845	55

21. Profit for the year (cont'd)

		C	Group	Company		
Ν	lote	2022	2021	2022	2021	
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Material expenses/(income):						
Gain on deconsolidation of						
subsidiaries	22	-	(174,264)	-	(8,335)	
Amortisation of intangible assets	5	257	902	165	220	
Depreciation of investment						
properties	6	58	56	58	56	
Depreciation of property, plant	-					
and equipment	3	39,372	47,923	20,147	16,897	
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	4	2,881	3,075	2,168	1,975	
Dividend income from subsidiaries				(110,000)	(00.774)	
(unquoted)		- (107)	- (464)	(112,292)	(93,774)	
Insurance recoveries Interest income of financial assets		(187)	(464)	(157)	(280)	
calculated using the effective						
interest method that are:						
- at amortised cost:						
- deposits placed with licensed						
banks		(16,606)	(20,055)	(687)	(60)	
- debtors		(382)	(520)	(79)	(32)	
- subsidiaries		-	-	(1,170)	(9,480)	
- joint ventures		(11)	-	(11)	-	
- discontinued operations		-	(8,939)	-	-	
- at fair value through profit or						
loss ("FVTPL"):						
 liquid investment 		(187)	(321)	(187)	(321)	
Interest expense of financial						
liabilities that are not at FVTPL:						
- recognised in the income						
statements:						
- unsecured bankers'						
acceptances/unsecured revolving credits		32,593	16,005	12,175	8,109	
- unsecured term loans		6,907	7,974	5,203	3,415	
- subsidiaries		- 0,307	-	1,651	3,665	
- RCULS		1,710	916	1,710	916	
- lease liabilities		558	343	460	235	
- discontinued operations		-	8,939	-	-	
Net fair value loss on biological			,			
assets		-	3,794	-	-	
Net loss/(gain) on future and						
option contracts:						
- realised		3,742	7,683	230	1,211	
- unrealised		770	(2,262)	40	(332)	
Net loss/(gain) on foreign						
exchange:		44.050	(0,007)	(0.00)	0.050	
- realised		14,359	(2,267)	(920)	2,353	
- unrealised		4,860	128	3,348	(359)	

21. Profit for the year (cont'd)

		Group	Company		
Note	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	
Material expenses/(income): (cont'd)					
(Write back)/Fair value loss on remeasurement of contingent	(0.040)	77.007	(0, 0, 1, 0)	77.007	
consideration receivable Provision for profit guarantee payment	(8,819)	77,867	(8,819)	77,867	
Personnel expense (including key management personnel): - Contributions to Employees		10,000		10,000	
Provident Fund - Wages, salaries and others	7,545 72,679	9,328 93,241	5,179 45,999	5,060 43,031	
Expenses/(Income) arising from leases:					
Expenses relating to short-term leases	385	423	270	7	
Expenses relating to leases of low-value assets Expenses relating to variable	67	87	63	61	
lease payments not included in the measurement of lease					
liabilities Income from subleasing	1,785	2,756	843	445	
right-of-use assets (excluding subleasing of investment					
properties)	-	-	(1,155)	(1,128)	
Net (gain)/loss on impairment of financial instruments:					
Financial assets at amortised cost	(1,494)	791	156	646	

22. Discontinued operations arising from deconsolidation of subsidiaries

On 10 February 2021, the Company entered into a conditional share purchase agreement ("SPA") with Tyson International Holding Company ("Tyson") for the proposed disposal of 49% equity interest in Dindings Tyson Sdn. Bhd. ("DTSB"). The total consideration for this proposed disposal is to be satisfied by cash, payable in three tranches subject to the achievability of certain financial targets.

22. Discontinued operations arising from deconsolidation of subsidiaries (cont'd)

On 31 May 2021, the SPA's Conditions Precedent had been fulfilled and a total cash consideration of RM445,028,000 was determined for the disposal of 49% equity interest in DTSB with a gain on deconsolidation of subsidiaries amounting to RM174,264,000. An initial total consideration of RM184,944,000 was received in the previous financial year. As at 31 December 2022, the fair value of the remaining balance of the two tranches of RM191,036,000 (2021: RM182,217,000) is accounted for as a contingent consideration receivable (Note 11), which is subject to the achievability of certain financial targets. A write back of contingent consideration receivable of RM8,819,000 (2021: a fair value loss of RM77,867,000) was recognised in the current financial year.

DTSB ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company. Accordingly, the assets and liabilities and the results of DTSB Group have been deconsolidated from that date. Arising from thereon, the retained interest of 51% equity interest in DTSB has been accounted for as an investment in joint venture (Note 8).

In the previous financial year, profit attributable to the discontinued operations up to 31 May 2021 was as follows:

	Note	Group 1.1.2021 to 31.5.2021 RM'000
Revenue Cost of goods sold	19	352,518 (341,253)
Gross profit Operating expenses Net gain on impairment of financial instruments		11,265 (39,625) 527
Results from operating activities Interest expense Interest income		(27,833) (13,360) 201
Net finance costs		(13,159)
Results from operating activities after net finance costs Gain on deconsolidation of subsidiaries		(40,992) 174,264
Profit before tax Tax expense	20	133,272 4,247
Profit for the year		137,519

The profit from discontinued operations of RM137,519,000 was attributable entirely to the owners of the Company.

22. Discontinued operations arising from deconsolidation of subsidiaries (cont'd)

	Group 2021 RM'000
Cash flows from deconsolidation of subsidiaries	
Net cash generated from operating activities	3,947
Net cash used in investing activities	(5,753)
Net cash generated from financing activities	35,020
Effect on cash flows	33,214

Effect of deconsolidation on the financial position of the Group

	Note	2021 RM'000
Property, plant and equipment	3	628,883
Right-of-use assets		20,883
Intangible assets	5	2,555
Deferred tax assets	10	20,602
Trade and other receivables		95,649
Prepayments		3,038
Inventories		137,208
Biological assets		48,951
Cash and cash equivalents		50,707
Lease liabilities		(3,380)
Loans and borrowings		(191,228)
Trade and other payables, including derivatives		(79,913)
Net assets		733,955
Gain on deconsolidation of subsidiaries		174,264
		908,219
Disposal consideration for disposed interest		445,028
Contingent consideration receivable		(260,084)
Proceeds received by the Group and the Company		184,944
Less: Cash and cash equivalents disposed of		(50,707)
Net cash inflow		134,237

Gain on deconsolidation of subsidiaries

	2021 RM'000
Discontinued operations	
Attributable to gain on disposed interest	85,389
Attributable to gain on retained interest as a joint venture	88,875
	174,264

23. Earnings per ordinary share

Basic earnings per ordinary share

The calculation of basic earnings per ordinary share was based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company and a weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, calculated as follows:

	Gro	oup
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company from: - continuing operations - discontinued operations	145,045 -	36,390 137,519
	145,045	173,909
	'000	'000
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 31 December	1,019,923	1,018,156
	Sen	Sen
From continuing operations From discontinued operations	14.22	3.57 13.51
Basic earnings per ordinary share	14.22	17.08

Basic earnings per ordinary share from continuing operations (adjusted)

	Gro	oup
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company from: - continuing operations (Write back)/Fair value loss on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable Provision for profit guarantee payment	145,045 (8,819) -	36,390 77,867 15,000
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company - continuing operations (adjusted)	136,226	129,257
	'000	'000
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 31 December	1,019,923	1,018,156
	Sen	Sen
Basic earnings per ordinary share - continuing operations (adjusted)	13.36	12.70



Diluted earnings per ordinary share

The calculation of diluted earnings per ordinary share was based on profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would have been in issue upon the full conversion of all outstanding RCULS and exercise of all outstanding warrants, calculated as follows:

	Group		
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company from: - continuing operations Interest expense on RCULS, net of tax	145,045 1,710	36,390 916	
- discontinued operations	146,755 -	37,306 137,519	
	146,755	174,825	
	'000	'000	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 31 December (basic) Potential dilution arising from outstanding RCULS Potential dilution arising from outstanding warrants	1,019,923 218,811 136,688	1,018,156 219,368 136,688	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 31 December (diluted)	1,375,422	1,374,212	
	Sen	Sen	
From continuing operations From discontinued operations	10.67	2.71 10.01	
Diluted earnings per ordinary share	10.67	12.72	

23. Earnings per ordinary share (cont'd)

Diluted earnings per ordinary share from continuing operations (adjusted)

	Group		
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company from: - continuing operations Interest expense on RCULS, net of tax	145,045 1,710	36,390 916	
(Write back)/Fair value loss on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable Provision for profit guarantee payment	146,755 (8,819) -	37,306 77,867 15,000	
	137,936	130,173	
	'000	'000	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 31 December (diluted)	1,375,422	1,374,212	
	Sen	Sen	
Diluted earnings per ordinary share - continuing operations (adjusted)	10.03	9.47	

24. Dividends

Dividends recognised by the Company are:

	Sen per share	Total amount RM'000	Date of payment
2022			
Interim 2021 ordinary	2.00	20,398	25 March 2022
Interim 2022 ordinary	1.50	15,302	23 September 2022
		35,700	
2021 Interim 2020 ordinary	1.00	10,181	26 March 2021

On 24 February 2023, the Directors declared a second interim dividend of 1.50 sen per ordinary share totalling approximately RM15,315,000 in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2022, which was paid on 24 March 2023.

The Directors do not recommend any payment of final dividend for the financial year under review.

25. Operating segments

Segment information is presented in respect of the Group's business and geographical segments. For each business and geographical segments, the Group's chief operating decision maker reviews internal management report on a regular basis.

The Group's operations comprise the following main business segments:

•	Flour and grain trading	Milling and selling wheat flour and trading in grain and other allied products
•	Poultry integration	Manufacture and sale of animal feeds, processing and sale of poultry products, poultry grow-out farm, breeding and sale of day-old-chicks and contract farming activities
•	Others	Manufacture and sale of aqua feeds, remeasurement of contigent consideration receivable and provision for profit guarantee payment

Performance is measured based on segment profit before tax, interest, depreciation and amortisation, as included in the internal management reports that are reviewed by the Group's chief operating decision maker. Segment profit is used to measure performance as management believes that such information is the most relevant in evaluating the results of certain segments relative to other entities that operate within these industries.

The total of segment asset is measured based on all assets of a segment, as included in the internal management reports that are reviewed by the Group's chief operating decision maker. Segment total asset is used to measure the return of assets of each segment.

		and grain ading	Poultry integration			Others		Consolidated	
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	
Business segments Revenue from external									
customers Inter-segment	2,843,606	2,369,227	-	-	71,964	57,709	2,915,570	2,426,936	
revenue	24,885	19,320	-	-	-	-	24,885	19,320	
Total segment revenue	2,868,491	2,388,547	-	-	71,964	57,709	2,940,455	2,446,256	
Results from operating activities	127,724	187,001	-	-	(2,520)	(3,749)	125,204	183,252	

25. Operating segments (cont'd)

	Flour and grain trading Poultry integration			0	thers	Consolidated		
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Interest expense Interest income Write back/(Fair value loss) arising on remeasurement of contingent	(40,064) 17,186	(19,240) 29,634	-	-	(1,704) -	(1,577) -	(41,768) 17,186	(20,817) 29,634
consideration receivable Provision for profit		-	-	-	8,819	(77,867)	8,819	(77,867)
guarantee payment Share of (loss)/ profit of equity accounted	-	-	-	-	-	(15,000)	-	(15,000)
joint ventures, net of tax Share of loss of equity accounted associate,	(7,013)	8,184	77,033	(10,466)	-	-	70,020	(2,282)
net of tax	(17)	(16)	-	-	-	-	(17)	(16)
Profit/(Loss) before tax	97,816	205,563	77,033	(10,466)	4,595	(98,193)	179,444	96,904
Depreciation and amortisation	(38,511)	(31,375)	-	-	(4,057)	(3,690)	(42,568)	(35,065)
Tax (expense)/ credit	(26,047)	(36,489)	-	-	603	608	(25,444)	(35,881)
Insurance recoveries	187	403	-	-	-	-	187	403
Non-cash expense other than depreciation and amortisation	(6,364)	325	_	-	70	(72)	(6,294)	253

25. Operating segments (cont'd)

		and grain ading	Poultry i	ntegration	O	thers	Cons	Consolidated	
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	
Capital expenditure	(48,897)	(41,079)	-	-	(1,360)	(6,618)	(50,257)	(47,697)	
Segment assets	1,924,322	1,993,318	-	-	112,446	108,026	2,036,768	2,101,344	
Investments in joint ventures Investment in	163,839	176,491	529,759	452,726	-	-	693,598	629,217	
an associate	-	-	-	-	1,061	1,052	1,061	1,052	
Total segments assets	2,088,161	2,169,809	529,759	452,726	113,507	109,078	2,731,427	2,731,613	

Geographical segments

In presenting information on the basis of geographical segments, segment revenue is based on geographical location of customers. Segment assets are based on the geographical location of the assets.

	Malaysia		Vie	tnam	Consolidated	
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Revenue from external customers - Continuing operations - Discontinued operations	1,638,770	1,321,240 352,518	1,276,800	1,105,696 -	2,915,570	2,426,936 352,518
Non-current assets	1,112,346	1,174,893	128,102	107,731	1,240,448	1,282,624

Major customers

There were no customers with revenue equal to or more than 10% of the Group's total revenue for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

26. Financial instruments

26.1 Categories of financial instruments

The table below provides an analysis of financial instruments categorised as follows:

- (a) Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")
 Mandatorily required by MFRS 9
- (b) Amortised cost ("AC")

2022	Note	Carrying amount RM'000	AC RM'000	Mandatorily at FVTPL RM'000
Financial assets Group				
Trade and other receivables,				
including derivatives	11	643,362	452,313	191,049
Fixed deposits	13	157,219	157,219	-
Cash and cash equivalents	14	86,710	86,710	-
		887,291	696,242	191,049
Company				
Trade and other receivables,				
including derivatives	11	426,629	235,593	191,036
Cash and cash equivalents	14	32,715	32,715	-
		459,344	268,308	191,036
Financial liabilities				
Group				
Trade and other payables,				
including derivatives	18	(125,304)	(115,389)	(9,915)
Loans and borrowings	17	(1,105,692)	(1,105,692)	-
RCULS - Liabilities	16	(7,152)	(7,152)	-
		(1,238,148)	(1,228,233)	(9,915)
Company				
Trade and other payables,				
including derivatives	18	(51,141)	(45,044)	(6,097)
Loans and borrowings	17	(653,037)	(653,037)	-
RCULS - Liabilities	16	(7,152)	(7,152)	-
		(711,330)	(705,233)	(6,097)

26.1 Categories of financial instruments (cont'd)

2021	Note	Carrying amount RM'000	AC RM'000	Mandatorily at FVTPL RM'000
Financial assets				
Group				
Trade and other receivables,		500.007	000.047	100.000
including derivatives	11	563,807	380,847	182,960
Fixed deposits	13	320,452	320,452	-
Cash and cash equivalents	14	214,077	207,946	6,131
		1,098,336	909,245	189,091
Company				
Trade and other receivables,				
including derivatives	11	330,347	148,130	182,217
Cash and cash equivalents	14	79,363	73,232	6,131
		409,710	221,362	188,348
Financial liabilities				
Group				
Trade and other payables,				
including derivatives	18	(127,046)	(124,966)	(2,080)
Loans and borrowings	17	(1,212,112)	(1,212,112)	-
RCULS - Liabilities	18	(11,967)	(11,967)	-
		(1,351,125)	(1,349,045)	(2,080)
Company				
Trade and other payables,				
including derivatives	17	(158,183)	(156,897)	(1,286)
Loans and borrowings	16	(558,054)	(558,054)	-
RCULS - Liabilities	15	(11,967)	(11,967)	-
		(728,204)	(726,918)	(1,286)

26. Financial instruments (cont'd)

26.2 Net gains and losses arising from financial instruments

	C	aroup	Company		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Net (losses)/gains on:					
Financial assets/(liabilities) at					
FVTPL:					
Mandatorily required by MFRS 9					
- foreign currency forward					
contracts	(7,796)	4,693	(4,771)	2,766	
- future and option contracts	(4,512)	(5,421)	(271)	(879)	
- other receivables	8,819	(77,867)	8,819	(77,867)	
- liquid investments	187	321	187	321	
Financial assets at amortised cost	18,493	28,722	1,791	8,926	
Financial liabilities measured at					
amortised cost	(53,968)	(36,389)	(18,395)	(20,866)	
	(38,777)	(85,941)	(12,640)	(87,599)	

26.3 Financial risk management

The Group has exposure to credit, interest rate, foreign currency and liquidity risks from its financial instruments.

26.4 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Group's and the Company's exposure to credit risk arise principally from their receivables from customers. There are no significant changes as compared to prior periods.

Trade receivables

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit risk is addressed by the Credit Committee that sets policies, approves credit evaluations and institutes mitigating actions. New customers are subject to credit evaluation process and existing customers' risk profiles are reviewed regularly with a view to setting appropriate terms of trade and credit limits. Where appropriate, further sales are suspended and legal actions are taken to attempt recoveries and mitigate losses.

At each reporting date, the Group or the Company assesses whether any of the trade receivables are credit impaired.

26.4 Credit risk (cont'd)

Trade receivables (cont'd)

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk (cont'd)

The gross carrying amounts of credit impaired trade receivables are written off (either partially or fully) when there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group or the Company determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. Nevertheless, trade receivables that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities.

There are no significant changes as compared to previous year.

Exposure to credit risk and credit quality

At the balance sheet date, the maximum exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables is represented by their carrying amounts in the balance sheets.

The Group and the Company receive financial guarantees given by banks, shareholders or directors of customers in managing exposure to credit risks.

Concentration of credit risk

The exposure of credit risk for trade receivables at the balance sheet date by geographic region was:

		Group	Company		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Malaysia	298,930	255,654	104,806	80,669	
Vietnam	129,418	107,428	-	-	
	428,348	363,082	104,806	80,669	

Recognition and measurement of impairment loss

In managing credit risk of trade receivables, the Group and the Company manage its debtors and takes appropriate actions (including but not limited to legal actions) to recover long overdue balances. Generally, trade receivables will pay within the credit terms of 90 days. The Group's and the Company's debt recovery process are as follows:

- (a) Above 30 days past due after credit term, the Group or the Company will start to initiate a structured debt recovery process which is monitored by the sales management team; and
- (b) Above 180 days past due after credit term, the Group or the Company will commence a legal proceeding against the customer.

The Group and the Company use an allowance matrix to measure ECLs of trade receivables for all segments. Invoices which are past due 90 days will be considered as credit impaired.

26. Financial instruments (cont'd)

26.4 Credit risk (cont'd)

Trade receivables (cont'd)

Recognition and measurement of impairment loss (cont'd)

Loss rates are calculated using a 'roll rate' method based on the probability of a receivable progressing through successive stages of delinquency to 90 days past due.

Loss rates are based on actual credit loss experience over the past three years. The Group and the Company also consider differences between (a) economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, (b) current conditions and (c) the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables. Nevertheless, the Group and the Company believe that these factors are immaterial for the purpose of impairment calculation for the year.

The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables which are grouped together as they are expected to have similar risk nature.

Cross	Group		Crease	Company	
carrying amount RM'000	Loss allowances RM'000	Net balance RM'000		Loss allowances RM'000	Net balance RM'000
427,407	(337)	427,070	104,499	(255)	104,244
1,647	(369)	1,278	903	(341)	562
649	(649)	-	144	(144)	-
429,703	(1,355)	428,348	105,546	(740)	104,806
362,701	(517)	362,184	80,719	(302)	80,417
823	(172)	651	371	(119)	252
2,441	(2,194)	247	197	(197)	-
365,965	(2,883)	363,082	81,287	(618)	80,669
	amount RM'000 427,407 1,647 649 429,703 362,701 823 2,441	Gross carrying amount RM'000 Loss allowances RM'000 427,407 (337) 1,647 (369) (649) 429,703 (1,355) 362,701 (517) 823 2,441 (172) (2,194)	Gross carrying amount RM'000 Loss balance balance RM'000 427,407 (337) 427,070 1,647 (369) 1,278 649 (429,703) 428,348 362,701 (517) 362,184 823 (172) 651 2,441 (2,194) 247	Gross carrying amount RM'000Loss balance balance RM'000Gross carrying amount RM'000427,407(337)427,070104,4991,647(369) (649)1,278903 144429,703(1,355)428,348105,546362,701(517)362,18480,719823 2,441(172) (2,194)651 247371 197	Gross carrying amount RM'000Loss balance RM'000Gross carrying amount RM'000Loss allowances RM'000427,407(337)427,070104,499(255)1,647(369)1,278903(341)649(649)-144(144)429,703(1,355)428,348105,546(740)362,701(517)362,18480,719(302)823(172)651371(119)2,441(2,194)247197(197)

26.4 Credit risk (cont'd)

Trade receivables (cont'd)

Recognition and measurement of impairment loss (cont'd)

The movements in the allowance for impairment in respect of trade receivables during the year are shown below.

	Group Trade receivables			Company Trade receivables			
	Lifetime ECL RM'000	Credit impaired RM'000	Total RM'000	Lifetime ECL RM'000	Credit impaired RM'000	Total RM'000	
Balance at 1 January 2021 Amounts written off Net remeasurement of	830 -	10,787 (497)	11,617 (497)	209 -	780 (502)	989 (502)	
loss allowance	(305)	1,096	791	93	38	131	
Deconsolidation of subsidiaries	(8)	(9,020)	(9,028)	-	-	-	
Balance at 31 December 2021/							
1 January 2022	517	2,366	2,883	302	316	618	
Amounts written off Net remeasurement of	-	(34)	(34)	-	(34)	(34)	
loss allowance	(180)	(1,314)	(1,494)	(47)	203	156	
Balance as at							
31 December 2022	337	1,018	1,355	255	485	740	

As at 31 December 2022, RM34,000 (2021: RM497,000 and RM502,000) of trade receivables for the Group and for the Company were written off but they are still subject to enforcement activity.

Other receivables

Credit risk on other receivables are mainly arising from the contingent consideration receivable from a joint venturer which is subject to the achievability of certain financial targets (Note 11.1). At the balance sheet date, the maximum exposure to credit risk is presented by their carrying amounts in the balance sheets.

During the financial year, the Group and the Company recognised a write back of RM8,819,000 (2021: fair value loss of RM77,867,000) on remeasurement of contingent consideration receivable.

Fixed deposits, cash and cash equivalents

The fixed deposits, cash and cash equivalents are held with banks and financial institutions. At the balance sheet date, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by their carrying amounts in the balance sheets.

26. Financial instruments (cont'd)

26.4 Credit risk (cont'd)

Recognition and measurement of impairment loss (cont'd)

Fixed deposits, cash and cash equivalents (cont'd)

These banks and financial institutions have low credit risks. Consequently, the Group and the Company are of the view that the loss allowance is not material and hence, it is not provided for.

Financial guarantees to banks

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

The Company provides unsecured financial guarantees to financial institutions in respect of financing facilities granted to its joint venturer, BFMI. The Company monitors on an ongoing basis the results of the joint venturer and repayments made by the joint venturer.

Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

The Company has provided proportionate financial guarantees totalling up to USD15 million (2021: USD15 million) in respect of financing facilities granted to its joint venturer.

As at 31 December 2022, the maximum exposure to credit risk amounted to USD7.6 million (2021: USD11.4 million) representing the share of the outstanding banking facilities of the joint venturer as at the end of the reporting period.

Financial guarantee to joint venturer

Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

At the balance sheet date, there was no indication that the joint venturer would default on repayment. The Company is of the view that the loss allowance is not material and hence, it is not provided for.

The Company provides bank guarantee to its joint venturer pursuant to the disposal of 49% equity interest in DTSB (Note 22) amounting to RM13,741,947 (2021: RM28,741,947) in respect of the post-completion adjustment, breach of warranties and profit guarantee as stipulated in the share purchase agreement entered with the joint venturer. In the previous financial year, the Company recognised a provision of RM15,000,000 in relation to the profit guarantee (Note 21).

Intercompany advances

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

The Company provides unsecured advances to its subsidiaries. The Company monitors the results of the subsidiaries regularly.

Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

At the balance sheet date, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by their carrying amounts in the balance sheet.

26.4 Credit risk (cont'd)

Intercompany advances (cont'd)

Recognition and measurement of impairment loss

Generally, the Company considers advances to subsidiaries have low credit risk. The Company assumes that there is a significant increase in credit risk when a subsidiary's financial position deteriorates significantly. As the Company is able to determine the timing of payments of the subsidiaries' advances when they are payable, the Company considers the advances to be in default when the subsidiaries are not able to pay when demanded. The Company considers a subsidiary's advance to be credit impaired when:

- The subsidiary is unlikely to repay its advance to the Company in full;
- The subsidiary's advance is overdue for more than 365 days; and
- The subsidiary is continuously loss-making and is having a deficit shareholders' fund.

The Company determines the probability of default for these advances individually using internal information available. The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk and ECLs for subsidiaries' advances.

Company	Gross carrying amount RM'000	Impairment loss allowances RM'000	Net balance RM'000
2022 Low credit risk Credit impaired	116,477 710	- (710)	116,477
	117,187	(710)	116,477
2021 Low credit risk Credit impaired	56,670 907	- (907)	56,670 -
	57,577	(907)	56,670

The movement in the allowance for impairment in respect of subsidiaries' advances during the year is as follows:

Company	Lifetime ECL RM'000
Balance at 1 January 2021	392
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	515
Balance at 31 December 2021/1 January 2022	907
Derecognition upon liquidation of subsidiaries	(197)
Balance at 31 December 2022	710

26. Financial instruments (cont'd)

26.5 Interest rate risk

The Group's and the Company's exposure to interest rate risk relate primarily to their borrowings and deposits with licensed banks.

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

The Group's and the Company's bank borrowings and interest-bearing deposits are both subject to interest based on fixed and floating rates. Market interest rates movements are monitored with the view of ensuring the most competitive rates are secured and where appropriate, borrowing arrangements are restructured or reduced.

Exposure to interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Group's and the Company's significant interest-bearing financial instruments, based on the carrying amounts at the balance sheet date are as follows:

			Group	Com	Company	
	Note	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	
Fixed rate instruments						
Amounts due from						
subsidiaries	11	-	-	116,477	56,670	
Fixed deposits	13	157,219	320,452	-	-	
Deposits placed with						
licensed banks	14	30,033	118,361	434	2,727	
Liquid investment	14	-	6,131	-	6,131	
Unsecured bankers' acceptances/Unsecured						
revolving credits	17	(934,439)	(994,114)	(534,037)	(405,054)	
Lease liabilities		(13,423)	(15,050)	(12,303)	(13,619)	
RCULS - Liabilities	16	(7,152)	(11,967)	(7,152)	(11,967)	
Amounts due to						
subsidiaries	18	-	-	(11,188)	(118,320)	
		(767,762)	(576,187)	(447,769)	(483,432)	
Floating rate instruments						
Unsecured term loans	17	(171,253)	(217,998)	(119,000)	(153,000)	

26.5 Interest rate risk (cont'd)

Interest rate risk sensitivity analysis

(a) Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Group does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the balance sheet date would not affect the income statements.

(b) Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 50 basis points ("bp") in interest rates at the end of the reporting period would have increased/(decreased) equity and post-tax profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remained constant.

	Profit or loss					
	50 bp increase 2022 RM'000	50 bp decrease 2022 RM'000	50 bp increase 2021 RM'000	50 bp decrease 2021 RM'000		
Group						
Floating rate instruments	(651)	651	(828)	828		
Company						
Floating rate instruments	(452)	452	(581)	581		

26.6 Foreign currency risk

The Group and the Company are exposed to foreign currency risk on sales, purchases and borrowings that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of the Group entities. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily United States Dollar ("USD") and Vietnamese Dong ("VND").

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

The Group and the Company monitor their exposure to foreign currency movements closely and where appropriate, the Group and the Company have used foreign currency forward contracts to hedge some of their foreign currency risk.

26. Financial instruments (cont'd)

26.6 Foreign currency risk (cont'd)

Exposure to foreign currency risk

The Group's and the Company's exposure to foreign currency (a currency which is other than the functional currency of the Group entities) risk, based on carrying amounts at the balance sheet date was:

	Note	USD RM'000	Denominated i VND RM'000	n EUR RM'000
Group 2022				
Balances recognised in the balance shee Unsecured term loans Unsecured bankers' acceptances/	et 17	(5,382)	-	(7,611)
Unsecured revolving credits	17	(398,733)	(116,447)	(239)
		(404,115)	(116,447)	(7,850)
Forecast transactions Forecast purchases Forward exchange contract on forecast		(502,776)	-	-
purchases		492,905	-	-
		(9,871)	-	-
		(413,986)	(116,447)	(7,850)
2021 Balances recognised in the balance shee	et			
Unsecured term loans Unsecured bankers' acceptances/	17	(14,578)	-	-
Unsecured revolving credits	17	(661,029)	(76,311)	-
		(675,607)	(76,311)	-
Forecast transactions Forecast purchases Forward exchange contract on forecast		(300,725)	-	-
purchases		298,649	-	-
		(2,076)	-	-
		(677,683)	(76,311)	-

26.6 Foreign currency risk (cont'd)

Exposure to foreign currency risk (cont'd)

Note	Denomina 2022 RM'000	ted in USD 2021 RM'000
CompanyBalance recognised in the balance sheetUnsecured bankers' acceptances/Unsecuredrevolving credits17	(189,140)	(187,456)
Forecast transactions Forecast purchases Forward exchange contract on forecast purchases	(342,608) 336,555	(205,612) 204,330
	(6,053)	(1,282)
	(195,193)	(188,738)

Currency risk sensitivity analysis

A 5 percent (2021: 5 percent) strengthening/(weakening) of RM against the following currencies at the balance sheet date would have increased/(decreased) equity and post-tax profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remained constant.

	Pro	Profit or loss		
	2022 RM'000			
Group USD VND EUR	3,374 4,425 298	2,900		
Company USD	5,602	641		

26.7 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group and the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's and the Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises principally from its various payables, loans and borrowings and lease liabilities.

The Group and the Company monitor and maintain a level of cash and cash equivalents and bank facilities deemed adequate by the management to ensure, as far as possible, that they will have sufficient liquidity to meet their liabilities when they fall due.

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amounts.

26. Financial instruments (cont'd)

26.7 Liquidity risk (cont'd)

Maturity analysis

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities at the balance sheet date based on undiscounted contractual payments:

Group	Carrying amount RM'000	Contractual interest rate/ Discount rate %		1 year	years	2 - 5 years RM'000	More than 5 years RM'000
2022							
Non-derivative							
financial liabilities							
Trade and other							
payables Unsecured bankers ³	, 115,389	-	115,389	115,389	-	-	-
unsecured bankers acceptances/ Unsecured							
revolving credits	934,439	2.78 - 8.00	947,226	947,226	-	-	-
Unsecured term							
loans	171,253		179,840	57,797			-
Lease liabilities	13,423	3.50 - 8.50	15,346	2,525	1,984	5,828	5,009
RCULS liabilities	7,152	5.10	8,205	5,470	2,735	-	-
Financial guarantees	-	-	47,106	47,106	-	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities Foreign currency forward contracts (gross settled): Outflow	9,871	-	502,776	502,776	_	_	_
Inflow	9,071	_	(492,905)	· · · · ·	_	_	
Future and option contracts (gross settled): Outflow	44	-	(402,003)	(432,300)	-	-	-
Inflow	-	-	44	44	-	-	-
1	1,251,571		1,323,027	1,185,428	56,060	76,530	5,009

26.7 Liquidity risk (cont'd)

Maturity analysis (cont'd)

		Contractual					
Group	Carrying amount RM'000	interest rate/ Discount rate %		1 year	1 - 2 years RM'000	2 - 5 years RM'000	More than 5 years RM'000
2021							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Trade and other			101000				
payables Unsecured bankers acceptances/ Unsecured	, 124,966	-	124,966	124,966	-	-	-
revolving credits Unsecured term	994,114	0.60 - 3.49	999,880	999,880	-	-	-
loans	217,998	2.50 - 3.53	235,132	57,687	59,031	118,414	-
Lease liabilities	15,050	3.50 - 8.50	17,550	2,122	2,518	6,075	6,835
RCULS liabilities	11,967	5.10	13,710	5,484	5,484	2,742	-
Financial guarantees	-	-	61,247	61,247	-	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities Foreign currency forward contracts (gross settled):							
Outflow	2,076	-	300,725	300,725	-	-	-
Inflow	-	-	(298,649)	(298,649)	-	-	-
Future and option contracts (gross settled):							
Outflow	4	_	806	806	_	_	_
Inflow	-	-	(802)	(802)	-	-	-
	1,366,175		1,454,565	1,253,466	67,033	127,231	6,835

26.7 Liquidity risk (cont'd)

Maturity analysis (cont'd)

Company		Contractual interest rate/ Discount rate %		Under 1 year RM'000	1 - 2 years RM'000	2 - 5 years RM'000	More than 5 years RM'000
2022							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Trade and other payables Amounts due to	44,679	-	44,679	44,679	-	-	-
subsidiaries Unsecured bankers'	365	4.00	380	380	-	-	-
acceptances/ Unsecured							
revolving credits Unsecured term	534,037	2.78 - 6.20	540,018	540,018	-	-	-
loans	119,000	4.67	129,428	38,961	37,383	53,084	-
Lease liabilities	12,303	3.50 - 5.00	14,084	2,144	1,582	5,075	5,283
RCULS liabilities	7,152	5.10	8,205	5,470	2,735	-	-
Financial guarantees	s -	-	47,106	47,106	-	-	-
<i>Derivative financial liabilities</i> Foreign currency							
forward contracts (gross settled):							
Outflow	6,053		342,608	342,608	-	-	-
Inflow	-		(336,555)		-	-	-
Future and option contracts							
(gross settled): Outflow	44						
Inflow	-		- 44	- 44	-	-	-
	723,633		789,997	684,855	41,700	58,159	5,283

26.7 Liquidity risk (cont'd)

Maturity analysis (cont'd)

		Contractual					
Company	Carrying amount RM'000	interest rate/ Discount rate %		Under 1 year RM'000	1 - 2 years RM'000	2 - 5 years RM'000	More than 5 years RM'000
2021							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Trade and other							
payables	68,516	-	68,516	68,516	-	-	-
Amounts due to subsidiaries	00.001	4.00	01.010	01.010			
Unsecured bankers acceptances/	, 88,381 ,	4.00	91,916	91,916	-	-	-
Unsecured							
revolving credits	405,054	0.60 - 3.49	406,637	406,637	-	-	-
Unsecured term	150.000	0.50	105 000	00.050	07 750	00 100	
loans Lease liabilities	153,000 13,619	3.53 3.50 - 5.00	165,833 15,877	38,950 1,720	37,750 2,134	89,133 5,188	- 6,835
RCULS liabilities	11,967	5.10	13,710	5,484	5,484	2,742	0,000
Financial	11,007	0.10	10,710	0,404	0,404	2,142	
guarantees	-	-	61,247	61,247	-	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities							
Foreign currency forward contracts							
(gross settled): Outflow	1,282	_	205,612	205,612	_	_	_
Inflow	-	-	(204,330)	(204,330)	-	-	-
Future and option contracts							
(gross settled):			000				
Outflow Inflow	4	-	806 (802)	806 (802)	-	-	-
	741,823		825,022	675,756	45,368	97,063	6,835

26.8 Fair value information

The carrying amounts of fixed deposits, cash and cash equivalents, short-term receivables, payables and short-term borrowings reasonably approximate their fair values due to the relatively short-term nature of these financial instruments.

26. Financial instruments (cont'd)

26.8 Fair value information (cont'd)

The tables below analyse other instruments at fair value.

	Level 1 RM'000		ed at /alue Level 3 RM'000	Total RM'000	Not carried at fair value Level 3 RM'000	Total fair value RM'000	Carrying amount RM'000
Group 2022 Financial assets Contingent							
consideration receivable Future and option contracts	-	-	191,036	191,036	-	191,036	191,036
	13	-	-	13	-	13	13
	13	-	191,036	191,049	-	191,049	191,049
Financial liabilities Foreign currency forward contracts	-	(9,871)	-	(9,871)	-	(9,871)	(9,871)
Future and option contracts Unsecured term loans (non-current)	(44)	-	-	(44)	-	(44)	(44)
	-	-	-	-	(120,711)	(120,711)	(120,711)
	(44)	(9,871)	-	(9,915)	(120,711)	(130,626)	(130,626)
2021 Financial assets Contingent consideration			100.017	100.017		100.017	100.017
receivable Future and option	-	-	182,217	182,217	-	182,217	182,217
contracts Liquid investment	743 6,131	-	-	743 6,131	-	743 6,131	743 6,131
	6,874	-	182,217	189,091	-	189,091	189,091
Financial liabilities Foreign currency forward contracts	-	(2,076)	-	(2,076)	-	(2,076)	(2,076)
Future and option contracts Unsecured term loans (non-current)	(4)	-	-	(4)	-	(4)	(4)
	-	-	-	-	(166,949)	(166,949)	(166,949)
	(4)	(2,076)	-	(2,080)	(166,949)	(169,029)	(169,029)

26. Financial instruments (cont'd)

26.8 Fair value information (cont'd)

	Level 1 RM'000		ed at /alue Level 3 RM'000	Total RM'000	Not carried at fair value Level 3 RM'000	Total fair value RM'000	Carrying amount RM'000
Company 2022 Financial assets Contingent consideration receivable	-	-	191,036	191,036	-	191,036	191,036
Financial liabilities							
Foreign currency forward contracts Future and option	-	(6,053)	-	(6,053)	-	(6,053)	(6,053)
contracts	(44)	-	-	(44)	-	(44)	(44)
Unsecured term loans (non-current)	-	-	-	-	(85,000)	(85,000)	(85,000)
	(44)	(6,053)	-	(6,097)	(85,000)	(91,097)	(91,097)
2021 Financial assets Contingent consideration receivable	-	-	182,217	182,217	-	182,217	182,217
Liquid investment	6,131	-	-	6,131	-	6,131	6,131
	6,131	-	182,217	188,348	-	188,348	188,348
Financial liabilities Foreign currency							
forward contracts Future and option	-	(1,282)	-	(1,282)	-	(1,282)	(1,282)
contracts	(4)	-	-	(4)	-	(4)	(4)
Unsecured term loans (non-current)	-	-	-	-	(119,000)	(119,000)	(119,000)
	(4)	(1,282)	-	(1,286)	(119,000)	(120,286)	(120,286)

Notes to the Financial Statements (cont'd)

26. Financial instruments (cont'd)

26.8 Fair value information (cont'd)

Level 2 fair value

Derivatives

The fair value of forward exchange contracts is estimated by discounting the difference between the contractual forward price and the current forward price for the residual maturity of the contract using a risk-free interest rate (based on government bonds).

Transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair values

There has been no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2 fair values during the financial year (2021: no transfer in either direction).

Fair value of financial instruments not carried at fair value

Level 3 fair value

Level 3 fair value not carried at fair value comprises long-term term loans where their fair values approximate their carrying amounts. The fair values are estimated using discounted cash flows using a rate based on the current market rate of borrowing of the respective Group entities at the reporting date.

27. Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital is to maintain a strong capital base and safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Directors monitor and are determined to maintain an optimal debt-to-equity ratio that complies with debt covenants and regulatory requirements.

The debt-to-equity ratios at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021 were as follows:

	Group		
	Note	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Total borrowings Lease liabilities Less:	17	1,105,692 13,423	1,212,112 15,050
Fixed deposits Cash and cash equivalents	13 14	(157,219) (86,710)	(320,452) (214,077)
Net debt		875,186	692,633
Total equity		1,466,093	1,350,556
Debt-to-equity ratio		0.60	0.51

There was no change in the Group's approach to capital management during the financial year.



28. Capital and other commitments

		Group	Company	
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Property, plant and equipment Contracted but not provided for - Continuing operations	22,419	8,801	943	7,941
Joint ventures - Share of commitment of joint ventures	24,467	7,543	-	-

29. Related parties

Identity of related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control or jointly control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group and the parties are subject to common control. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

Related parties also include key management personnel defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group either directly or indirectly. Key management personnel include all the Directors of the Group.

The Group has related party relationships with its subsidiaries, joint ventures, associate and key management personnel.

Significant related party transactions

Related party transactions have been entered into in the normal course of business under negotiated terms. The significant related party transactions of the Group and of the Company other than as disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, are shown below. The balances related to the below transactions are shown in Notes 11 and 18.

		Group		Com	ipany
		2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Α.	Subsidiaries				
	Sales of goods	-	-	10,970	18,496
	Purchases of goods	-	-	(407)	-
	Dividend income	-	-	112,292	93,774
	Consultancy fees income	-	-	1,324	1,251
	Management fees income	-	-	540	4,106
	MIS fees income	-	-	356	2,281
	Rental of premises	-	-	2	102
	Rental of furniture and fittings	-	-	42	88
	Rental of equipment	-	-	2,430	3,803
	Interest income	-	-	1,170	9,480
	Interest expense	-	-	(1,651)	(3,665)

Notes to the Financial Statements (cont'd)

29. Related parties (cont'd)

Significant related party transactions (cont'd)

			Group	Company		
		2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	
В.	Joint ventures Sales of goods	70,023	36,381	29,815	15,626	
	Purchases of goods Management fees income MIS fees income	(91,627) 10,094 5,552	(47,467) 4,977 2,153	- 10,094 5,552	- 4,977 2,153	
	Rental of premises Rental of furniture and fittings	242 111	141 65	242 111	141 65	
	Rental of equipment Interest income	4,387 11	2,439 -	4,387 11	2,439 -	
C.	Key management personnel Directors of the Company: - Fees - Remuneration - Other short-term employee benefits (including estimated	960 9,419	1,056 7,392	960 8,906	1,056 7,047	
	monetary value of benefits- in-kind)	93	87	93	87	
		10,472	8,535	9,959	8,190	
	 Directors of the Group entities: Remuneration Other short-term employee benefits (including estimated monetary value of benefits- 	685	673	-	-	
	in-kind)	130	101	-	-	
		815	774	-	-	
	Total short-term employee benefits	11,287	9,309	9,959	8,190	



The following comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation:

	As restated RM'000	As previously stated RM'000
Group		
2021		
Balance sheet		
Fixed deposits	340,452	-
Cash and cash equivalents	214,077	534,529
2021		
Statement of cash flows		
Cash flows from investing activities		
Increase in fixed deposits	(84,484)	-
Net cash from investing activities	3,525	88,009
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	27,105	111,589
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	168,659	404,627
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	214,077	534,529

Statement by Directors

pursuant to Section 251(2) of the Companies Act 2016

In the opinion of the Directors, the financial statements set out on pages 94 to 183 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 31 December 2022 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

Datuk Oh Chong Peng Director

Teh Wee Chye Director

30 March 2023

Statutory Declaration

pursuant to Section 251(1)(b) of the Companies Act 2016

I, Yau Tee Peng, the officer primarily responsible for the financial management of Malayan Flour Mills Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements set out on pages 94 to 183 are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the declaration to be true, and by virtue of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the above named Yau Tee Peng, MIA CA15344, at Kuala Lumpur in the Federal Territory on 30 March 2023.

Yau Tee Peng

Before me:

Alizahwati Binti Atan (W811) Commissioner for Oaths Kuala Lumpur

Independent Auditors' Report

to the members of Malayan Flour Mills Berhad

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Malayan Flour Mills Berhad, which comprise the balance sheets as at 31 December 2022 of the Group and of the Company, and the income statements, statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 94 to 183.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2022, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our auditors' report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and Other Ethical Responsibilities

We are independent of the Group and of the Company in accordance with the *By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice)* of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards*) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

(i) Valuation of investments in a joint venture

Refer to Note 1(d) – Use of estimates and judgements, Note 2(k)(ii) - Significant accounting policies: Impairment - Other assets and Note 8 – Investments in joint ventures.

The key audit matter

As at 31 December 2022, the carrying amount of investment in a joint venture, PT Bungasari Flour Mills Indonesia ("BFMI") of RM163,839,000 was lower than the Company's initial cost of investment. Hence, there was an indication of impairment which requires management to estimate the recoverable amount of the investment in the joint venture.

Key Audit Matters (cont'd)

(i) Valuation of investments in a joint venture (cont'd)

The key audit matter (cont'd)

We identified the valuation of investment in a joint venture as a key audit matter because of its significance to the financial statements of the Group and of the Company and because assessing the key impairment assumptions involves significant judgement which requires significant involvement of our more experienced audit engagement team members.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

We performed the following audit procedures, among others:

- We assessed the Group's and the Company's assessment on indicators of impairment in investment in a joint venture;
- We compared the joint venture's cash flow projections to its approved business plan and previous cash flow projections to actual results to assess the reliability of the Group's forecasting process;
- We assessed and challenged the reasonableness of the key assumptions used in the cash flow projections by comparing them to externally derived data as well as our own assessments which takes into account historical trends and other corroborative evidence available; and
- We assessed whether the Group and the Company had adequately provided impairment on the investment in a joint venture.

(ii) Valuation of contingent considerations receivable

Refer to Note 1(d) – Use of estimate and judgement, Note 2(a)(v) - Significant accounting policies - Joint arrangements, Note 8 – Investments in joint ventures and Note 11 – Trade and other receivables, including derivatives.

The key audit matter

On 31 May 2021, the Company had completed the disposal of 49% equity interest in Dindings Tyson Sdn. Bhd. ("DTSB") for a total cash consideration of RM445,028,000, with a gain on deconsolidation of subsidiaries amounting to RM174,264,000.

The total consideration for this proposed disposal is to be satisfied by cash, payable in three tranches subject to the achievability of certain financial targets. An initial total consideration of RM184,944,000 was received in the previous financial year. As at 31 December 2022, the fair value of the remaining balance of the two tranches of RM191,036,000 is accounted for as a contingent consideration receivable (Note 11), which is subject to the achievability of certain financial targets.

We identified the valuation of contingent consideration receivable as a key audit matter because of the significant remaining balance of the contingent consideration receivable at fair value which is subject to the achievability of certain financial targets and this involves significant judgement in assessing the key assumptions.

This requires significant involvement of our more experienced audit engagement team members.

Independent Auditors' Report

to the members of Malayan Flour Mills Berhad (cont'd)

Key Audit Matters (cont'd)

(ii) Valuation of contingent considerations receivable (cont'd)

How the matter was addressed in our audit

We performed the following audit procedures, among others:

- We assessed the appropriateness of the valuation technique and assessed the profit projection's assumptions in determining the fair value of the contingent consideration receivable;
- We compared DTSB's cash flow projections to its approved business plan and previous cash flow projections to actual results to assess the reliability of the Group's forecasting process;
- We assessed and challenged the reasonableness of the key assumptions used in the cash flow projections of DTSB by comparing them to externally derived data as well as our own assessments, including historical trends and other corroborative evidence available; and
- We assessed the adequacy of the disclosure in the financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements of the Group and of the Company and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company does not cover the annual report and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, our responsibility is to read the annual report and, in doing so, consider whether the annual report is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the annual report, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, the Directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control of the Group and of the Company.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group or of the Company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group or the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial statements of the Group. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent Auditors' Report

to the members of Malayan Flour Mills Berhad (cont'd)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

We also provide the Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our auditors' report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia, we report that the subsidiaries of which we have not acted as auditors are disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Other Matter

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

KPMG PLT LLP0010081-LCA & AF 0758 Chartered Accountants

Petaling Jaya 30 March 2023 Chong Dee Shiang Approval Number: 02782/09/2024 J Chartered Accountant

Analysis of Shareholdings

as at 31 March 2023

Share Capital

Class and Number of Issued Shares

RM536,290,248.70

1,020,981,145 ordinary shares

12,969 shareholders

Voting rights: One vote for one share

Size of Holdings	No. of Shareholders	% of Shareholders	No. of Issued Shares	% of Issued Shares
Less than 100	1,610	12.41	19,469	0.00
100 to 1,000	1,510	11.64	891,630	0.09
1,001 to 10,000	5,709	44.02	30,712,286	3.00
10,001 to 100,000	3,561	27.46	114,412,637	11.21
100,001 to less than 5% of issued shares	577	4.45	728,969,252	71.40
5% and above of issued shares	2	0.02	145,975,871	14.30
	12,969	100.00	1,020,981,145	100.00

Thir	ty (30) Largest Shareholders	No. of Shares	Percentage Holding (%)
1.	HSBC Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd [Exempt An for Credit Suisse (SG BR-TST-ASING)]	79,200,000	7.76
2.	Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Teh Wee Chye)	66,775,871	6.54
3.	Thye Nam Loong Holdings Sdn Bhd	44,412,076	4.35
4.	HLIB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Teh Wee Chye)	40,210,539	3.94
5.	Astar Commercial Limited	39,294,750	3.85
6.	Duangmanee Liewphairatana	33,380,875	3.27
7.	CGS-CIMB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Zalaraz Sdn Bhd)	31,239,800	3.06
8.	Yong Kok Yian	31,034,372	3.04
9.	HSBC Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd (Exempt An for Mitsubishi UFJ Morgan Stanley Securities Co. Ltd)	30,269,600	2.96
10.	UOB Kay Hian Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd (Solid Esteem Sdn Bhd for Wise Bright Investment Limited)	28,879,719	2.83
11.	CGS-CIMB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for the Estate of Tun Arshad bin Ayub)	24,871,170	2.44
12.	Amble Volume Sdn Bhd	22,621,500	2.22
13.	Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Essence Lane Sdn Bhd)	18,428,263	1.80
14.	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for the Estate of Tun Arshad bin Ayub)	17,681,750	1.73

Analysis of Shareholdings

as at 31 March 2023 (cont'd)

Thir	ty (30) Largest Shareholders	No. of Shares	Percentage Holding (%)
15.	Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Urusharta Jamaah Sdn Bhd)	15,100,000	1.48
16.	Teh Wee Chye	12,983,376	1.27
17.	UOB Kay Hian Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd (Amble Volume Sdn Bhd for Rise Glory Investment Limited)	11,794,313	1.16
18.	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (HSBC (M) Trustee Berhad for Manulife Investment Shariah Progress Fund)	11,730,700	1.15
19.	Yeoh Yew Choo	10,689,100	1.05
20.	CIMB Islamic Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (MIDF Amanah Asset Management Berhad for Perbadanan Pembangunan Pertanian Negeri Perak)	10,379,230	1.02
21.	Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd [Employees Provident Fund Board (Pheim)]	8,840,400	0.87
22.	Maybank Securities Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (CMY Incubator Sdn Bhd)	7,443,700	0.73
23.	HLIB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon)	6,996,000	0.69
24.	Maybank Securities Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (One IFC Residence Sdn Bhd)	6,485,200	0.64
25.	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Chung Keat Ann)	6,000,000	0.59
26.	Sim Seng Huat Timber Industries Sdn Bhd	6,000,000	0.59
27.	Solid Esteem Sdn Bhd	5,884,242	0.58
28.	Lim Choo Hong	5,877,000	0.58
29.	Su Ming Keat	5,400,200	0.53
30.	CGS-CIMB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Teh Beng Khim)	5,307,400	0.52

Substantial Shareholders

	Direct Int	Direct Interest		terest
Name	No. of Shares	%	No. of Shares	%
Teh Wee Chye	123,764,911	12.12	64,017,360 ⁽¹⁾	6.27
Duangmanee Liewphairatana	33,380,875	3.27	45,526,097(2)	4.46
The Estate of Tun Arshad bin Ayub	42,552,920	4.17	31,239,800 ⁽³⁾	3.06



	Direct Interest		Indirect In	terest
Name	No. of Shares	%	No. of Shares	%
Datuk Oh Chong Peng	23,087	0.00	-	-
Teh Wee Chye	123,764,911	12.12	64,017,360 ⁽¹⁾	6.27
Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain	8,250	0.00	-	-
Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon	7,078,500	0.69	-	-
Azhari Arshad	565,000	0.06	31,239,800 ⁽³⁾	3.06
Lim Pang Boon	488,585	0.05	-	-
Prof. Datin Paduka Setia Dato' Dr Aini binti Ideris	-	-	34,000(4)	0.00

Director, Teh Wee Chye is deemed to have interests in all the shares held by the Company in its related corporations by virtue of his substantial shareholdings in the Company.

Notes:

- (1) Deemed interested through Thye Nam Loong Holdings Sdn Bhd, Thye Nam Loong Sdn Bhd, Suai Timber Products Sdn Bhd, Essence Lane Sdn Bhd and shareholdings of his spouse.
- (2) Deemed interested through Thye Nam Loong Holdings Sdn Bhd, Thye Nam Loong Sdn Bhd and Suai Timber Products Sdn Bhd.
- (3) Deemed interested through Zalaraz Sdn Bhd.
- (4) Deemed interested through shareholding of her child.

Analysis of RCULS Holdings

as at 31 March 2023

Unconverted RCULS	-	109,025,104
Conversion Price	-	RM0.50
Maturity Date	-	24 January 2024

Size of Holdings	No. of RCULS Holders	% of RCULS Holders	No. of RCULS	% of RCULS
Less than 100	24	2.42	858	0.00
100 to 1,000	173	17.44	108,889	0.10
1,001 to 10,000	588	59.28	2,284,396	2.10
10,001 to 100,000	172	17.34	5,069,577	4.65
100,001 to less than 5% of RCULS	29	2.92	29,960,616	27.48
5% and above of RCULS	6	0.60	71,600,768	65.67
	992	100.00	109,025,104	100.00

Thir	ty (30) Largest RCULS Holders	No. of RCULS	Percentage Holding (%)
1.	HLIB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Teh Wee Chye)	20,421,078	18.73
2.	HSBC Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd [Exempt An for Credit Suisse (SG BR-TST-ASING)]	14,400,000	13.21
3.	Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Teh Wee Chye)	12,141,067	11.14
4.	CGS-CIMB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for the Estate of Tun Arshad bin Ayub)	9,419,200	8.64
5.	Thye Nam Loong Holdings Sdn Bhd	8,074,923	7.41
6.	Astar Commercial Limited	7,144,500	6.55
7.	UOB Kay Hian Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd (Solid Esteem Sdn Bhd for Wise Bright Investment Limited)	5,250,858	4.82
8.	Amble Volume Sdn Bhd	4,113,000	3.77
9.	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for the Estate of Tun Arshad bin Ayub)	3,562,500	3.27
10.	Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Essence Lane Sdn Bhd)	3,350,593	3.07
11.	Teh Wee Chye	3,087,500	2.83
12.	RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Teh Wee Chye)	2,000,000	1.83
13.	UOB Kay Hian Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd (Amble Volume Sdn Bhd for Rise Glory Investment Limited)	1,815,442	1.67
14.	HLIB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon)	1,272,000	1.17
15.	Chew Hem Poo @ Choy Nean Chin	1,103,000	1.01
16.	Solid Esteem Sdn Bhd	721,958	0.66

Thirty (30) Largest RCULS Holders	No. of RCULS	Percentage Holding (%)
17. Emmel Sendirian Berhad	473,700	0.43
18. Allison Foo May Ling	450,000	0.41
19. Lim Gaik Bway @ Lim Chiew Ah	302,700	0.28
20. Eu Mui @ Ee Soo Mei	280,000	0.26
21. UOB Kay Hian Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd (AmFraser Securities Pte Ltd for Tan Jin Chwee & Co Pte Ltd)	266,400	0.24
22. Leow Yan Seong @ Liew Pin	192,900	0.18
23. Thye Nam Loong Shipping Sdn Bhd	172,446	0.16
 UOB Kay Hian Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd [Exempt An for UOB Kay Hian Pte Ltd (A/C Clients)] 	160,800	0.15
25. Tan Ah Kow @ Tan Chee Lin	149,900	0.14
26. Toh Kok Huat	143,550	0.13
27. Lee Ying Fong	140,000	0.13
28. Adikem Sdn Bhd	131,100	0.12
29. Toh Kok Lim	129,000	0.12
30. Thye Nam Loong Sdn Bhd	128,539	0.12

Directors' Interests in the Company

	Direct Interest		Indirect Interest		
Name	No. of RCULS	%	No. of RCULS	%	
Datuk Oh Chong Peng	2,000	0.00	-	-	
Teh Wee Chye	37,659,395	34.54	11,628,065(1)	10.67	
Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain	1,500	0.00	-	-	
Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon	1,287,000	1.18	-	-	
Lim Pang Boon	66,120	0.06	-	-	
Azhari Arshad	-	-	50,000 ⁽²⁾	0.05	

Notes:

- (1) Deemed interested through Thye Nam Loong Holdings Sdn Bhd, Thye Nam Loong Sdn Bhd, Suai Timber Products Sdn Bhd and Essence Lane Sdn Bhd.
- (2) Deemed interested through Zalaraz Sdn Bhd.

Analysis of Warrant Holdings

as at 31 March 2023

Unexercised Warrants	-	136,678,397
Exercise Price	-	RM0.68
Expiry Date	-	23 January 2024

Size of Holdings	No. of Warrant Holders	% of Warrant Holders	No. of Warrants	% of Warrants
Less than 100	161	9.01	7,016	0.01
100 to 1,000	380	21.28	208,638	0.15
1,001 to 10,000	784	43.90	3,076,180	2.25
10,001 to 100,000	345	19.31	12,150,101	8.89
100,001 to less than 5% of Warrants	113	6.33	86,908,368	63.59
5% and above of Warrants	3	0.17	34,328,094	25.11
	1,786	100.00	136,678,397	100.00

Thir	ty (30) Largest Warrant Holders	No. of Warrants	Percentage Holding (%)
1.	HLIB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Teh Wee Chye)	12,210,539	8.93
2.	HSBC Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd [Exempt An for Credit Suisse (SG BR-TST-ASING)]	12,000,000	8.78
3.	Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Teh Wee Chye)	10,117,555	7.40
4.	Thye Nam Loong Holdings Sdn Bhd	6,729,102	4.92
5.	Astar Commercial Limited	5,953,750	4.36
6.	UOB Kay Hian Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd (Solid Esteem Sdn Bhd for Wise Bright Investment Limited)	4,375,715	3.20
7.	Yeoh Yew Choo	3,846,200	2.81
8.	Teh Wee Chye	3,639,725	2.66
9.	Amble Volume Sdn Bhd	3,427,500	2.51
10.	RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Chin Chee Keong)	3,394,500	2.48
11.	Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Kong Kok Choy)	3,200,000	2.34
12.	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Looi Boon Han)	3,191,000	2.33
13.	Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Essence Lane Sdn Bhd)	2,792,160	2.04
14.	Maybank Securities Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Ho Yock Main)	2,333,500	1.71
15.	CGS-CIMB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for the Estate of Tun Arshad bin Ayub)	2,237,000	1.64

Thir	ty (30) Largest Warrant Holders	No. of Warrants	Percentage Holding (%)
16.	HLB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Tey Hock Seng)	2,027,000	1.48
17.	CGS-CIMB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Teh Swee Heng)	1,792,100	1.31
18.	CGS-CIMB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd [Pledged Securities Account for Ting Kuok Ley @ David Kuok Leh Ting (Kuching)]	1,610,000	1.18
19.	UOB Kay Hian Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd (Amble Volume Sdn Bhd for Rise Glory Investment Limited)	1,512,868	1.11
20.	Law Ah Nai @ Law Chin Cheow	1.373,400	1.00
21.	Lim Boon Ngee	1,306,000	0.96
22.	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Teo Chin Loong)	1,284,100	0.94
23.	RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Teh Wee Chye)	1,225,000	0.90
24.	CGS-CIMB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Cheang Wai Kett)	1,200,400	0.88
25.	HLIB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon)	1,060,000	0.78
26.	Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Gan Kong Hiok)	1,002,500	0.73
27.	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd (Pledged Securities Account for Lim Gim Leong)	903,800	0.66
28.	Ching Wooi Kong	825,000	0.60
29.	Tiong Wei Lee	786,900	0.58
30.	Lim Lai Chuan	750,000	0.55

Directors' Interests in the Company

	Direct Interest		Indirect Interest		
Name	No. of Warrants	%	No. of Warrants	%	
Datuk Oh Chong Peng	4,387	0.00	-	-	
Teh Wee Chye	27,200,944	19.90	9,690,052 ⁽¹⁾	7.09	
Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain	1,250	0.00	-	-	
Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon	1,072,500	0.78	-	-	
Azhari Arshad	62,500	0.05	-	-	

Notes:

(1) Deemed interested through Thye Nam Loong Holdings Sdn Bhd, Thye Nam Loong Sdn Bhd, Suai Timber Products Sdn Bhd and Essence Lane Sdn Bhd.

List of Properties

Description, Location & Size	Existing Use	Approximate Age of Building (Year)	Date/Year of last Revaluation/ Acquisition	Net Book Value At 31-12-22 RM
Freehold land with shop houses GRN 116112 Lot 3618 Section 4 GRN 116113 Lot 3619 Section 4 Town of Butterworth District of Seberang Perai Utara Penang Total: 1.44 acres	Shoplot	62	9 Sept 1996	2,846,000
Freehold land with residential building GRN 29231 Lot 449 Section 67 District of Kuala Lumpur Federal Territory Total: 1.00 acre	Commercial land and building	83	4 Dec 1996	1,562,000
Freehold land Lots 5326, 5327 and part of Lots 5331 & 5332 District of Dindings Perak Darul Ridzuan Total: 9.00 acres	Vacant land	-	1981	72,000
Leasehold land with buildings Lots 4902 (expiring on 11-12-2061) 5337 (expiring on 25-4-2075) 5466 & 5336 (expiring on 22-11-2090) PT 4333 HSD 28222/PT 4334 HSD 28223 (expiring on 25-4-2075) Mukim of Lumut, District of Dindings Perak Darul Ridzuan Total: 61.43 acres	Office and factory	40-56	6 Oct 1998	17,678,000
Freehold land with shop house Grant No. 36370, Lot No. 12256 Mukim of Pulai District of Johor Bahru Johor Darul Takzim Total: 0.04 acre	Shoplot	43	1991	133,000
Leasehold land with buildings HSD 238626, Lot PTD 119736 (expiring on 28-2-2051) Mukim of Plentong District of Johor Bahru Johor Darul Takzim Total: 10.1 acres	Office and factory	30	3 Feb 1995	47,709,000



Description, Location & Size	Existing Use	Approximate Age of Building (Year)	Date/Year of last Revaluation/ Acquisition	Net Book Value At 31-12-22 RM
Leasehold land with building PN 25155 Lot 7114 (expiring on 22-7-2096) Mukim of Batu Berendam District of Melaka Tengah Melaka Darul Azim Total: 0.13 acre	Shoplot	25	1997	310,000
Freehold land with building HS(D) 212786 PTB 18284 Bandar Johor Bahru District of Johor Bahru Johor Darul Takzim Total: 0.13 acre	Factory	23	1999	392,000
Leasehold land HS(D) 503714 PTD 209638 (expiring on 2-4-2072) Mukim of Plentong District of Johor Bahru Johor Darul Takzim Total: 4.57 acres	Vacant land	-	2011	2,614,000
Leasehold land with buildings HSD 30844 PT 13524 (expiring on 20-10-2075) Mukim of Lumut District of Manjung Perak Darul Ridzuan Total: 23 acres	Factory	10	2020	95,589,000
Freehold land with house GRN 160946 Lot 45520 Mukim of Plentong District of Johor Bahru Johor Darul Takzim Total: 0.04 acre	Residential house	31	2017	139,000
Freehold land Grant 1784, Lot 12653 Mukim of Sitiawan District of Dindings Perak Darul Ridzuan Total: 17 acres	Vacant land	-	1997	271,000

List of Properties (cont'd)

Description, Location & Size	Existing Use	Approximate Age of Building (Year)	Date/Year of last Revaluation/ Acquisition	Net Book Value At 31-12-22 RM
Freehold land GM 10137, Lot 23464 Mukim of Bagan Serai District of Kerian Perak Darul Ridzuan Total: 2.12 acres	Vacant land	-	1990	1
Land Use Rights with buildings (expiring on 31-8-2024) Cai Lan, Quang Ninh Province The Socialist Republic of Vietnam Total: 17.30 acres	Office and factory	25	1994	26,992,000
Land Use Rights with buildings (expiring on 30-6-2048) Phu My Industrial Zone I Tan Thanh District Baria - Vungtau Province The Socialist Republic of Vietnam Total: 17.29 acres	Office and factory	20	2000	15,915,000

Notice of Annual General Meeting

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Sixty-Third Annual General Meeting ("63rd AGM") of Malayan Flour Mills Berhad will be conducted on a virtual basis from its Broadcast Venue at Suite 25.01, Level 25, Menara Citibank, 165 Jalan Ampang, 50450 Kuala Lumpur on Tuesday, 16 May 2023 at 10.00 a.m. for the following purposes:-

Ordinary Business

- 1. To receive the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 together with the Reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon. [Please refer to Explanatory Notes].
- 2. To re-elect the following Directors who retire by rotation in accordance with Clause 132 of the Constitution of the Company and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election:

	(i) Datuk Oh Chong Peng	(Ordinary Resolution 1)
	(ii) Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain	(Ordinary Resolution 2)
	(iii) Mr Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon	(Ordinary Resolution 3)
	(iv) Dato' Maznah binti Abdul Jalil	(Ordinary Resolution 4)
3.	To approve the payment of Directors' fees amounting to RM264,000 per annum for the Non-Executive Chairman and RM132,000 per annum for each of the Non-Executive Directors in respect of the financial year ended	
	31 December 2022.	(Ordinary Resolution 5)
4.	To approve an amount of up to RM350,000 as benefits payable to the Non-Executive Directors for the period from the conclusion of the 63 rd AGM	
	until the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company.	(Ordinary Resolution 6)
5.	To re-appoint Messrs KPMG PLT as Auditors of the Company for the	
	financial year ending 31 December 2023 and to authorise the Directors to	
	fix their remuneration.	(Ordinary Resolution 7)

Notice of Annual General Meeting (cont'd)

Special Business

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modifications, the following resolutions:-

6. Authority to Directors to Allot and Issue Shares Pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Companies Act 2016

"THAT subject to the Companies Act 2016 and approval from the relevant authorities, where such approval is necessary, full authority be and is hereby given to the Directors pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Companies Act 2016 to issue and allot shares in the Company at any time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may, in their absolute discretion deem fit, provided that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to this resolution does not exceed 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company for the time being and that the Directors be and are also empowered to obtain the approval for the listing of and quotation for the additional shares so issued on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and that such authority shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company."

7. Proposed Renewal of Authority for Share Buy-back

"THAT subject to the Companies Act 2016, the provisions of the Constitution of the Company, Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") Main Market Listing Requirements and the approvals of all relevant governmental and/or regulatory authorities, the Company be and is hereby authorised, to the fullest extent permitted by law, to purchase such amount of ordinary shares in the Company ("Proposed Share Buy-back") as may be determined by the Directors of the Company from time to time through Bursa Securities upon such terms and conditions as the Directors may deem fit and expedient in the interest of the Company provided that the aggregate number of shares purchased pursuant to this resolution does not exceed 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company as at the point of purchase and that an amount not exceeding the Company's retained profits at the time of the purchase(s) will be allocated by the Company for the Proposed Share Buy-back;

THAT the authority conferred by this resolution will be effective immediately and shall continue in force until: -

(a) the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company following the general meeting at which such resolution was passed at which time it shall lapse unless by ordinary resolution passed at that meeting, the authority is renewed, either conditionally or subject to conditions; or (Ordinary Resolution 8)

- (b) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting after that date is required by law to be held; or
- (c) revoked or varied by ordinary resolution passed by shareholders in a general meeting,

whichever occurs first;

AND THAT authority be and is hereby given unconditionally and generally to the Directors of the Company to take all such steps as are necessary or expedient (including without limitation, the opening and maintaining of central depository account(s) under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991, and the entering into of all other agreements, arrangements and guarantee with any party or parties) to implement, finalise and give full effect to the aforesaid purchase with full powers to assent to any conditions, modifications, revaluations, variations and/or amendments (if any) as may be imposed by the relevant authorities and with the fullest power to do all such acts and things thereafter (including without limitation, the cancellation or retention as treasury shares of all or any part of the repurchased shares) in accordance with the Companies Act 2016, the provisions of the Constitution of the Company and the requirements and/or guidelines of the Bursa Securities and all other relevant governmental and/ or regulatory authorities and to do all such things as the said Directors may deem fit and expedient in the best interest of the Company."

8. To transact any other business of which due notice shall have been given in accordance with the Companies Act 2016.

(Ordinary Resolution 9)

By Order of the Board

Mah Wai Mun MAICSA 7009729 SSM PC No. 202008000785 Company Secretary

Kuala Lumpur 17 April 2023

Notice of Annual General Meeting (cont'd)

Notes:-

- 1. The 63rd AGM will be conducted on a virtual basis via live streaming and online remote voting using Remote Participation and Electronic Voting ("RPEV") facilities provided by Boardroom Share Registrars Sdn Bhd ("Boardroom") at <u>https://meeting.boardroomlimited.my</u>.
- 2. Please read and follow the procedures as set out in the Administrative Guide in order to register, participate and vote remotely via the RPEV facilities.
- 3. The Broadcast Venue of the AGM is strictly for the purpose of complying with Section 327(2) of the Companies Act 2016 which requires the Chairman of the Meeting to be present at the main venue. Members **WILL NOT BE ALLOWED** to attend the AGM in person at the Broadcast Venue on the day of the meeting.
- 4. A member entitled to participate and vote remotely at the AGM is entitled to appoint not more than 2 proxies to participate and to vote in his/her stead. A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company.
- 5. Where a member appoints 2 proxies, the appointment shall be invalid unless he/she specifies the proportion of his/her holding to be represented by each proxy.
- 6. Where a member of the Company is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991, it may appoint at least 1 proxy but not more than 2 proxies in respect of each securities account it holds which is credited with ordinary shares of the Company.
- 7. Notwithstanding the above, an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in 1 securities account ("Omnibus Account"), may appoint multiple proxies in respect of each Omnibus Account held.
- 8. The instrument appointing a proxy must be in writing under the hand of the appointer or his attorney duly authorised in writing or, if the appointer is a corporation, either under its common seal or the hand of the attorney duly authorised.
- 9. Proxy Form shall not be treated as valid unless the posted Proxy Form is received or the Proxy Form is deposited at the office of the Company's Share Registrar, Boardroom Share Registrars Sdn Bhd at 11th Floor, Menara Symphony, No. 5, Jalan Prof. Khoo Kay Kim, Seksyen 13, 46200 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan or lodged electronically via "Boardroom Smart Investor Portal" at <u>https://investor.boardroomlimited.com</u> not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof. Proxy Form transmitted by fax or email will not be accepted. The Company will not accept any photocopies of the Proxy Form in place of the original signed copy.
- 10. For the purpose of determining a member who shall be entitled to participate in this 63rd AGM, the Company shall be requesting Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd in accordance with Clause 82 of the Constitution of the Company and Section 34(1) of the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991 to issue a Record of Depositors as at **9 May 2023**. Only a depositor whose name appears on such Record of Depositors shall be entitled to participate and vote at the said AGM or appoint proxies to participate and vote on his/her behalf.
- 11. Pursuant to Paragraph 8.29A of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements ("Bursa Securities Listing Requirements"), all resolutions set out in the Notice of the 63rd AGM will be put to vote on a poll.

Explanatory Notes on Ordinary Business

Item 1 of the Agenda: To receive the Audited Financial Statements

This Agenda item is meant for discussion only as the provision of Section 340(1) of the Companies Act 2016 does not require a formal approval of the shareholders and hence, is not put forward for voting.

Ordinary Resolutions 1, 2, 3 and 4: Re-election of Directors

Datuk Oh Chong Peng, Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain, Mr Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon and Dato' Maznah binti Abdul Jalil are standing for re-election as Directors of the Company and being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election at the 63rd AGM.

The Board had through the Nomination Committee carried out assessment on the Directors who are standing for re-election and satisfied that they met the criteria as prescribed by Paragraph 2.20A of the Bursa Securities Listing Requirements on character, experience, integrity, competence and time to effectively discharge their role as Directors.

Ordinary Resolutions 5 and 6: Directors' Fees and Other Benefits

Section 230(1) of the Companies Act 2016 provides amongst others, that the fees and any benefits payable to the Directors of a listed company shall be approved at a general meeting.

In this respect, the Board wishes to seek the shareholders' approval for the following payments to Non-Executive Directors at the 63rd AGM:-

Resolution 5: Payment of Directors' fees amounting to RM264,000 per annum for the Non-Executive Chairman and RM132,000 per annum for each of the Non-Executive Directors in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2022; and

Resolution 6: Payment of benefits payable to the Non-Executive Directors which have been reviewed by the Remuneration Committee and Board of Directors of the Company for the period from the conclusion of the 63rd AGM until the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company.

The benefits payable to the Non-Executive Directors comprise Board Committees' fixed allowance, meeting allowances and benefits-inkind. In determining the estimated total amount of the benefits payable, the Board has considered various factors including the number of scheduled and special meetings for the Board and Board Committees as well as the number of Non-Executive Directors involved in these meetings.

Resolutions 5 and 6, if passed, will facilitate the payment of Directors' fees and benefits as and when required. The Board is of the view that the Non-Executive Directors should be paid such fees and benefits upon them discharging their responsibilities and rendering their services to the Company.

Ordinary Resolution 7: Re-appointment of Auditors

The Audit & Risk Management Committee and the Board had, on 30 March 2023, considered the re-appointment of Messrs KPMG PLT as Auditors of the Company. The Audit & Risk Management Committee and the Board collectively agreed and are satisfied that Messrs KPMG PLT meets the relevant criteria prescribed by Paragraph 15.21 of the Bursa Securities Listing Requirements.

Explanatory Notes on Special Business

Ordinary Resolution 8: Authority to Directors to Allot and Issue Shares

The proposed Resolution 8 is for the purpose of seeking a renewal of the general mandate ("General Mandate") and if passed, will empower the Directors of the Company pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Companies Act 2016, to issue and allot new shares in the Company from time to time provided that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to the General Mandate does not exceed 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company for the time being. The General Mandate, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company.

The General Mandate will provide flexibility to the Company for any possible fund raising activities, including but not limited to further placing of shares, for the purpose of funding future investment project(s), working capital and/or acquisition(s) and any share issuance for acquisition involving equity deal which requires the Company to allot and issue new shares, which is only to be undertaken if the Directors consider it to be in the best interest of the Company.

As at the date of this Notice, no new share in the Company was issued pursuant to the General Mandate granted to the Directors at the 62nd AGM of the Company held on 25 May 2022.

Ordinary Resolution 9: Proposed Renewal of Authority for Share Buy-back

The proposed Resolution 9, if passed, will empower the Directors to purchase the Company's shares of up to a maximum of 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company by utilising the funds allocated out of the retained profits of the Company. This authority, unless revoked or varied at a general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company.

Statement Accompanying Notice of Annual General Meeting

Pursuant to Paragraph 8.27(2) of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements

Authority to Directors to Allot and Issue Shares Pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Companies Act 2016

The renewal of this general mandate ("General Mandate") will empower the Directors of the Company pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Companies Act 2016, to issue and allot new shares in the Company from time to time provided that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to the General Mandate does not exceed 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company for the time being. The General Mandate, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company.

The General Mandate will provide flexibility to the Company for any possible fund raising activities, including but not limited to further placing of shares, for the purpose of funding future investment project(s), working capital and/or acquisition(s) and any share issuance for acquisition involving equity deal which requires the Company to allot and issue new shares, which is only to be undertaken if the Directors consider it to be in the best interest of the Company.

As at the date of this Notice, no new share in the Company was issued pursuant to the General Mandate granted to the Directors at the 62nd AGM of the Company held on 25 May 2022.

MALAYAN FLOUR MILLS BERHAD

Registration No. 196101000210 (4260-M) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

PROXY FORM

CDS Account No.

I/We

(full name in block letters)

NRIC No./Passport No./Company No

of

(full address)

being a member/members of MALAYAN FLOUR MILLS BERHAD hereby appoint:-

Full Name (In Block)	NRIC No./Passport No.	Proportion of Shareholding	
		No. of Shares	%
Address			

* and/or

Full Name (In Block)	NRIC No./Passport No.	Proportion of Shareholding	
		No. of Shares	%
Address			

or failing him/her, the *CHAIRMAN OF THE MEETING as my/our proxy to attend and vote for me/us on my/our behalf at the Sixty-Third Annual General Meeting ("63rd AGM") of the Company which will be conducted on a virtual basis from its Broadcast Venue at Suite 25.01, Level 25, Menara Citibank, 165 Jalan Ampang, 50450 Kuala Lumpur on Tuesday, 16 May 2023 at 10.00 a.m. and at any adjournment thereof.

My/our proxy is to vote on a poll as indicated below: (Please indicate with a "x" or " $\sqrt{"}$ in the boxes provided how you wish your vote to be cast. If you do not do so, the proxy will vote or abstain from voting at his discretion).

No.	Resolutions	For	Against
	Re-election of the following Directors who retire by rotation in accordance with Clause 132 of the Constitution of the Company:-		
1. 2.	a. Datuk Oh Chong Peng b. Dato' Seri Zainal Abidin bin Mahamad Zain		
3.	c. Mr Prakash A/L K.V.P Menon		
4.	d. Dato' Maznah binti Abdul Jalil		
5.	Payment of Directors' fees		
6.	Payment of benefits payable to the Directors		
7.	Re-appointment of Messrs KPMG PLT as Auditors of the Company		
8.	Authority to Directors to Allot and Issue Shares Pursuant to Sections 75 and		
	76 of the Companies Act 2016		
9.	Proposed Renewal of Authority for Share Buy-back		

* Strike out whichever not applicable

_____ day of _____ , 2023 Dated this

Signature/Common Seal of Shareholder

Notes:-

The 63rd AGM will be conducted on a virtual basis via live streaming and online remote voting using Remote Participation and Electronic Voting ("RPEV") 1. facilities provided by Boardroom Share Registrars Sdn Bhd ("Boardroom") at https://meeting.boardroomlimited.my.

Please read and follow the procedures as set out in the Administrative Guide in order to register, participate and vote remotely via the RPEV facilities.

- The Broadcast Venue of the AGM is strictly for the purpose of complying with Section 327(2) of the Companies Act 2016 which requires the Chairman of the Meeting to be present at the main venue. Members WILL NOT BE ALLOWED to attend the AGM in person at the Broadcast Venue on the day of the meeting. З. A member entitled to participate and vote remotely at the AGM is entitled to appoint not more than 2 proxies to participate and to vote in his/her stead. 4. A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company.
- Where a member appoints 2 proxies, the appointment shall be invalid unless he/she specifies the proportion of his/her holding to be represented by each proxy. 5 Where a member of the Company is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991, it may appoint at 6.
- least 1 proxy but not more than 2 proxies in respect of each securities account it holds which is credited with ordinary shares of the Company. 7. Notwithstanding the above, an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in 1 securities account ("Omnibus Account"), may appoint multiple proxies in respect of each Ómnibus Account held.
- The instrument appointing a proxy must be in writing under the hand of the appointer or his attorney duly authorised in writing or, if the appointer is a corporation, either under its common seal or the hand of the attorney duly authorised. 8
- Proxy Form shall not be treated as valid unless the posted Proxy Form is received or the Proxy Form is deposited at the office of the Company's 9. Share Registrar, Boardroom Share Registrars Sdn Bhd at 11th Floor, Menara Symphony, No. 5, Jalan Prof. Khoo Kay Kim, Seksyen 13, 46200 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan or lodged electronically via "Boardroom Smart Investor Portal" at <u>https://investor.boardroomlimited.com</u> not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof. Proxy Form transmitted by fax or email will not be accepted.
- The Company will not accept any photocopies of the Proxy Form in place of the original signed copy. For the purpose of determining a member who shall be entitled to participate in this 63rd AGM, the Company shall be requesting Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd in accordance with Clause 82 of the Constitution of the Company and Section 34(1) of the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991 to issue a Record of Depositors as at **9 May 2023**. Only a depositor whose name appears on such Record of Depositors shall be entitled to 10. participate and vote at the said AGM or appoint proxies to participate and vote on his/her behalf.
- 11. Pursuant to Paragraph 8.29A of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements, all resolutions set out in the Notice of the 63rd AGM will be put to vote on a poll.

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Share Registrar BOARDROOM SHARE REGISTRARS SDN BHD

11th Floor, Menara Symphony No. 5, Jalan Prof. Khoo Kay Kim Seksyen 13 46200 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan

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Malayan Flour Mills Berhad Registration No. 196101000210 (4260-M)

HEAD OFFICE: Suite 28.01, Level 28, Menara Citibank, 165 Jalan Ampang, 50450 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. Tel: (603) 2170 0999 (GL), Fax: (603) 2170 0888

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